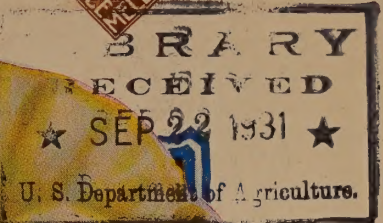


Gill & Searle Pty. Ltd.

63.9
AUSTRALIA
1930

1930 SEED AND PLANT CATALOGUE

Also current for 1931



PANSY, ROGGLI'S GIANTS

GILL & SEARLE'S EXHIBITION STRAIN.

Seed, 2/6 and 5/- Packet.

For Seedlings, see page 2. For full description, see Novelty Section, page I.

73 ELIZABETH ST., Melbourne, C1.

'Phone (Automatic)
F 3645, 3646.



CONDITIONS OF BUSINESS

Should be read by everyone before
sending in your orders.

PRICES:—Owing to the dependency of seed crops on weather conditions, prices are liable to fluctuate, but as far as possible the rates shown in this Catalogue will be adhered to throughout. **PRICES LISTED IN THIS CATALOGUE** are those ruling at the time of issue, but **ARE SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE**. Providing the order is over 1/- in value, **WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PEAS, BEANS AND SWEET CORN**, the prices quoted for packet seeds are post free. Prices of Vegetable Seeds in bulk, Peas, Beans and Sweet Corn, in packets, Farm Seeds and General Sundries are all understood either ex store, F.O.R., or F.O.B., Melbourne, or in the case of postal parcels, postage extra. **THIS CATALOGUE CANCELS** all previous lists.

TERMS:—All goods are supplied on the terms of monthly account, and unless stipulated otherwise on the invoice (**E. and O.E.**) a discount of 2½ per cent. is allowed off Flower Seeds, Vegetable Seeds, Fruit Trees and Plants paid for within 30 days of the date of invoice. **Farm Seeds, Manures, Spray Compounds** and other lines included in the **Sundry pages** of this Catalogue are sold on a **strictly nett basis**, whether stipulated at time of sale or not.

REMITTANCES:—Payments may be made by cheque (Crossed and marked "Not Negotiable"), Bank Draft, Postal Note or Post Office Order. New Zealand, Fijian, and other oversea clients are requested to remit by Bank Draft, and not by stamps or postal notes, which are not negotiable in Australia. Exchange must be added to all country and interstate cheques, the rate being 6d. for Victoria, and 1/- for Interstate.

Non Warranty Clause.

While taking the utmost care to supply Seeds true to name and type, of good germination power and genuine in every way, owing to changeable climatic influences, different methods of cultivation and various other clauses beyond our control **WE GIVE NO WARRANTY**, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other condition, for any seeds sent out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. **ALL OUR SEEDS ARE SOLD UPON THIS UNDERSTANDING, AND SUBJECT TO THE FULL ACCEPTANCE OF THIS NON-WARRANTY BY PURCHASERS**, and unless accepted on these terms must be promptly returned unopened.

PACKING:—We charge cases and packing at (as near as possible) cost price.

ORDERING:—When ordering, write plainly name and address, also postal address, and state nearest Railway Station (State whether **MR., MRS., OR MISS. THESE OMISSIONS FREQUENTLY CAUSE CONFUSION.**) All orders are despatched as early as possible on receipt, and should delay occur, clients are advised at once.

DELIVERY:—All goods are delivered free to Wharves, Railway Stations and Carriers' Offices at Melbourne, after which our responsibility ceases, and goods travel at purchaser's risk.

SUBSTITUTES:—Should the stock of any variety ordered be exhausted, we shall, to save delay, send in its place the most suitable substitute, unless instructed to the contrary.

NEW CUSTOMERS:—Customers with whom we have not previously transacted business are requested to remit with order or refer us to some reputable Melbourne person or firm as guarantee of good faith.

GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

Seed and Plant Merchants.

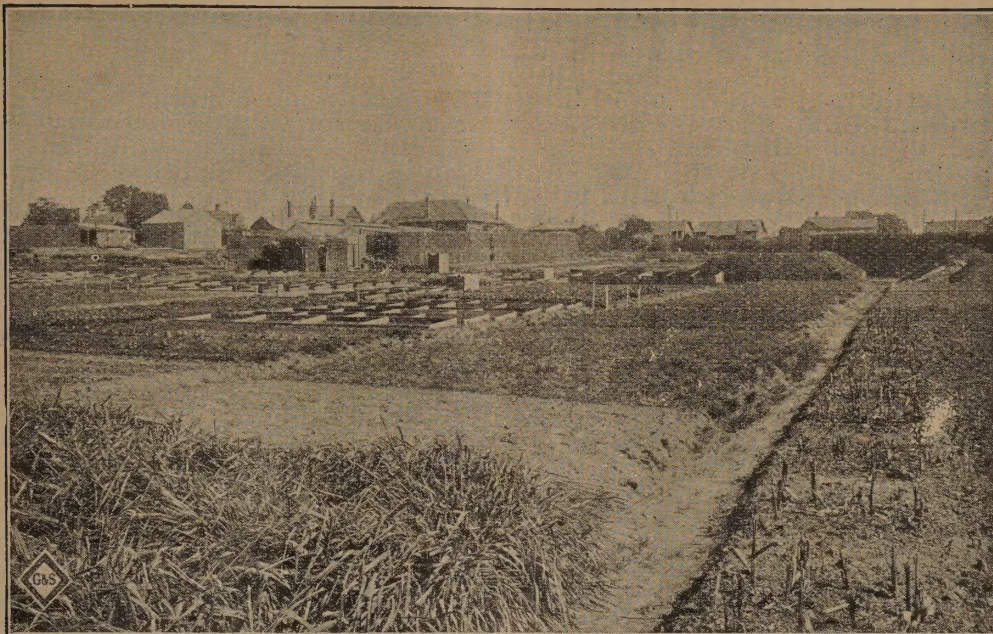
73 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE, C.1.

TELEPHONE: F 3645, F 3646 (Automatic).

Registered Cable and Telegraphic Address: GILSEARLE, MELBOURNE.



GILL & SEARLE'S CHOICE FLOWER SEEDLINGS



View, showing a section of our Seedling Nursery.

Our Seedlings are grown from Selected Strains of Seeds, and can be thoroughly relied on to produce the very best results. The prices quoted are consistent with the quality we supply. As the same attention and expense has to be bestowed in growing inferior quality as in growing our Selected Strains, it is undoubtedly poor economy to grow anything but the best, the difference in price being so slight and the ultimate results so much more satisfactory.

Not less than 1 dozen supplied of those priced at 6d.
Not less than 50 Plants supplied at the 100 rate.

Postage or Freight charged extra on Seedlings.
(See Page 40).

*Those marked thus can be supplied in Spring and Summer only.

All Seedlings are sent per Rail or Post at Purchaser's Risk.

	Per Doz.	Per 100
* ASTER , Giants of California, Mixed, very large	1 0	7 6
* BALSAM , Mixed	0 6	3 6
* BEGONIA (Bedding), Tall and Dwarf each	1 6	10 0
CALENDULA , Orange, Winter Flowering	0 6	3 6
CALLIOPSIS , Lanceolata	0 6	3 6
CALLIOPSIS , Mixed	0 6	3 6
CANDYTUFT , Mixed	0 6	3 6
CANTERBURY BELLS , Mixed	0 6	3 6
CANTERBURY BELLS , Cup and Saucer Varieties, Mixed	1 0	7 6
CARNATION , Margaret, Mixed	0 6	3 6
CARNATION , Clove-Scented, Malmaison, Mixed	1 6	10 0
CHRYSANTHEMUM , Leucanthemum (Shasta Daisy)	1 0	7 6
CHRYSANTHEMUM , Mayfield Giant White, very large	1 6	10 0
CHRYSANTHEMUM , Tricolor (Painted Daisies)	0 6	3 6
* CINERARIA , Mixed	1 6	10 0
CORNFLOWER , Blue	0 6	3 6
* COSMOS (Large Flowering, Mixed)	0 6	3 6
* COSMOS , Double Mixed	0 9	5 6
* DAHLIA , Large Flowered, Mixed	1 0	7 6
DELPHINIUM , Dwarf, Azure Blue	1 0	7 6
DELPHINIUM , Dwarf, Blue Butterfly	1 0	7 6
DELPHINIUM , Tall Hybrids, Mixed	2 0	15 0
DELPHINIUM , Tall Grendon Giants	3 6	25 0
DIANTHUS , Single & Double fringed	0 6	3 6
FOXGLOVE , Mixed	0 6	3 6
DELPHINIUM , Tall Hybrids Mixed. Crowns obt. May to August. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz.		
DELPHINIUM , Tall Grendon Giants. Crowns obt. May to August. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz.		
* AGERATUM , Swanley Blue	0 6	3 6
ANEMONE , St. Brigid Strain	1 0	7 6
ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon) Mixed	0 6	3 6
ANTIRRHINUM , Semi-dwarf, Named Varieties, Mixed	0 9	5 6
ANTIRRHINUM , Semi-dwarf, Pink and Terra Cotta Shades, Mixed	0 9	5 6
ANTIRRHINUM , Named Sorts, each	1 0	7 6
ANTIRRHINUM (Tall), Maximum, Mixed	0 9	5 6
AQUILEGIA , Gill & Searle's Special Strain of Long Spurred Hybrids, Mixed	1 6	10 0
AQUILEGIA (Columbine), Mixed	0 6	3 6
* ASTER , Tasmanian Branching, Mixed	0 6	3 6
* ASTER , Giant Crego, Mixed	0 9	5 6

OUR SEEDLINGS are grown only from the best Quality Seeds.

Gill & Searle's FLOWER SEEDLINGS--Continued.

	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
	Doz.	100		Doz.	100
GAILLARDIA, Mixed	0 6	3 6	PETUNIA, Single Fringed. A beautiful mixture of the most delicate shades of colour. The best for bedding or bordering. Extra fine . . .	1 6	10 0
GAILLARDIA, DAZZLER	1 0	7 6	POLYANTHUS, Mixed	2 6	17 6
GAILLARDIA, Portola Hybrids (New). Very fine	1 0	7 6	POLYANTHUS, Primroses, Mixed .	2 6	17 6
GEUM, Lady Stratheden, Yellow . . .	1 6	10 0	PRIMROSE, Mixed	2 6	17 6
GEUM, Mrs. Bradshaw, Red	1 6	10 0	*PHLOX, Drummondii Grandiflora Strain, Mixed	0 6	3 6
GEUM, Mixed	1 0	7 6	POPPY, Iceland, Grendon Art shades	1 0	7 6
HEUCHERA, Sanguinea, Scarlet . .	2 0	15 0	POPPY, Iceland, Mixed	0 6	3 6
HOLLYHOCK, Mixed	0 6	3 6	POPPY, Iceland, Grendon Special Mixed. This mixture contains the Art Colors, besides the Sunbeam Shades, thus giving a range of all the colors to be found in this useful class of Poppy	0 9	5 6
HOLLYHOCK, Chater's Prize Mixed	1 0	7 6	POPPY, Shirley, Mixed	0 6	3 6
*KOCHIA (Burning Bush)	0 6	3 6	POPPY, Giant Oriental, Mixed . .	1 0	7 6
LARKSPUR, Mixed	0 6	3 6	PRIMULA, Malacoides Improved . .	1 0	7 6
LEPTOSYNE (Yellow Marguerite)	0 6	3 6	PYRETHRUM (Exhibition Border)	0 6	3 6
LOBELIA (Dwarf Blue)	0 6	3 6	PYRETHRUM (Exhibition Border) "Excelsior." A compact variety, requiring very little trimming	0 9	5 6
LOBELIA, Sapphire, blue with white eye, for window boxes and hanging baskets	0 6	3 6	RANUNCULUS, Mixed	1 0	7 6
LUPIN, Pink Pearl	1 0	7 6	RANUNCULUS, Gill & Searle's Special Strain, Mixed	1 6	10 0
LUPIN, Blue Pearl	1 0	7 6	*SALPIGLOSSIS, Mixed	0 6	3 6
LUPIN, Mixed	0 6	3 6	*SALVIA, Bonfire	1 6	10 0
LUPIN (Perennial), Grendon Modern Hybrids	2 6	17 6	*SALVIA, Farinacea, Lavender Blue	1 6	10 0
LUPIN (Perennial), Grendon Modern Hybrids. Crowns obt. May to Aug. 1/- & 1/6 each; 10/- & 15/- doz. according to size.			SCABIOSA, Azure Fairy, pale blue	1 0	7 6
*MARIGOLD, African, Mixed	0 6	3 6	SCABIOSA, Peach Blossom Pink (New), fine	1 0	7 6
*MARIGOLD, French Dwarf Mixed	0 6	3 6	SCABIOSA, Tall, Mixed	0 6	3 6
MARIGOLD, French Tree	1 0	7 6	SCHIZANTHUS, Mixed	0 6	3 6
MIMULUS (Monkey Musk), large flowered, Mixed	0 9	5 6	STOCK, Ten Week, Giant Perfection, Mixed	0 9	5 6
MYOSOTIS, Forget-Me-Not, Pale Blue	0 6	3 6	STOCK, Large Flowering of Nice, Special Mixed	0 9	5 6
PANSY, Roggli's Giants. An exhibition strain of exceptional merit, producing strong-stemmed flowers of enormous size, in the most glorious shades, with striking brilliance of colour. Highly recommended for show purposes	2 6	17 6	STOCK, Large Flowering of Nice, in separate colors	1 0	7 6
PANSY, Bath's Empress, Mixed . .	2 0	15 0	*SUNFLOWER, Miniature	0 6	3 6
PANSY, Winter Flowering, Celestial Queen, a lovely pale blue. Unsurpassed for bedding	1 0	7 6	*SUNFLOWER, Red Shades	0 6	3 6
PANSY, Winter Flowering, Mixed Very early and free flowering . . .	1 0	7 6	SWEET PEAS, Waved Spring Flowering	0 9	5 6
PANSY, Grendon Special Bedding Strain. A glorious Mixture	1 0	7 6	SWEET PEAS, Waved Winter Flowering	1 0	7 6
PANSY, Masterpiece, Mixed	1 0	7 6	SWEET WILLIAM, auricula eyed . .	0 6	3 6
PANSY, Mixed	0 6	3 6	VERBENA, Mixed	1 0	7 6
PENTSTEMON, Mixed	1 0	7 6	VERBENA, Grendon Special Strain	1 6	10 0
PENTSTEMON, Grendon Giants, Extra fine	2 0	15 0	VIOLAS, in separate colors, Purple, White, Yellow	0 6	3 6
PETUNIA, Mixed	0 6	3 6	VIOLA, Papilio	0 6	3 6
PETUNIA, Royal Purple	1 6	10 0	VIOLA, Papilio, Deep Violet, extra	0 9	5 6
PETUNIA, Rosy Morn	1 0	7 6	VIOLA, Apricot Queen, fine color .	1 0	7 6
PETUNIA, Giants of California . .	2 0	15 0	VIOLA, Mixed	0 6	3 6
PETUNIA, "Grendon" Fringed pink	1 6	10 0	WALLFLOWER, Dark Red	0 6	3 6
PETUNIA "Grendon" Ruffled Giants (Exhibition Strain). The largest flowered strain of Petunias in existence. The colors are varied and most beautiful, the throats of the flowers are wide and tигed. For exhibition purposes they stand alone.	3 6	25 0	WALLFLOWER, Early Parisian . .	0 6	3 6

For Show Purposes, Grow Roggli's Giant Exhibition Strain of Pansies.

BULBS, CORMS, TUBERS, ETC.

The Bulbs, Corms and Tubers listed in this 1930 Catalog represent only those varieties which, being amongst the more easily grown sorts, are most suitable for the Home Garden. Those Bulb enthusiasts interested in the rarer and less easily grown species are requested to write for full list of varieties, which will gladly be mailed on receipt of details of requirements.

BULB ORDERS SHOULD BE SENT IN EARLY, AS SUPPLIES OF SOME VARIETIES ARE QUICKLY EXHAUSTED.

ACIS AUTUMNALIS. Plant February to April.

(Pale Pink Snowdrop.)—Very delicate and dainty. Flowers in Autumn . . . 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

AGAPANTHUS. Plant all year round.

South African Lily. Easily grown Evergreen Plants. Splendid for Decoration Purposes.

UMBELLATUS ALBIFLORUS—Pure white flowers . . . 1/- each

UMBELLATUS—Blue flowers, very fine . . 1/- each

UMBELLATUS FLORA PLENA—Double flowering; dark blue color . . . 1/6 each

WELLEIGHRI—Improved variety, bearing enormous blue floweres, very much larger in size than those of the Umbellatus sorts . . 2/- each



Anemone, St. Brigid.

ALLIUM. Plant February to April.

Hardy free flowering Bulbs, suitable for planting in clumps. Flowers are borne in clusters on long stems, and are very useful for cutting.

MOLYLUTEUM (golden yellow), **NEAPOLITANUM** (white), **ROSEUM** (deep rose) . . 3d. ea; 2/- doz.

ALSTROEMERIA. Plant March to June.

(Peruvian Lily.)—A hardy variety of bulb well worth growing both for general garden decoration and for cut bloom.

AURANTIACA—Flowers dark orange, spotted carmine; valuable for cutting . . . 1/- each

AUREA—Golden yellow flowers . . . 1/- each

PEREGRINA—Pale rosy purple flowers, the inner petals being suffused with yellow and spotted purple . . . 1/3 each

HAEMANTHA ROSEA—Beautiful pink flowers; new, rare . . . 2/6 each

REVOLUTA—Similar to Aurantica, but more vigorous and taller grower . . . 2/- each

AMARYLLIS.

Plant January to May.

(Belladonna Lily.)—A fine species of hardy, free-flowering bulbs.

ATAINASCO—Pure white flowers, buds tinted pink throat . . . 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

BAPTISTI ALBA—Pure white with golden yellow throat . . . 2/6 each

BAPTISTI ROSEA—A fine shade of deep rose, each flower having a yellowish throat . . 1/6 each

BELLADONNA—Large pink flowers 6d ea.; 5/- doz.

SPECIOSA PURPUREA—The richest colored variety, bearing umbels of rich purplish rose flowers with striking white centres . . 1/9 each

FORMOSISSIMA (Sprekelia)—Very distinct. Fine large blooms of a rich shade of deep crimson or blood red . . . 1/3 each; 12/- per dozen

ANEMONE.

Plant February to May.

(Windflowers.)—Anemones are unequalled amongst the Spring-flowering Bulbs for bedding and general garden decoration.

ST. BRIGID, GILL & SEARLE'S SPECIAL MIXTURE (The true Irish Strain)—a fine selected strain of semi-double and double flowering Anemones. The colors range from maroon and brightest scarlet to flesh pink, and from lilac to deep purple, some of the flowers being mottled, striped and ringed by various shades . . . 1/6 per dozen; 10/- per 100

BABIANA.

Plant February to April.

(Baboon Root.)—A hardy species of Spring-flowering bulbs, closely related to the Ixias.

MIXED . . . 3d. each; 2/- per doz.

BEGONIA.

Plant July to September.

(Tuberous-Rooted.)—The tubers are easy of cultivation, require no special attention, and make a fine display in the flowering season. The Tuberous-Rooted sorts can be grown in the open in a sheltered position, shaded from the hot Summer sun.

SINGLE MIXED—A very choice strain, including a wide and varied range of shades. Of large size and fine texture . . . 1/6 each; 15/- per doz.

DOUBLE MIXED—Producing double blooms and embracing a good assortment of shades . . . 1/6 each; 15/- per doz.

BASKET VARIETIES, MIXED—Suitable for growing in hanging baskets . . 1/6 each; 15/- per doz.

BRUNSVIGIA.

Plant March to June.

JOSEPHINE—The best of this species. Bright red flowers from 2½ to 3 inches long, which are borne in large umbels of sometimes as many as 40 blooms . . . 10/6 each

MULTIFLORA—Rich pink flowers . . . 2/6 each

MULTIFLORA ALBA—Pure white variety 2/6 each

CALOCHORTUS. Plant February to May.

(Mariposa Lily or Butterfly Tulip.)—The flowers range through various shades of white, yellow, lilac and bluish-purple. The flowers are borne on long stalks, being erect in some varieties and drooping in others.

NAMED SORTS, MIXED . . 1/- each; 10/- per doz.

CHILDANTHUS FRAGRANS. Plant Apl. to July.

A very hardy bulb. The flowers are trumpet-shaped, of a rich golden-yellow, and highly perfumed . . . 6d. each; 5/- per doz.

CHIONODOXA.

Plant February to April.

(Glory of the Snow.)—A hardy, dwarf growing, Spring-flowering bulb. Plant in well drained loamy soil, about 2 inches deep, allowing 3 inches between the bulbs. The best effect will be obtained by planting in clumps of 4 or 6.

Anemones and Ranunculus make a glorious show in the Garden.

CHIONODOXA—Continued.

LUCILIAE—Star-shaped flowers, which are blue with a white centre . . . 6d. each; 5/- per doz.
SARDENSIS—Striking self-colored blooms of a rich shade of gentian blue 6d. each; 5/- per doz.
COLCHICUM. Plant January to April.

(Meadow Saffron.)—Also known as Autumn Crocus, this pretty flowering bulb is one that is worth growing in every garden.

SPECIOSUM—Large flowers, of a fine shade of rich deep purple . . . 1/6 each; 15/- per doz.
AUTUMNALE—Very pretty shade of pale heliotrope . . . 9d. each; 7/6 per doz.

CRINUM. Obtainable all the year round.

(Cape Lily.)—Very similar in growth to the Amaryllis. Crinums are very adaptable as regards soil conditions, and soon become established. The flowers are sweet-scented.

KRELAGEI—Large, deep rich pink flowers 3/6 each
CAPENSE—White, small rose stripe, very free flowering with fine large blooms . . . 1/- each

MOOREI—Large blush rose flowers . . . 3/- each
NATALENSE (Natal Lily)—White flowers with pink rays; free flowering variety . . . 2/6 each

POWELLI PURITY—The best white . . . 1/- each

STRIATUM—Pale rose, distinct red stripes 3/- each

YEMENSE—A rare and beautiful hardy species with shining green leaves and stout stems, bearing umbels of large sweet-scented white flowers. Very scarce . . . 3/6 each

CROCUS. Plant January to April.

Note.—Orders for Crocus should be sent in as early as possible.

MIXED . . . 2/6 doz.



Convallaria Majalis. (Lily of the Valley.)

CONVALLARIA MAJALIS. Plant May to Aug.

(Lily of the Valley.)—Plant in a moist shady position in good rich ground, and do not disturb the clumps for several years. The eyes should be barely covered with soil.

6d. each; 3/6 per doz.; 25/- 100.

CONVALLARIA POLYGONATUM. May to July.

(Solomon's Seal.)—Flowers, small, bell-shaped, are white tipped with green, and hang down from underneath the leaves . . . 1/- each; 10/- doz.

CYCLAMEN. Obtainable all the year round.

This useful Cool Glass House Flower is easily grown from tubers, and being quite hardy is useful for inclusion in the bush-house or fernery, providing the plants are well sheltered from strong winds, and are given plenty of light. The plants flower freely, and blooms may be picked and used for indoor decoration, lasting a fortnight in water.

Use Cliff's Manurial Insecticide Before Planting Your Bulbs. See Sundries Section.

Note.—When planting, half the bulb should be above the level of the soil.

MIXED . . . 1/6 and 2/- each; 16/- to 22/- doz.

DAFFODIL. Plant January to April.

(Narcissus.)—The Daffodil is too well known to need description. The planting period is from late January until the end of April, early planting giving the best results.

Long Trumpet Varieties.

EMPEROR—Pale yellow perianth, with bright orange trumpet . . . 2/6 doz.; 17/6 100

GOLDEN BELL—Frilled trumpet; fine yellow . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

GOLDEN SPUR—Pure yellow . . . 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

KING ALFRED—A very fine yellow trumpet Daffodil, deeply frilled . . . 1/6 each

LORD ROBERTS—A variety of great merit, with massive perianth and trumpet . . . 1/6 each

M. J. BERKELEY—Deep yellow . . . 6d. each 5/- doz.

DUKE OF BEDFORD—Perianth pure white, trumpet soft yellow, large . . . 2/6 each

EMPRESS—White perianth trumpet, rich yellow . . . 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

JUBILEE—A fine bicolor. White perianth with large golden trumpet . . . 1/6 each

MADAME PLEMP—White and gold . . . 6d. each

VAN WAVEREN'S GIANT—Immense primrose yellow flowers . . . 1/9 each

PRINCEPS—Perianth sulphur-white, trumpet yellow . . . 3d. each; 1/3 doz.; 6/- 100

WEARDALE PERFECTION—Large white perianth and soft primrose trumpet . . . 2/- each

WIZARD—Snowy white perianth, large canary yellow trumpet, nicely flanged . . . 2/6 each

Incomparabilis Varieties.

AURANTIUS—Large flower, bold cup of rich orange . . . 6d. each; 4/- doz.

BERNADINO—A magnificent flower with fine expanded cup, frilled at edge, with orange and apricot shading . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

BLACKWELL—The earliest in this section; perianth primrose yellow, yellow cup, heavily stained fiery orange scarlet . . . 9d. each

BUTTERCUP—Rich deep yellow, sweet-scented flowers . . . 1/3 each

GLORIA MUNDI—Yellow perianth, with scarlet cup . . . 1/- each

LUCIFER—White perianth, cup orange-red . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

SIR WATKIN—Self-colored, rich sulphur-yellow flowers; fine for cutting . . . 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

STELLA—White perianth, yellow cup 9d. ea. 7/6 doz

Barri Varieties (Short-cupped Varieties).

BATH'S FLAME—Deep yellow, cup edged orange red . . . 2/- each

CONSPICUOUS—Large yellow perianth, cup edged bright orange scarlet . . . 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

FAIR MAIDEN—Perianth white, cup yellow, with orange margin . . . 1/- each; 10/- doz.

TESTIMONIAL.

Scotts Parade, Ballarat East.

24/10/29.

"The Tulips I purchased from you are in bloom and are very beautiful. They easily rank amongst the best in Ballarat, and I am highly delighted with them."

Mr. A. W. B.

Leedsii Varieties.

LEMON STAR—Very large flower, with broad lemon-white segments; very flat and overlapping and large open cup . . . 1/6 each

LORD KITCHENER—One of the finest of the Giant Leedsii, with very broad flat pure white perianth of firm substance; crown very large, of a delicate pale primrose, well open at mouth, and elegantly crimped at brim . . . 1/3 each

LONGFELLOW—Broad overlapping deep ivory perianth, almost a trumpet, yellow, spreading at end, and frilled; perianth passes to pure white, and trumpet to lemon . . . 1/- each

QUEEN OF THE NORTH—The perianth is white, while the cup is of pale yellow . . . 9d. each

VENUS—White perianth, cup lemon white, frilly at corona . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

WHITE SLAVE—White, with deep lemon centre tinged with red . . . 1/- each; 10/- doz.

Telephone Nos.—
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

DAFFODIL—Continued.

Double Daffodils.

ALBA PLENA—A fine double variety of the Poeticus type. The flowers are pure white 3d. each; 2/6 doz.
BUTTER AND EGGS (GOLDEN PHOENIX)—Rich yellow and orange 3d. each; 2/6 doz.
CODLINS AND CREAM (SULPHUR PHOENIX)—Creamy white, very fine 4d. each; 3/6 doz.
EGGS AND BACON (ORANGE PHOENIX)—Large white, with orange centre; fine 3d. each; 2/6 doz.
VAN SION—The Dutch variety, golden yellow 3d. each; 2/- doz; 12/6 100

Poeticus Varieties (Pheasant Eye).

RECURVUS—Pure white cup, deep orange red 3d. each; 2/- doz.
ORNATUS—Pure white, cup margined scarlet 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

"Incomparable" Daffodil Collections.

Collection A 5/-
 Collection B 10/-
 Collection C 20/-
 Collection D 40/-

Postage or Railway Freight extra on Collections under the value of 20/-.

True Daffodil or Scented Jonquil.

CAMPERNELLE—Fine large yellow single flowers, fragrantly perfumed. Excellent for cutting. Make a fine display planted in clumps of 6 or 8 3d. each; 1/3 doz; 9/- 100
DOUBLE, SWEET-SCENTED—Pure yellow, sweet-scented flowers 6d. each; 5/- doz.
JUNCIFOLIUS—Sweet-scented, bright yellow flowers 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

Polyanthus Narcissus

(Or Bunch-flowered Jonquils.)

GRAND MONARQUE—Very large heads of bloom. The individual flowers are white with primrose-yellow cup 3d. each; 2/- doz.
PAPER-WHITE GRANDIFLORA—An improved large-flowered type, and are borne in clusters 3d. each; 1/3 doz. 8/- 100
SOLEIL D'OR—Rich golden-yellow, with deep orange cup 3d. each; 1/- doz; 6/- 100
POETAZ—Mixed varieties; very hardy race of Narcissus 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

DIERAMA.

Plant April to May.

PULCHERRIMA—Producing 4 to 6 feet spikes; rich, rosy purple flowers on wiry stems 1/- each; 10/- doz.
ROSEA—Clear rose flowers 1/6 each
ATROPURPUREA—Dark purple flowers 1/6 each

DIELYTRA SPECTABILIS. Plant April to July.

One of the finest and most popular herbaceous plants, having a dozen or more heart-shaped, deep pink and white flowers, borne on a graceful arched stem about 12 inches long. As a pot-plant is excellent for the conservatory; and as a cut flower makes a fine show, lasting well in water when cut. Plant crown about 1 inch below surface, in light, deep soil, partial shade Roots 2/6 each

EREMURUS.

Plant February to July.

(Giant Star or Spider Plant)—A fine species of tall growing bulbs suitable for backgrounds for inclusion in the shrubbery.
HIMALAICUS—Fine large white flowers borne on long spikes. Plant in rich, well-drained soil, and when once established do not disturb for 3 or 4 years 4/6 each
HIMROB—Blush rose-colored flowers 5/6 each
ROBUSTUS—Large flowers of fine rich deep rose 4/6 each

FREESIA RAGONERI. Plant January to May.

(New Hybrid Freesias.)

SPLENDID MIXTURE of the new Hybrids 2/6 doz; 18/- 100
REFRACTA ALBA—White, sweet scented 1/- doz; 6/- 100

GALANTHUS.

Plant January to June.

(True English Snowdrops.)—These charming little favorites thrive well in the shade. Flowers are white tipped with green, and are quite distinct in foliage, bulb and flower to the commonly called Snowdrop, which is in reality a **Snowflake**. Plant only 2 inches deep.

DOUBLE 6/- doz.
SINGLE 5/- doz.



Dielytra Spectabilis, Bleeding Heart.

GLADIOLI BULBS, See Next Page.

HEMEROCALLIS.

Plant April and May.

Hardy border plants with large lily-like flowers, very easy to grow and do well in any good garden soil. Excellent both for garden decoration and cut bloom.

APRICOT—Deep yellow 2/- each
DR. REGEL—Orange yellow 2/- each
ESTMERE—Yellow and brown 2/- each
FLAME—Fiery yellow 2/- each
FULVA—Double-flowering variety, orange red flowers 1/6 each

TESTIMONIAL.

Dookie Rd., Sheparton.
25/3/29.

"I had 100 per cent. strike with the Ranunculus bulbs, and about the same with the Pansy and Stock seeds purchased from you."
W. J.

IXIA.

Plant February to May.

Very suitable for growing as clumps in borders. The flowers are of various shades of scarlet, yellow, white, green, orange, purple and rose, produced on light, graceful stems in great profusion.
ASPASIA—Pale yellow, outside purple, black eye 3d. each; 2/- doz.

CRATEROIDES—Scarlet flowers. 3d. each; 2/- doz.
EMPEROR OF CHINA—The flowers are yellow with a black eye 3d. each; 2/6 doz.
VRIDIFLORA—Fine variety with vivid green flowers 4d. each; 3/6 doz.
MIXED COLORS 1/- doz; 7/6 100

For Full Cultural Directions on Bulbs, Procure a Copy of the "Australian Gardener."
Price 7/6, Postage 8d. extra.

Telephone Nos.—
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I.

GLADIOLI

OBTAINABLE JUNE TO FEBRUARY.

**A GARDEN IS NOT COMPLETE WITHOUT THEM.
ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES.**

To secure the best results, a well-worked richly manured soil is essential. Dig the ground at least 18 inches deep, and rake not only on the surface, but deep down, until it is thoroughly pulverised. Whilst trenching the soil, work in some well-rotted cow or stable manure. Failing well-rotted cow or stable manure, Horticultural Manure or Market Garden Manure makes a good substitute. On no account use fresh stable manure, as it is fatal to the bulb. If using commercial fertilisers, apply at the rate of 1oz. to the square yard.

The principal Essentials for Successful Gladioli Growing are:—

1. Good, rich loamy soil, enriched with plenty of well-decayed cow or stable manure.
2. Plenty of water during dry weather.
3. Good, reliable bulbs.

POSTAGE.

On all orders to the value of 20/- or more for Gladioli only, we post them Free. To small orders Postage is charged extra. For Rates, see Page 40.

We reserve the right to substitute an equally good named variety for any of the bulbs mentioned in these Collections, should the stock of any particular variety or varieties be sold out, and these Collections are offered on this understanding.

A. B. KUNDERD.—A ruffled variety of a delicate cream color, overspread blush pink .. 1/6 each
AEROPLANE.—Scarlet; large flowers .. 1/6 each
AFTERGLOW.—Rosy salmon, with fawn shading, touched with violet in centre .. 1/- each
ALASTOR.—Heliotrope pink, with a carmine blotch bordered yellow; petals heavily ruffled 1/6 each
ALBERT 1st.—Flesh white, lightly striped rose on edges, lower petals suffused straw color 1/6 each
AMERICA.—Pale shell-pink, shaded white; faint carmine lines in the throat .. 6d. each; 5/- dozen
AMERICAN BEAUTY.—Color deep rose, with creamy yellow throat; good spike .. 1/6 each
ANNA EBERIUS.—Bright purple .. 1/- each
ALPHEUS.—A lovely shade of salmon-pink, with a scarlet blotch on lower petals .. 3/6 each
ALTON.—A finely ruffled variety of a lovely orange color, with red blotch in throat .. 1/6 each
ARIZONA ROSE.—Deep rose-pink, shading to salmon, with bold crimson blotch .. 1/6 each
BERTY SNOW.—Soft lilac, with cream blotch, good spike; fine variety .. 1/6 each
BLACK-EYED BEAUTY.—Cream ground color, deep velvety maroon blotch in centre .. 1/- each
BLACK PANSY.—Color of the richest dark red, beautiful pansy-like throat .. 1/- each
BLERIOT.—Ashy rose, suffused smoky slate at edges; cream blotch dotted crimson .. 1/6 each
BLUE VEIL.—Ground color, scarlet crimson overlaid light slaty blue .. 1/6 each
BLUE IRIS.—Light iris blue, veined like an iris, with darker blue .. 1/6 each
BYRON L. SMITH.—Most refined lavender-pink on white ground. One of the best .. 6d. each
CAPTAIN BOYNTON.—Light lavender, with dark blotch on lower petals; good spike .. 2/- each
CAPTAIN BRANDT.—Rich bright scarlet ground color, enriched with deep crimson mottling 1/- ea.
CANBERRA.—A fine pure yellow, beautifully waved flowers on strong stems .. 5/- each
CANOVA.—Color, brilliant cerise, with a darker shading on the lower petals .. 1/6 each
CHALLENGER.—Dark rich velvety red .. 1/6 each
CHARLEMAGNE.—Deep rose ground, suffused and flaked salmon-red and scarlet; lower petals dotted crimson on cream .. 1/6 each
CRIMSON GLOW.—Brilliant glowing crimson; one of the best of its color .. 2/- each
DIENER'S WHITE.—Milk white, with faint tinge of pink in throat; very long spike .. 1/6 each
DORY FRENCH.—Pale pink, outer edges mottled white, lower petals white; distinct .. 1/- each
DR. F. E. BENNETT.—Color, peach red, overlaid with flame scarlet, lip speckled ruby with white. Large well placed flowers, good spike .. 3/- each

DURRITT.—A large flower of delicate blush-pink, with faint blush of lavender tint, beautifully marked with a deeper shade of color; good spike .. 1/6 each
E. J. SHAYLOR.—Ruffled type, color deep rose, sometimes flecked with a darker shade 6d. each
ELEGANCE.—Color in centre cream, touched with pale lilac, outer part of flower overlaid with light rosy salmon .. 3/6 each
ELEANOR.—A blend of cream and pink, deepening to a deep rose or rosy cerise at edges, crimson maroon blotch in centre .. 1/- each
EMPRESS OF INDIA.—Deep velvety crimson, with black markings; very rich color .. 1/- each
EMILE AUBRUN.—A fine variety; color, an indescribable blend of salmon, orange, slate, etc., cherry-colored blotch in centre .. 1/- each
ENSIGN.—Color rosy red, flaked and suffused with scarlet, with clear white blotch .. 1/6 each
EUROPE.—Pure white, still without a rival among the white varieties .. 1/6 each
EUREKA.—Color, orange, with cream lines on the lower petals; perfect stem .. 1/6 each
EVELYN KIRTLAND.—Salmon pink, scarlet blotch on lower segments .. 1/- each
FERN KYLE.—A ruffled gladiolus, cream colored, with primrose-yellow in the throat .. 1/6 each
FIREFLAME.—Large open flowers, measuring 6 inches if well grown. Color, fiery red, with bold crimson blotch on lower petals .. 1/6 each
FLORA.—A soft yellow self-color .. 1/- each
GERTRUDE ERREY.—Color, light salmon or shell-pink on the outer part of the flower, shading off to almost white in the centre, a spot of a deeper color in the throat .. 9d. each
GIANT NYMPH.—Color, salmon-pink, with deeper salmon markings on the outer portion of the flowers, with creamy yellow centre .. 2/- each
GOLDEN MEASURE.—A fine yellow .. 1/- each
GOLD MINE.—Color, dandelion yellow, full open flower, slightly waved .. 1/6 each
HALLEY.—Delicate flesh pink, with delicate yellow blotch on lower petal .. 6d. each; 5/- dozen
HERADA.—An excellent decorative variety color mauve, the color varying with age of flower .. 1/6 each
HELMSDALE.—Color, scarlet, with greyish centre, overlaid crimson .. 2/6 each
HENRY FORD.—Dark rhodamine purple, long spike .. 1/6 each
HINEMOA.—Ground color deep pink, flaked with dark chocolate crimson, with clear yellow blotch .. 1/6 each
IMPERATOR.—A fine creamy white gladiolus, flowers of good substance and well placed 1/6 ea.
INDIAN.—Color, deep aniline or Indian red 1/6 each
IVERNIA.—Color, pale pink, approaching to white, with rose pink flaking, large flowers .. 5/- each
JENNY LIND.—Soft pink with yellow throat 2/- ea.

We can thoroughly recommend our Gladioli Collections. Exceptional Value

GLADIOLI—Continued.

JOE COLEMAN.—Ruffled flowers, color bright crimson, with lighter centre . . . 6d. each; 5/- dozen
JACK LONDON.—Color, light salmon, with brilliant orange-flame stripes; golden yellow throat, with ruby striped centre . . . 9d. each
JACOBA VAN BEIEREN.—Color, a light rosy purple, deepening to purplish crimson in centre. Large flowers, well placed . . . 1/6 each
JEAN TENNY.—Pale lilac ink; yellow blotch 1/- ea.
KELWAY'S MASTERPIECE.—A ruffled variety, color rosy cerise with edges flaked a darker shade, and centre lighter . . . 1/6 each
KING PEARL.—White, deepening to cream in centre, creamy yellow blotch on throat 1/- each
LADY SALMON.—Color, bright salmon, with white lines on lower petals, throat dotted salmon on white ground . . . 1/6 each
LAIDLEY.—Ground color light pink, beautifully flushed and flaked with deeper pink shades, broad cream band on lower petals and crimson spot in throat . . . 2/6 each
LAVANDULA MAJOR.—Color, a beautiful shade of soft lavender pink, with small cream blotch on lower petal . . . 1/- each
LAVERNA.—Color, a beautiful shade of clear shell pink, with a blotch of white on the lower petals; first class . . . 2/- each
LEOLIN.—Color, delicate soft pink, deepening towards the edges and flaked with a deeper pink shade . . . 1/- each
LEONTES.—Color, light cream buff, with bright purple spot on throat . . . 1/6 each
LIEBESFEUER.—Rich deep scarlet . . . 9d. each
L'IMMACULEE.—A fine pure white variety, splendid for cutting . . . 9d. each
LINDENOW.—Color, pure cream, without a spot or stain; of first-class quality . . . 1/6 each
LONGFELLOW.—Large wide-open flowers of La France pink, well arranged on good stems 2/6 ea.
LOVELINESS.—Color, cream, suffused buff and tinted pink . . . 6d. each
MADAME MOUNET-SULLY.—Pure ivory white, with clean-cut crimson blotch on lower petals . . . 1/- each
MARECHAL FOCH.—Large flowers of a beautiful light rose pink . . . 1/- each
MARIE KUNDERD.—Pure white, with faint soft pink line on lower petals. Flower large 2/- each
MARIE LEON.—Creamy white, with bright crimson blotch, upper petals flushed pink 6d ea.; 5/- doz.
MARVEL.—Rose color with golden centre; good . . . 3/- each
MARION.—Pinkish lavender; fine throat colors elegantly blended; a refined flower . . . 2/- each
MARMORA.—A truly wonderful variety, the color is lavender or lavender-grey, with petunia-colored blotch when the flowers open; indoors the color becomes a beautiful silvery lavender. The large blooms are produced on splendid spikes 2/6 each
MELISSA.—Ground color, buff yellow, with pink tinting with a pure yellow centre . . . 2/6 each
MONA LISA.—Of the palest soft rose pink or blush white. Beautifully ruffled . . . 1/6 each
MRS. DR. NORTON.—Color white, edges of petals suffused with soft La France pink; lower petals blotched sulphur yellow, stained at base with fine specks of Tyrian pink . . . 1/- each
MRS. F. KING.—Light salmon-scarlet, blotched lightly at throat with vermillion . . . 9d. each
MRS. F. C. PETERS.—An attractive shade of amaranth pink, purplish blotch in throat . . . 1/6 each
MRS. F. PENDLETON.—Shell-pink, with crimson blotch . . . 6d. each
MRS. GALBRAITH.—Salmon, flaked with darker shade, long spike, flowers large . . . 2/- each
MRS. LEON DOUGLAS.—Ground color begonia rose, striped with flame and brilliant scarlet, lip pale lemon, slightly speckled with ruby . . . 2/- each
MRS. S. A. ERREY.—A magnificent variety, with immense wide-open flowers, produced on tall, strong spike. Color, orange, with orange-crimson blotch. One of the very best of recent introductions . . . 5/- each
MRS. T. RATTRAY.—Color, rosy pink, extra long spikes of well arranged flowers. A splendid exhibition variety . . . 5/- each; small 2/6
NIAGARA.—Color Ninkien or buff yellow, edges of petals tinted pink, and throat touched with carmine . . . 1/- each
OBELISK.—Cream, yellow centre . . . 2/- each
OLD SMOKY.—Tall, smoky-blue, with deep dark red throat . . . 1/6 each

ORANGE GLORY.—A ruffled variety, orange-colored, with lighter throat; fine color. 1/6 each
ORBY.—Bright crimson, suffused and flaked with deep crimson, shading to lighter color at edges . . . 1/6 each
OUR SELECTION.—Orange scarlet, flecked with deeper shade and generally flecked with smoky blue, cerise blotch in throat, bordered with cream. Wide-open flowers, long spikes . . . 2/6 each
PANAMA.—Deep pink . . . 6d. each
PANOPE.—Color, pale pink, flaked salmon, with flowers well placed on a good long stem . . . 5/- each
PALLAS.—Color white, overlaid with pale lavender; flowers well placed on a good long stem 2/6 each
PINNACLE.—Bright scarlet; yellow spot, dotted crimson in centre . . . 1/- each
PINK PERFECTION.—Salmon-pink . . . 1/- each
PRINCE OF INDIA.—Smoky grey, pencilled with slaty blue, throat fiery red, mottled white. 1/6 ea.
PRESIDENT MENOCAL.—Yellow ground, marked and bordered pink; red blotches . . . 1/- each
PRIMROSE.—Color, deep cream, with canary yellow centre; fine spike . . . 9d. each
PRINCE OF WALES.—A fine salmon-colored variety; large flowers . . . 6d. each; 5/- doz.
PURPLE GLORY.—A ruffled variety, large flowers of a deep velvety maroon red, with almost black blotches . . . 1/6 each
QUEEN MARY.—Greenish-white, becoming a purer white as the flower expands, often delicately tinted rose. One of the best exhibition varieties . . . 7/6 each
RATHLIN.—A fine clear pink shade covers half of the flower; the lower half is white, with a pink margin . . . 2/- each
RED COPPER.—Salmon-rose, heavily flaked steel blue, coppery red blotch on lower petals. 1/6 ea.
RELIANCE.—Scarlet orange, lighter under-color at edges, throat chocolate crimson . . . 1/6 each
RICHARD DIENER.—Geranium-pink, with a slight sprinkling of ruby on creamy-yellow centre. Flowers large and spike good . . . 2/- each
ROSE ASH.—Corinthian red, shading to ashes on the outer edges; lower petals light yellow, speckled with ruby . . . 1/6 each
ROUGET DE LISLE.—A rich deep reddish-orange, with a striking blotch of a purple or violet shade; bordered with chocolate in centre . . . 1/6 each
SCARLANO.—Bright orange-red; fine spike and flower . . . 1/- each
SCHWABEN.—Clear citron yellow, with aster purple tongue . . . 6d. each
SHERBROOKE.—Large rose-colored flowers, purple blotch on white ground . . . 1/6 each
SILVAN BELLE.—Soft pink, flaked with a deeper shade of pink, flowers up to 5 inches . . . 2/- each
SNOW GLORY.—Pure white, with steel blue lines in the delicate cream throat. Flowers of great substance, and finely ruffled . . . 2/- each
STANDARD GOLD.—Color, spartium yellow. 1/6 ea.
THEMIS.—A beautiful shade of rose pink, with a white line on the lower petals . . . 2/6 each
TITAN.—Color, clear salmon-pink, purple mark on lower petals; large flowers . . . 1/6 each
VICTOR.—Color, brilliant scarlet, with large conspicuous pure white blotches on lower petals; good for all purposes . . . 1/- each
W. H. PHIPPS.—Color, La France pink, overlaid with light rose salmon, lighter towards the centre, lower petals faintly marked with ruby. Flowers large, and spike, when well grown, probably the longest yet seen . . . 3/6 each
WHITE GIANT.—Large pure white flowers with pointed petals . . . 1/- each
WILBRINK.—Rosy pink, lower petals have dark lines; very early . . . 6d. each
WINE DROP.—Deep dark wine red, throat almost black-red . . . 1/- each

GLADIOLI PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS.

This class is in great demand for cutting, being lighter and the stems more wiry than the ordinary varieties.

ALICE TIPLADY.—Orange saffron. 9d. ea.; 7/6 doz.
ALBION.—Large salmon-rose pink flowers, with showy throat . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
ARLON.—Graceful flowers of a pleasing salmon color, reddish shading in centre. 1/- each; 9/- doz.
AUSTRALIAN GOLD.—Golden yellow . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
CAPELLA.—Fiery orange red . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
DEXTER.—Blush rose-pink, throat creamy yellow . . . 1/6 each; 15/- dozen

Gladioli make a Glorious Show in the Garden.

Telephone Nos.—
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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

GLADIOLI, PRIMULINUS—Continued.

FIREFLY.—Extra bright, rich deep scarlet . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
GLADNESS.—Lavender rose, deeper outside, pencilled yellow throat . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
GOLD DROP.—Large pure deep yellow, with red line on lower petals; beautifully ruffled . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
GOLDEN GATE.—Large showy yellow, finely ruffled . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
MAIDEN'S BLUSH.—Clear, delicate pink, large flower . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
MYRA.—A neat giant-flowered variety, deep salmon over yellow ground, yellow throat with pink lines . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
PRIMUNELLA.—A fine ruffled, orchid-like flower, color light yellow, overlaid with soft pink . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
REINE VICTORIA.—Deep pink, shaded silvery rose . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen
TANGERINE.—Orange-scarlet, with lines of cardinal red on lower petals. The color is vivid, the flowers large, well-formed, and borne on tall wiry stems; first class . . . 1/- each; 9/- dozen

CUSTOMERS MAY SELECT:

1 Corm each of any 12 varieties, priced at 1/6 each, for 10/-.
 1 Corm each of any 12 varieties, priced at 1/6 each, for 15/-.
 1 Corm each of any 12 varieties, priced at 2/- each, for 21/-.
 1 Corm each of any 6 varieties may be selected at any of the above rates, provided that not less than 12 Corms are ordered altogether.

COLLECTIONS OF GLADIOLI.

To popularise our Gladioli we are offering the following collections at unusually moderate prices. They contain corms of the best flowering size, which, if grown under normal conditions, will produce large spikes of bloom the first season.

THE VILLA COLLECTION.

America, Anna Eberius, Byron L. Smith, E. J. Shaylor, Eleanor, Gertrude Errey, Joe Coleman, Prince of India, Panama, Pinnacle, Scarlano.

1 Corm each of the above varieties for 6/6;
 3 Corms of each for 17/6.

THE SUPERB COLLECTION.

Albert 1st Anna Eberius, Berty Snow, Charlemagne, American Beauty, Fern Kyle, Gertrude Errey, Jack London, Prince of India, Red Copper, Scarlano, Victor.

1 Corm each of the above varieties for 10/-;
 3 Corms of each for 27/6.

RUFFLED COLLECTION.

Alastor, A. B. Kunderd, Arizona Rose, E. J. Shaylor, Fern Kyle, Fireflame, Joe Coleman, Marion, President Menocal, Purple Glory, Snow Glory, Orange Glory.

1 Corm each of the above varieties for 12/6;
 3 Corms each for 35/-.

PRIZETAKER COLLECTION.

Berty Snow, Captain Boynton, Canberra, Europe, Giant Nymph, Hinemoa, Lady Salmon, Laverna, Mrs. Galbraith, Mrs. Leon Douglas, Our Selection, Silvan Belle.

1 Corm each of the above varieties for 20/-;
 3 Corms each for 55/-.

COLLECTION OF PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS.

Alice Tiplady, Arlon, Australian Gold, Dexter, Firefly, Gladness, Golden Gate, Maiden's Blush, Myra, Primunella, Reine Victoria, Tangerine.

1 Corm each of the above varieties for 7/6;
 3 Corms of each for 21/-.

GLADIOLI IN CHOICE MIXTURE.

NO. 1 MIXTURE contains good named sorts only and can be relied upon to give every satisfaction . . . 5/- per doz.; 32/- per 100

NO. 2 MIXTURE is highly recommended for cutting purposes . . . 3/6 per doz.; 25/- per 100

PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS, MIXED.—A very fine mixture of all colors . . . 6d. each 5/- doz.; 32/- 100

MINIATURE VARIETIES OF GLADIOLI.

Available February to April.

COLVILLI ALBUS (THE BRIDE).—Flowers creamy white . . . 3d. each; 2/- doz.

COLVILLI, RED.—Red flowering variety of above . . . 4d. each; 3/- doz.

COLVILLI, ROSY GEM.—A rosy pink bloom. Excellent for cutting . . . 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

NON PLUS ULTRA — Red, with white stripes . . . 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

HELLEBORUS.

Plant April to June.

HELLEBORUS (CHRISTMAS ROSE).—Hardy evergreen Perennials, with single Rose-like flowers. They delight in a shady situation in any ordinary garden soil enriched with manure. The flowers, when cut, last for three or four weeks in water, provided the ends of the stems are split.

MIXED COLORS . . . 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

HIPPEASTRUM.

Plant April to August.

HIPPEASTRUM.—This species is suitable both for pot culture and for growing in open garden. The colors vary from the deepest red to pure white, the broad petals being distinctly veined and usually with a lighter color band (white tinted green) down the centre of each. Mixed colors . . . 2/- to 2/6 each, according to size

HIPPEASTRUM JOHNSONI.—A fine showy and attractive variety, with fine heads of bright flowers, with white stripe. **Bulbs, 2/- each; largest 2/6 each.**

GRAPE HYACINTH.

Plant January to April.

(Muscari.) Excellent for bedding or bordering, the flowers are useful for cutting for indoor decoration, especially as they last a long time in water.

HEAVENLY BLUE.—Bright azure blue flowers . . . 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

TESTIMONIAL.

Macarthur Street, Bairnsdale.
5/1/29.

"My collection of Gladioli I got from you are now in full bloom. The blooms were greatly admired when exhibited in one of the leading shop windows."

Miss N. V.



Grape Hyacinth.

HYACINTH.

Plant January to April.

Plant in light soil with some sand and well-rotted cow manure worked in, placing the bulbs from 3 to 4 inches deep.

NAMED VARIETIES IN SEPARATE COLORS.

Specially selected varieties, available in separate colors of white, blue and pink, where required for special effects . . . 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

GOOD SORTS, MIXED.—Contains a fine assortment of colors . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

HAEMANTHUS TIGRINUS. Plant May to July.

(Blood Flower.)

An early Summer-blooming bulb, bearing umbels of deep red flowers. Requires a warm sunny position . . . 2/6 each

If you have a complaint, write us promptly, giving full details. It gives us a chance of tracing same successfully, preventing future complaints, and of making a satisfactory adjustment where we are at fault.

See our Special Collections of Gladioli on this page.

Telephone Nos.—
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GILL & SEAR

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

IRISES

ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES.

DUTCH IRIS. Plant February to April.

This new race of Iris may be best described as a giant strain of very early-flowering Spanish Iris. The flowers are much larger, of greater substance, the foliage is broader, and they grow taller. The great advantage however, is that they flower quite fourteen days before the Spanish Iris.

Mixed, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

SPANISH IRIS. Plant February to April.

NAMED SORTS, MIXED—A first-class selection of the best varieties 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

TINGITANA—A giant flowering, pale blue Spanish Iris 4d. each; 3/- doz.

GERMAN OR FLAG IRIS. Plant Jan. to Aug.

This beautiful class of Iris is highly recommended for the Home Garden on account of its free-flowering qualities, and its fine general effect and the fact that it is not difficult to grow. Plant firmly, placing the rhizome just below the surface.

NEW AND RECENT INTRODUCTIONS. 2/- Each; 20/- Dozen.

It is most important for interested growers to realise that, although the **FLAG IRISES** will do well in almost every garden, three conditions are necessary for perfection in cultivation—sun, good drainage and lime. They should not be planted in the shade, or in wet or waterlogged ground.

AMBASSADEUR—Very large flowers, smoky red-dish-violet, with dark velvety-purple falls 2/- each

BALLERINE—Light blue, falls of a deep shade 2/- each

CAMELOT—Creamy white, edges pale violet 2/- ea.

CATARINA—Lavender and blue 1/6 each

GULES—Lilac blue and reddish violet 1/6 each

HAKADOR—Pale rosy blue 2/- each

LADY CHARLES ALLOM—Rich blue 2/- each

LADY FOSTER—Pale blue, fine 2/- each

LIEUT. A. WILLIAMSON—Bright blue with lighter edging 2/6 each

LORD OF JUNE—Rich blue with lighter standards 2/- each

MERCELLA—Rosy blue and purplish rose 2/6 each

MELPOMENE—Bright clear blue, yellow beard 2/- each

MAGNIFICIA—Dark reddish violet and pale blue 2/6 each

MRS. COWLEY—Rosy copper and velvety crimson 2/- each

NEPTUNE—Purplish blue, with pale blue standards 2/- each

OPORTO—Rich purple shade 2/- each

PROSPER LAUGIER—Copper and dark maroon 1/6 each

QUEEN CATARINA—Pale lavender violet, with orange beard 2/- each

TITUS—Brilliant rosy mauve 2/6 each

ZWANENBURG—Silvery-grey, splashed greenish old gold 2/- each

DWARF EARLY FLAG IRIS.

Dwarf, easy-growing varieties suitable for edging and rock-work. Very floriferous.

ATRO COERULEA—Dark violet 1/- each

PRINCE OF ORANGE—Deep yellow 1/- each

VARIOUS OTHER IRIS. Plant May to Sept.

FIMBRIATA—A fringed variety, producing flowers of most delicate pale blue, overlaid with mauve. The Rhizomes are available the whole year round 1/- each; 10/- doz.

FULVA—Very distinct. Quaint reddish-copper color 1/6 each

HOOGIANA—An exquisite Iris. The flowers are large and of unusual beauty, in color a lovely delicate shade of soft pale blue. The petals have an almost translucent quality which baffles description. One of the best and most distinct of all Iris in cultivation 3/- each

KOROLKOWI—A very lovely and quaint Iris, ground color white, with brown veinings. Two or three flowers on a stem 3/6 each

Flag Iris are very useful as Cut Flowers for indoor decoration.

IRIS—Continued.

KAEMPFERI (GIANT JAPANESE IRIS)—The colors range from finest white, through various shades of violet blue, to the darkish purple. Requires abundance of moisture Mixed, 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

OCHRO-AUREA—Golden yellow, tinged white 1/- each

OCHROLEUCA—Large white and yellow blooms; 3 to 4 feet high. Very fine 1/- each

PAVONIA (PEACOCK IRIS)—Flowers pure white, with bright blue spots on each petal. Spring flowering, very pretty. Obtainable from Feb. to June 3d. each; 2/- doz.

REGELIO CYCLUS—A hybrid type of Cushion Iris. This species produces some of the most delicate and beautifully veined flowers in cultivation. The colors range through lilac, wine, rose, purple, to black 2/6 each 27/6 doz.

RETICULATA—A charming bulbous variety, with very pretty, dainty deep, purple-blue flowers slightly blotched with orange on the falls. Plant from February to May 6d. each; 4/- doz.

SIBERICA—Deep blue, with white spot 1/- each

SIBERICA ALBA—A fine pure white flowering variety of Siberica 1/6 each

SPUREA—Flowers bright lilac color, the falls having a bright yellow keel running down the claw, which is faintly streaked with purple on a white ground 6d. each; 5/- doz.



Spanish Iris, Mixed.

STYLOSA—Loveliest blue, golden bands and blotches 6d. each; 5/- doz.

STYLOSA ALBA—A white-flowering variety of the above 1/- each; 10/- per doz.

The **STYLOSA IRIS** are specially recommended for decorative purposes, flowering in June, when flowers are scarce, and when picked last from five to eight days in water. Flowers should be cut in bud before they open, when their full beauty will develop.

SUSIANA—Grows 2 feet high, and produces flowers of a great size of a fine greyish-blue. Richly netted chestnut lines; very fine 2/- each

TUBEROSA (The Snake's Head Iris)—Fantastic flower, the interior petals green, exterior velvety black, edged with deep green. Plant during June and July 1/- each; 10/- doz.

TECTORUM (Japanese Roof Iris)—This lovely variety is grown on the straw-thatched roofs of all Japanese farm houses. Flowers rich blue with white comb 1/6 each

TECTORUM ALBUM—Pure white, rare and beautiful 2/- each

VAGA—Standards and falls of a beautiful shot heliotrope and bronze; waved margins. Very distinct and hardy 3/6 each

WATSONIA—Lilac purple. Free flowering, 1/6 each

Telephone Nos.—
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEAR

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

ISMENE.

(Sacred Lily of the Incas.)—Bears large, handsome, sweet-scented semi-tubular flowers. It gives the best results in ordinary light garden soil.

CALATHINA—Bearing large, pure, snowy-white flowers. Highly recommended 1/6 each
FESTALIS—Flowers very large, of good form and pure white. Well worth growing 7/6 each
SULPHUR QUEEN—Beautiful sweet-scented large primrose yellow flowers. Very fine 5/- each

LACHENALIA.

Plant January to March.

(Cape Cowslip.)—Fine for growing in borders, pots or hanging baskets.

AUREA—Pure golden yellow, wax-like flowers on stems about 12 inches long. Excellent for indoor decoration 4d. each; 3/6 doz.

LILIUMS.

Acclimatised Bulbs.

Rich and varied in color, stately and handsome in habit, profuse in variety, and with fragrantly scented flowers, the Lillies are worth growing in every garden. The Lilliums are especially well adapted for growing with other plants. The bulbs are obtainable from April to July, except *Candidum* and *Longiflorum*, which are obtainable from January to April, and flower from November to February, according to variety.

AURATUM (Golden-Rayed Lily of Japan)—One of the finest of the Lilliums. Flowers are sweet-scented, large in size, and of ivory white, with a distinct golden band down each petal, and prettily spotted. Plant in well shaded position . . 3/6 each



Lilium Auratum.

CANDIDUM (Christmas Lily or Madonna Lily of the Italians)—Most beautiful, large sweetly perfumed, pure white blooms . . 1/- each; 10/- doz.

CROCEUM—Orange spotted black 1/6 each

DAVURICUM—Upright orange flowers . . 1/9 each

HANSONI—Bearing numerous massive flowers of a rich golden yellow, heavily spotted black; one of the finest Lillies. Rare 3/6 each

HENRYI—A large foliaged variety, with large orange flowers. The plants grow about 6 feet high . . . 1/6, 2/- and 3/6 each, according to size

LONGIFLORUM (Bermuda Easter Lily)—Pure white, sweetly scented, tubular flowers 1/- each; 10/- doz.

LONGIFLORUM GIGANTEUM—Bearing large handsome white trumpet-shaped flowers of great substance 1/3 each; 12/- doz.

LILIUMS—Continued.

PARDA-BOLDTI—Considered to be a cross between *Pardalinum* and *Humboldtii*. The umbelliferous stems grow 4 feet high, and bear many orange-red flowers 1/6 each

PARDALINUM (Panther Lily)—Yellow and orange-red, spotted; fine florist's flower, and should be in every collection 9d. each; 8/- doz.

PYRENAICUM—Yellow spotted black . . 1/9 each

REGALE (The "Regale Lily")—The centre of the flower is flushed with yellow, shading to white at the outer edges. Externally the flowers are streaked brown, shading to pink at the tips. Very distinct 2/6 to 3/6 each

SPECIOSUM ALBUM (White Tiger Lily)—Pure white 2/- each; 20/- doz.

SPECIOSUM MAGNIFICUM—A rich shade of deep pink and white 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

SPECIOSUM MELPOMENE (Crimson Tiger Lily)—Pink and white spotted 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

SPECIOSUM RUBRUM (Pink Tiger Lily)—Pink and white spotted 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

THUNBERGIANUM NAMED VARIETIES—A splendid large-flowering species for semi-shaded positions. Plant the bulbs about 18 inches deep.

BILIGULATUM—Orange scarlet shaded . . 1/6 each

LEONARD JOERG—Bright orange-red . . 1/6 each

PUNCTATUM—Orange-yellow with reddish-brown band 1/6 each

SANGUINEUM—Dark red 1/6 each

VENUSTUM MACRANTHUM—Brick salmon, 1/6 ea.

TIGRINUM FORTUNEI GIGANTEUM—A grand robust variety of *Fortunei*, producing branching heads up to 20 large rich orange-scarlet flowers spotted crimson-brown, height 6ft. 1/- ea.; 10/- dz.

TIGRINUM FLORO-PLENO—Flowers double, orange-scarlet 1/- each; 10/- doz.

TIGRINUM SPLENDENS—Large orange-scarlet flowers, black spots 1/- each; 10/- doz.

UMBELLATUM ERECTUM—Red, flushed orange, tall and vigorous 1/6 each

UMBELLATUM, GOLDEN FLEECE—Deep golden yellow, tall, new, very distinct and fine, 2/- each

UMBELLATUM, GRANDIFLORUM—Orange, very free 1/6 each

UMBELLATUM, INCOMPARABLE—Intense rich crimson, spotted 1/6 each

UMBELLATUM SAPHO—Orange shaded, tips of petals flushed red 1/6 each

UMBELLATUM SPLENDIDUM—Vermilion, orange shaded, new, very vigorous variety . . 1/6 each

UMBELLATUM, MIXED 1/- each

WALLACEI—Apricot-orange, spotted brown 1/6 ea.

MONTBRETIAS.

Plant April to July.

One of our finest sections of hardy bulbous plants, unequalled for cut flowers or decoration; flowers freely produced on stems of about 18 inches high, resembling a miniature *Gladioli*.

QUEEN ADELAIDE—Orange scarlet 9d. each

STAR OF THE EAST—Orange-yellow 9d. each

TRAGEDIE—The flowers are maroon red with a tinge of yellow 9d. each

VESUVIUS—Vivid scarlet blooms 9d. each

MIXED SORTS—A fine mixture, including yellows, red, dark centres, etc. 4d. each; 3/- doz.

New "Earlham" Giant-flowered.

Awarded the R.H.S. Gold Medal.

HIS MAJESTY—Red, golden yellow, tall large flowers. Finest yet raised 2/- each

LADY HAMILTON—Yellow flowers, reddish orange centre 1/6 each

POCAHONTAS—Rich coppery scarlet with golden lustre, centre orange with small blood-crimson blotches; flowers large and handsome . . 1/6 each

NERINE.

Plant January to August.

(Guernsey Lily.)—Very closely related to the *Lycoris*, are members of the *Amaryllis* family, and bear delicate, graceful flowers in umbels on the top of erect slender scapes. Plant bulb with neck well above the ground in sunny position. Do not disturb for several years.

ALBA—White flowers 1/3 each; 12/6 doz.

BOWDENI—A fine pink shade 2/- each

CORUSCA—Deep scarlet 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

ELEGANS ROSEA—Soft pink 2/- each

FOTHERGILLI—Bright scarlet shade . . 2/- each

JAPONICA—Crimson red flowers 1/- each

SARNIENSIS—A fine shade of bright crimson-magenta 1/3 each; 12/- doz.

All our Lillium Bulbs offered are all acclimatised.

Telephone Nos.—
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

ORNITHOGALUM. Plant February to April.

(Star of Bethlehem.)—Very hardy bulbs, which will thrive in any soil without attention. Plant from 1 to 2 inches deep.

ARABICUM—White, black eye . . . 3d. each; 2/6 doz.
CHINCHERINCHEE—Pure white, with dark eye, very long keeping sort. The well-known South African cut flower variety . . . 6d. each; 5/- doz.

PAEONY. Plant May to August.

Shelter the plants from hot winds during the Summer, and afford a good supply of moisture during dry weather.

DEEP ROSE, WHITE, DARK RED . . . 2/- each
YELLOW SWEET SCENTED—New and rare, 3/6 ea.

Write for a copy of our **PLANT AND FRUIT TREE CATALOG.** Post Free on Application.

RANUNCULUS. One of our Specialties.

These lovely Spring-flowering plants deserve a place in every garden, being unrivalled for their lovely, brilliant and attractive flowers, in every shade of white, crimson, yellow, purple, etc. First favorites as a cut flower. Plant roots claws downwards.

ASIATICUS SUPERBISSIMUS (Gill & Searle's Special Strain)—Seed of this excellent strain has been offered by us for years past, and the excellent results attained have led to a demand for the bulbs. This season we are able to offer **Australian grown** bulbs of first class quality. The mixture includes a wide range of shades; covering semi-double and double blooms. Some are striped and flaked, others picotee-edged, while many are self-colored . . . 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100



Ranunculus Asiaticus Superbissimus.

RICHARDIA. Plant April to July.

Richardias are members of the Arum family, and are worth growing, not only for their handsome flowers, but for the leaves which are of a lovely deep green, and in some cases beautifully marked with oblong blotches of clear transparent white.

AETHEOPICA (Lily of the Nile)—Common White Arum Lily . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.
ALBA MACULATA—Cream-white, dark base, 9d. ea.
ELLIOTIANA—Beautiful deep golden-yellow flowers, and foliage spotted white . . . 2/- each
PERLE VON STUTTGART—Pure white . . . 1/6 each
REHMANNI (The Pink Calla)—White flowers turning to pink . . . 2/6 each
SANCTUM (Black Calla or Sacred Arum of Palestine)—This variety bears sweet-scented, velvety purplish-black flowers . . . 1/6 each

SCHIZOSTYLIS. Plant May to July.

(Kaffir Lily.)—Dwarf evergreen bulbous plants, producing erect spikes of flowers in Autumn and Winter.

COCCINEA—Brilliant scarlet . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.
MRS. HEGARTY—Clear salmon-pink; flowering for a long period . . . 2/- each

SCILLAS. Plant February to April.

(Wood Hyacinths or Blue-Bells.)—Charming little Hyacinth-like flowers, suitable for all kinds of floral work. Very hardy, and will grow almost anywhere.

ALBA (white), 2/- doz.; **COERULEA** (blue), 2/- doz.; **ROSEA** (rose), 2/- doz.; **MIXED COLORS**, 1/6 doz.
SNOWFLAKE. Plant February to May.

(Leucojum.)—Fine large white flowers, with a green spot near the top of each petal. Excellent for cutting . . . 3d. each; 2/- per doz.; 12/6 100

SPARAXIS. Plant February to May.

Very attractive and beautiful Spring-flowering Cape bulbs, possessing flowers of great brilliancy and a grand variety of color.

Mixed Colors, 1/6 dozen; 10/- 100.

STERNBERGIA. Plant December to March.

(Yellow Star Flower or Autumn Crocus.)—Has bright yellow crocus-like flowers, freely produced during the Autumn month. Plant at least 4 inches deep . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

TIGRIDIA. Plant May to July.

CONCHIFLORA (Shell Lily)—The flowers are of rich golden yellow, spotted with red, . . . 1/- each; 10/- doz.

COELESTRES—Greyish-blue yellow spots . . . 1/3 each; 12/- doz.

PAVONIA (True Tiger Flower)—Flowers rich, bright scarlet, spotted yellow . . . 6/- each; 5/- doz.

TRITELIA. Plant February to May.

(Star Violet.)—White star-shaped flowers. Excellent for borders and very hardy. The best results will be obtained by planting in clumps of 10 or 12 bulbs . . . 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

TULIP. Plant February to April.

For brilliant and attractive color, Tulips stand out very prominently amongst the Spring flowering bulbs. They are also very valuable as cut flowers.

DARWIN SEPARATE NAMED VARIETIES—

DARWIN, NAMED SORTS, MIXED—A Giant section of large flowered, self-colored varieties . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

SINGLE MIXED—Fine selection of colors . . . 6d. each; 5/- doz.

PARROT, MIXED—Curiously lacinated petals in a variety of different shades of color 6d. ea.; 5/- doz

VALLOTA PURPUREA. Obtainable all the year round.

(Scarborough Lily.)—Flowers of a deep, sanguine red, with light throat, are open, funnel-shaped, free-blooming and hardy. A light, moist, sandy soil preferable, with sunny aspect. Bulbs should be planted close together, and if in pots, require plenty of water . . . 1/6 each

Freight or Postage charged extra on Bulbs and Plants.

WATSONIA. Plant February to May.

(Bugle Lily.)—Tall and dwarf-growing hardy bulbs, producing sweet-scented flowers. Very adaptable as regards soil, and require very little attention.

New Hybrid Varieties.

CAMBERWELL—Salmon, with vieux-rose throat, large flowers. 3 inches across, placed close to stem. Stock limited . . . 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

MALVERN—White ground, shaded lavender, large blooms, 3 inches across . . . 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

—GENERAL LIST OF HYBRID VARIETIES—

ADELAIDE—Orange shade, dwarf habit . . . 1/- each; 10/- doz.

BALLARAT—White, pink throat . . . 6d. each; 5/- doz.

BRISBANE—A fine purple shade, 6d. each; 5/- doz.

GEISHA—Combination of orange, buff and salmon . . . 1/3 each; 12/- doz.

HOBART—White frilled petals . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

MELBOURNE—Salmon pink . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

ORANGE—Orange red shade . . . 1/- each; 10/- doz.

PERTH—Flowers magenta . . . 6d. each; 5/- doz.

PINK PEARL—Tall pink . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

QUEENSTOWN—Mauve flowers . . . 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

SYDNEY—Rose pink shade . . . 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

MIXED—Including most of the above varieties, also other shades . . . 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

GENERAL LIST.

ALBA—Long spikes of pure white flowers . . . 1/- doz.

ROSEA—Rosy pink blooms . . . 1/- doz.

Freight or Postage charged extra on Bulbs.

Monthly Calendar for the Flower Garden

Showing what Seeds can be sown in each month from
January to December

The times in this Calendar refer to Melbourne and Suburbs and districts having similar climate, therefore due allowance must be made for earlier or later districts as well as for favorable or unfavorable seasons which may prolong or curtail the period for sowing Flower Seeds.

The Calendar does not comprise all the varieties of Flower Seeds listed, and many other sorts will be found in the general list of Flower Seeds.

For these unclassified sorts, the reader is particularly directed to the abbreviations in the Flower Seeds, and to the following general explanation:—

“Annuals, Biennials, and Perennials are divided into two sections, viz., Hardy and Half-Hardy—the first consisting of those that are able to live out of doors through the Winter; the second are those that cannot endure frost and must only be sown in the Spring.”

“Seeds of those included in the first section may be sown in Autumn as soon as the rains have rendered the soil sufficiently moist to enable the seed to germinate. The Half-Hardy or tender species must not be sown in the open ground till Spring is a little advanced, and many of these varieties need to be planted in somewhat sheltered positions.”

No directions are given for Seedlings as to the times the plants are available, as they are shown on Seedlings Pages and indicate the periods the particular varieties may be planted in the open garden with reasonable safety.

SEED SOWING.

In 99 per cent. of the causes of failures experienced in raising seeds for the Home Garden, there is nothing at all wrong with the germinating power of the seed and the non-appearance of the plants is nearly always due to one of the following causes:—

1. Using unsuitable soil for covering. Sifted, well-decayed cow manure will give the best results.
2. Sowing too deeply or not covering sufficiently.
3. Allowing the surface of the soil to become dry.
4. Omitting to provide some sort of covering during hot weather.
5. Sowing while the soil is too cold or too wet to permit germination.

JANUARY.

During this month, it is advisable to raise seedlings in a calico or canvas frame, the former being the more suitable, as it admits more light and is not so apt to draw the young plants. On dull days, the covering may be removed altogether. When seeds are planted in the open ground where the plants are to grow on, it is advisable to cover the rows with wet bags to prevent the soil moisture from drying out, removing the bags as soon as the seedlings are well through the ground. The following may be sown during January for Winter and early Spring bloom:—

*CALCEOLARIA	MIGNONETTE
ANEMONE	NEMESIA
ANTIRRHINUM	PANSY
CALLIOPSIS	POPPY, ICELAND
CANTERBURY BELLS	*PRIMULA (Greenhouse varieties)
CANDYTUFT	PRIMULA MALACOIDES
CORNFLOWER	RANUNCULUS
*CYCLAMEN	STOCK (Winter Flowering)
CINERARIA	SWEET PEA (Winter Flowering)
CARNATION (Marguerite)	SWEET WILLIAM
FOXGLOVE	VIOLA
GEUM	WALLFLOWER
HEUCHERA	
LEPTOSYNE	

The varieties marked (*) are Green-house plants, and are not suitable for sowing in the open ground. Cineraria and Primula Malacoides may be used either as Green-house or Garden plants.

FEBRUARY.

During the early part of the month the weather is usually dry and remarks under the headings of January apply to this month. The first week in February is late enough for sowing seeds for Winter bloom, but the following are all suitable for sowing during the month for early Spring flowers.

The latter part of February is a good time for sowing hardy Annuals, Biennials and Perennials, such as under:—

FEBRUARY—Continued.

ANEMONE
AQUILEGIA (Columbine)
ANTIRRHINUM
ANCHUSA
*BEGONIA (Tuberous-rooted)
*CALCEOLARIA
CANDYTUFT
CALLIOPSIS
CANTERBURY BELLS
CARNATION
CORNFLOWER
CALENDULA
CAMPANULA
CLARKIA
*CYCLAMEN
DELPHINIUM
DIANTHUS
GEUM
GODETIA
HEUCHERA

HOLLYHOCK
HUNNEMANNIA
IBERIS (Perennial Candytuft)
LARKSPUR
LEPTOSYNE
LUPIN
MIGNONETTE
NEMESIA
PANSY
POPPY, ICELAND
RANUNCULUS
STOKESIA
SWEET PEA (Gill & Searle's Winter Flowering Strain.)
SWEET WILLIAM
STOCKS (Gill & Searle's Winter Flowering of Nice Strain.)
VERBENA
VIOLA
WALLFLOWER

Varieties marked (*) are Green-house plants, and not suitable for the open garden, except in a very sheltered position.

MARCH.

The middle of March usually marks the beginning of Autumn, and as a rule this month is the best of the whole year (under normal weather conditions) for sowing Hardy Annuals, Hardy Biennials and Hardy Perennials. Sow the seeds recommended as soon as possible to get the best results, as not only do they germinate quicker while the soil is warm, but early sowing means a longer growing period for the young plants before the ground becomes cold. Transplant seedlings from previous sowings early to enable them to establish themselves and start blooming before the cold weather sets in. This particularly applies to Antirrhinum, Candytuft, Cineraria, Geum, Leptosyne, Pansy, Winter Flowering Sweet Peas, Stocks, Iceland Poppy, Primula Malacoides and Viola.

The following seeds are all suitable for sowing during this month:—

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)
ALYSSUM
ANTIRRHINUM
ANEMONE
ANCHUSA
AURICULA
*BEGONIA (Tuberous-rooted)
CALENDULA
CALLIOPSIS
CAMPANULA
CANDYTUFT

CHRYSANTHEMUM
CLARKIA
CORNFLOWER
DAISY
DELPHINIUM
DIANTHUS
DOLICHOS (Perennial sorts)
EVERLASTING PEA
ESCHSCHOLTZIA
FOXGLOVE
GAILLARDIA
GEUM

Petunia, Grendon Ruffled Giants, the finest Exhibition Strain.

MONTHLY CALENDAR FOR FLOWER GARDEN—Continued.

MARCH—Continued.

GODETIA
CANTERBURY BELLS
GYSOPHILA
HEUCHERA
HOLLYHOCK
IBERIS (Perennial
Candytuft)
LARKSPUR
LEPTOSYNE
LINARIA
***LOBELIA**
LUPIN
MIGNONETTE
MIMULUS
MYOSOTIS (Forget-
Me-Not)
***NEMESIA**
NEMOPHILA
PANSY

PENTSTEMON
***PETUNIA**
***PHLOX** (Perennial)
***PHLOX DRUMMONDI**
POPPY, ICELAND
POLYANTHUS
PRIMROSE
PYRETHRUM
RANUNCULUS
SWEET PEA (Spring
Flowering)
***SALPIGLOSSIS**
SCABIOSA
STOCKS
***SCHIZANTHUS**
VERBENA
VIOLA
VIOLET
VIRGINIAN STOCK
WALLFLOWER

Begonia, Tuberous-rooted, is a Green-house plant, and must be treated as such. Those varieties marked with (*) require some protection from frost during the Winter.

APRIL.

To avoid the plants remaining dormant during the Winter without making any growth, get seeds sown as early as possible during April so as to give the young seedlings as long a growing period as possible, to establish themselves before the cold weather sets in to retard their growth. The varieties recommended for sowing in March are all suitable, but it is advisable, where possible, to select a warm sheltered position. Transplant promptly any seedlings that are ready for early sowings.

MAY.

Seed of a number of varieties of the hardier plants can still be sown during May to provide a succession of bloom during the late Spring and early Summer. If sowing in the open, select a warm sheltered position. Strong growing Hardy Annuals, Biennials and Perennials, such as Antirrhinum, Aquilegia, Cornflower, Dianthus, Gaillardia, Larkspur, Pansy, Stock, etc., may still be sown. May is the month to make arrangements for ordering Roses and Deciduous Trees and Shrubs as well as most varieties of Evergreen Shrubs.

JUNE.

Except where a Glass-house or Hot-bed frame is available, seed sowing in the flower garden may be regarded as being practically at a standstill during June. Any really strong seedlings ready for transplanting can be moved, but weakly plants should be allowed to remain in the seed bed until the weather warms up, otherwise they are likely to damp off if transplanted in too cold weather. June is the best month of the year for planting out deciduous trees and shrubs as well as Roses, and early planting is advisable while in the dormant state to allow the roots to establish themselves thoroughly before the plants start to make growth in the Spring.

For a glorious display during the Winter grow our "Grendon" Art shades of Iceland Poppy, 1/- per packet.

JULY.

July is more or less the month for preparatory work so as to have everything in readiness for the Spring, although towards the end of the month, where a Glass-house or Hot-bed Frame is available, early sowings may be made of some of the hardier Annuals, such as Aster, Phlox, Drummondii, Petunia, Shirley Poppy, Scabiosa, Centaurea, Salpiglossis, and Ten-Week Stocks.

Deciduous and Evergreen Trees and Shrubs, as well as Roses, may still be planted this month.

AUGUST.

During some seasons, August marks the commencement of Spring, but as a general rule it is not until the end of the month that the weather begins to warm up appreciably, and sowings depend

entirely on the state of the weather. It is generally safe to sow the following hardier varieties in the open ground from about the middle of the month.

AGERATUM	IBERIS
ALYSSUM	LOBELIA
AQUILEGIA	LINARIA
ANTIRRHINUM	MATHIOLA
CALENDULA	MIGNONETTE
CALLIOPSIS	MIMULUS
CANDYTUFT	MYOSOTIS
CARNATION	NEMOPHILA
CENTAUREA	NIGELLA
CHRYSANTHEMUM	PENTSTEMON
CLARKIA	PETUNIA
DELPHINIUM	PHLOX DRUMMONDI
DIANTHUS	POLYANTHUS
DOLICHOS (Climber)	POPPY, SHIRLEY
ESCHSCHOLTZIA	SALPIGLOSSIS
FOXGLOVE	SCABIOSA
GAILLARDIA	STOCK
GODETIA	STOKESIA
GYSOPHILA	SWEET SULTAN
HOLLYHOCK	SWEET WILLIAM
HONESTY	VERBENA
HUNNEMANNIA	VIOLET
LARKSPUR	VIRGINIAN STOCK
LEPTOSYNE	WALLFLOWER

At the end of the month in early districts sowings may be made of the more tender Annuals, such as Balsam, Celosia, Cosmos, Salvia, Zinnia, etc., so as to have early seedlings for planting out. Delicate plants, such as those mentioned, are better raised in a seed box at all times, even when sown when the weather has warmed up considerably.

Write for a copy of our PLANT AND FRUIT CATALOG. Post Free on Application.

SEPTEMBER.

All the varieties recommended for August can also be sown this month.

September is the month for sowing the majority of Half-Hardy Annuals, although the more tender sorts should not be sown in the open ground until the middle of the month. The following are all suitable:—

ARCTOTIS	GLOXINIA (In Glass House)
ACACIA	IPOMAEA (Convolvulus)
AMARANTHUS	KOCHIA
ASTER	LUPIN
BALSAM	LUPINUS
BEGONIA (Bedding)	LANTANA
BORONIA	MARIGOLD
CENTAUREA	MINA LOBATA
COCKSCOMB	NICOTIANA
COCKS	NASTURTIUM
CELOSIA	NEMESIA
CLIANTHUS	PORTULACA
CONVOLVULUS (Ipomea)	PASSIFLORA
CALCEOLARIA (Shrubby)	PHASEOLUS (Snail-flower)
CINERARIA (In Glass House)	PHLOX
DAHLIA	SALVIA
EUCALYPTUS	SUNFLOWER
GERBERA	TROPAEOLUM
	ZINNIA

Do not transplant any seedlings raised in glass-house or hot-bed frame from early sowings until hardened off thoroughly, and then it is advisable to afford protection from the heat of the sun as well as from a possible frost, for a few days until the plants are well established.

OCTOBER.

The recommendations for September apply equally to October, and as the weather is very much milder by this time, seed of all tender Annuals can be raised with safety in the open garden. In addition to the list given above, seed may be sown in a glass house of the following Green-house plants:—*Begonia* (Tuberous-rooted), *Coleus*, *Cyclamen*, *Primula* (Green-house varieties), *Cineraria*.

MONTHLY CALENDAR FOR FLOWER GARDEN—Continued.

NOVEMBER.

Where water is available, late sowings may be made of tender Annuals, such as Balsam, Celosia, Zinnia, etc., although it is advisable at this period of the year to secure seedlings which, if transplanted out on a dull day or during rain, will soon establish themselves and make rapid growth.

In the Glass-house, sowings may be made of the following Green-house plants:—

BEGONIA (Tuberous-rooted)
COLEUS
CALCEOLARIA
CINERARIA
CYCLAMEN
PRIMULA

DECEMBER.

The recommendations for November apply equally to December, but very little can be done in the way of sowing seed unless plenty of water is available. From about the first week onwards, sowings may be made of the different flowering plants recommended for January, such as Antirrhinum, Geum, Heuchera, Leptosyne, Pansy, Viola, etc., but seed of all these varieties must be sown in a canvas or calico frame and kept moist during the warm weather.

In the Glass-house, sowings may still be made of Calceolaria, Cineraria, Cyclamen, and Primula.

HINTS ON RAISING SEEDLINGS IN A CALICO OR CANVAS FRAME DURING THE SUMMER MONTHS.

Construct a frame, the body of which should be about 9 to 12 inches high, and the length and breadth according to the requirements, with a frame of hardwood to fit on top, with canvas or calico tacked on. Calico is the better, as it admits more light, and is, therefore, not so apt to draw the seedlings. The top must be fastened down so that it cannot blow off in windy weather. The

best position for the frame is on the south side of a wall or fence, and the soil in this should be rich and as free from weeds as possible. Sow the seeds in rows, about 4 inches apart, and cover with a light mulching of manure. The top of the frame should always be removed in the evening and during dull weather, otherwise the seedlings are liable to get drawn. When watering the seed never allow the water to gather on the surface soil; if it is allowed to do so it is liable to cake the soil; and seedlings will have difficulty in pushing through. It is essential that a watering can with a fine rose should be used, such as "Haw's" patent. When watering the young seedlings give a light sprinkling over them, allowing the water to penetrate the soil before adding more; as soon as it has soaked well in renew sprinkling until satisfied that the water has thoroughly soaked through. A great many seedlings are bent over and lost by heavy and hurried watering, not having sufficient strength to rise again. Sometimes during a succession of hot days, when it is not expedient to remove the covering, the seedlings get drawn, in which case support them by sprinkling some fresh dry, horse manure, between the plants; if this is not watered, and being weak will not have the strength done they are likely to be flattened down when centage will be destroyed.

FOR SUCCESS IN RAISING SEEDS USE

HAW'S WATERING CANS

(ENGLISH MAKE.)

Prices:			
No. 2	Galvan.	(Capacity, 4 qts.)	25/-
No. 3	"	(Capacity, 6 qts.)	30/-
No. 4	"	(Capacity, 8 qts.)	32/6
No. 5	"	(Capacity, 10 qts.)	35/-

For Full Particulars, see Sundries Pages.

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GENERAL LIST OF FLOWER SEEDS

ANNUALS—Flower, produce seeds, and die the same year as they are sown.

BIENNIALS—Those which are sown one year and bear their flowers and seed and die the next year.

PERENNIALS—Those which grow and flower for several years, usually bloom the second year from seed.

Refer to Monthly Calendar for The Flower Garden, showing what seeds can be sown in each month from January to December.

SUBSTITUTES.—Should the stock of any variety ordered be exhausted, we shall, to save further delay, send in its place the most suitable substitute, unless instructed to the contrary.

ADONIS.

Hardy Annual.

Very popular border flower, extremely showy, remaining a long time in bloom. Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

1. **AESTIVALIS** (Flos Adonis)—Scarlet, ½ ft. 3d. pkt.

AGATHEA.

Perennial.

2. **COELESTRIS** (Blue Marguerite)—A charming perennial, producing pretty pale blue daisy-like flowers. Invaluable for borders. Height 18 ins. Sow either in Autumn or Spring . . . 6d. pkt.

AGERATUM

Hardy Annual.

A useful type of Hardy Annuals blooming through the late Spring, Summer and Autumn; very suitable for bordering. Sow either in the Autumn or Spring.

3. **BLUE BALL**—True blue color . . . 6d. pkt.

4. **DWARF WHITE** . . . 6d. pkt.

5. **LITTLE BLUE STAR**—Dwarf growing variety.

Grows only 6 inches high . . . 6d. pkt.

6. **SWANLEY BLUE**—Pale lavender-blue flowers

Grows about 12 inches high . . . 6d. pkt.

ALONSOA.

Half-hardy Annual.

Blooms all through the Summer; splendid for flower beds and borders. Sow in Spring.

7. **WARSCEWICZII**—Bright scarlet. 1 ft. 3d. pkt.

ALYSSUM.

Hardy Annual.

8. **LITTLE DORRIT**—The blooms are white and of good size. Sow either in the Autumn or Spring. Height 6 inches . . . 6d. pkt.

AMARANTHUS.

Half-Hardy Annual.

Brilliant foliage Annuals. All are useful in borders of tall plants. Sow in Spring.

9. **MELANCHOLICUS RUBER**—Blood-red foliage, 2ft. . . 3d. pkt.

10. **TRICOLOR SPLENDENS**—Improved type. A splendid bedding variety. 2ft. . . 1/- ½ oz.; 6d. pkt.

ANAGALLIS.

Hardy Annual.

Very attractive and free-flowering plant. Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

11. **GRANDIFLORA, MIXED**—Rich colors . . 3d. pkt.

ANCHUSA (Cape Forget-Me-Not).

Perennial.

12. **GRANDIFLORA OPAL**—Flowers Celestial blue, excellent shade . . . 9d. pkt.

ANCHUSA—Continued.

13. **GRANDIFLORA PICOTEE**—Flowers blue and white . . . 9d. pkt.

14. **ITALICA (Dropmore Variety)**—Very free flowering; with blooms of a fine shade of gentian blue. Seed may be sown either in the Autumn or Spring . . . 6d. pkt.



Anemone, St. Brigid.

ANEMONE.

Hardy Perennial.

Sow the seed during late January, February and early March to produce plants which will flower the first season.

15. **CORONARIA**—A fine strain of Crown Anemone including several good shades. 1ft. . . 3d. pkt.

16. **ST. BRIGID**—Selected Strain, includes semi-double and double flowering sorts. (For Bulbs see Bulb Section) . . . 6d. pkt.; 4/6 ½ oz.

17. **ST. BRIGID (Creagh Castle Strain)**—The flowers are extremely large, and the range of colors exceptional. Received Award of Merit at the Royal Horticultural Show, London . . . 1/- pkt.

ORDER FLOWER SEEDS BY NUMBER ONLY, GIVING DATE OF CATALOG.

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon) Hardy Perennial.

For gorgeous coloring few flowers can match Snapdragons. We direct your attention to the extra quality of our various strains of Antirrhinums.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 331 to 335 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." PRICE 8/2, POST FREE.

Tom Thumb or Dwarf Class.

Tom Thumb or Dwarf Class (height 12 inches) are valuable for bedding and bordering or for planting in a mixed border.

18. CHOICE MIXED 6d. pkt.

Nanum Grandiflorum (Semi-Dwarf).

Nanum Grandiflorum (Semi-Dwarf). Height, 21 to 24 inches.

19. AMBER QUEEN—Deep yellow overlaid with crimson **6d. pkt.**

20. CLIMAX—Rich orange, shading to gold in the centre **6d. pkt.**

21. DIANA—Rosy Pink, white throat **6d. pkt.**

22. EMPRESS—Rich velvety crimson **6d. pkt.**

23. ENCHANTRESS—Almond Blossom Pink, **6d. pkt.**

24. FASCINATION—Flesh Pink **6d. pkt.**

For Seedlings of Antirrhinums, refer to Seedlings Pages 1 and 2.

25. FLAME—Deep orange scarlet **6d. pkt.**

26. GLORIA—Deep rose flowers prettily fringed and which cluster thickly on the spike . . **6d. pkt.**

27. GOLDEN MONARCH—Deep yellow **6d. pkt.**

28. HIS EXCELLENCY—Pure scarlet flowers, and has none of the orange tone which is carried by the varieties now in commerce **9d. pkt.**

29. MADONNA—Pure white **6d. pkt.**

30. MAIZE QUEEN—Salmon maize **6d. pkt.**

31. MAUVE BEAUTY—Rosy mauve **6d. pkt.**

32. MORNING GLOW—Orange terra cotta **6d. pkt.**

33. NELROSE—Flowers rich coral pink . . **6d. pkt.**

34. PEACE—Soft rose-pink salmon shading **6d. pkt.**

35. PEERLESS PINK—La France Pink, resembling La France rose in color **6d. pkt.**

36. PINK PERFECTION—Beautiful shade of pink, slightly suffused with salmon **6d. pkt.**

37. PRIMA DONNA—Terra cotta, pink and yellow **6d. pkt.**

38. PURITY—Large pure white flowers . . **6d. pkt.**

39. SILVER QUEEN—Clear silvery lilac . . **6d. pkt.**

40. VICTORY—A rich terra-cotta orange, shading to yellow in the centre **6d. pkt.**

41. WILD ROSE—Light pink, light throat, and yellow centres **6d. pkt.**

42. PINK AND TERRA-COTTA SHADES—A fine mixture of beautiful art shades **6d. pkt.; 3/6 1 oz.**

43. NANUM, FINEST MIXED—A very fine strain of Semi-dwarf Antirrhinum . . **6d. pkt.; 2/6 1 oz.**

44. GILL & SEARLE'S SPECIAL MIXTURE.

This mixture contains the above and many other choice varieties, and is the finest mixture of Semi-dwarf Antirrhinum yet offered. Gill & Searle's "Special" Mixture can be confidently recommended **1/- pkt.; 4/- 1 oz.**

Maximum Grandiflorum Type.

Grows slightly taller than the old Majus varieties and much bushier in habit. The individual blooms are of enormous size; the heads are thickly clothed with flowers. Height, 48 inches.

45. MAXIMUM GRANDIFLORUM—Mixed . **6d. pkt.**

Majus Grandiflorum or Tall Varieties.

Height, 36 inches.

46. AMARANTH, FL. PL. — Tall double-flowering Snapdragon. The flowers are a deep amaranth purple with small lips of yellow, and are set off by pure white throats **9d. pkt.**

47. HARMONY—Rich terra-cotta orange shaded with rose, and merging into golden yellow at the centre **6d. pkt.**

48. LILAC QUEEN **6d. pkt.**

49. ORANGE KING—Rich orange scarlet . . **6d. pkt.**

50. PRINCESS PATRICIA—Pale rose self, overlaid with chamois **6d. pkt.**

51. PEACHBLOW—The plants bear massive spikes of bloom, while the individual flower is rich in coloring, having a central band of rich golden yellow, which merges above and below into a delicate tint **6d. pkt.**

ANTIRRHINUM—Continued.

52. QUEEN VICTORIA—Best White **6d. pkt.**

53. ROSE QUEEN—Soft rose self **6d. pkt.**

54. MAJUS GRANDIFLORUM, FINEST MIXED—A choice mixture of Tall Antirrhinums, bearing very large flowers **6d. pkt.; 2/6 1 oz.**

55. MAJUS MIXED **3d. pkt.; 2/- 1 oz.**



Aquilegia, Gill & Searle's Strain of Long Spurred Hybrids, Mixed.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine). Hardy Perennial.

This Hardy Perennial may be sown in the Autumn or Spring.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 335, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." PRICE 8/2, POST FREE.

AQUILEGIA, Gill & Searle's Re-Selected Strain of long spurred Hybrids. For full description see Novelty and Specialty pages; for Seedlings see page 1, also colored plate.

56. "MRS. SCOTT ELLIOTT'S" STRAIN—A very fine strain of Aquilegias, including many colors, being free blooming, bearing large long-spurred flowers of many shades **6d. pkt.**

57. FINE MIXED **3d. pkt.**

ARABIS. Hardy Perennial.

58. ALPINA GRANDIFLORA SUPERBA—One of the prettiest Spring flowers. The spreading tufts are densely clothed with neat, light green leaves and covered with pure white flowers. 1ft. . . **6d. pkt.**

ARCTOTIS GRANDIS. Half-Hardy Annual.

59. This South African Half-hardy Annual produces Marguerite-like flowers, which are white with a narrow ring of yellow at the base, while the backs of the petals are pale lilac. The blooms last well in water, and are excellent for decoration **6d. pkt.**

ASPARAGUS. Hardy Perennial.

60. SPRENGERI—The best variety for hanging baskets, window boxes, etc. **6d. pkt.**

ANTIRRHINUMS MAKE A GLORIOUS DISPLAY IN THE GARDEN.



LARKSPUR Tall Rocket

For New Introductions, See Novelty Pages.
For Full Description, See Page 24.

1. Lord Nelson
2. Rosy Scarlet
3. Admiration
4. Exquisite
5. Azure Fairy
6. Orestes
7. Glen Eira

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ASTER. Half-Hardy Annual.
Californian Giants (The Genuine American Strain.)

The flowers measure 5 to 6 inches in diameter, and stand up well, which makes them very valuable for the cut flower grower. Their immense size and beauty, as well as their long and sturdy stems, make them very attractive when arranged in floral work, and they well deserve their name, "Californian Giants" have received prizes and awards wherever exhibited. Sow from August to November.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS REFER TO
PAGES 335-336 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN
GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

ASTER, CALIFORNIAN GIANTS, SEPARATE COLORS:-

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 61. WHITE | 64. DEEP ROSE |
| 62. PEACH BLOSSOM | 65. DARK PURPLE |
| 63. LIGHT PURPLE | |
- 6d. pkt. each; Collection 5 varieties, 2/-.
66. CALIFORNIAN GIANTS, MIXED 3/- 1oz.; 6d. pkt.
67. CALIFORNIAN GIANTS, MIXED — A larger packet of the above 1/- pkt.
68. CALIFORNIAN GIANTS, SINGLE MIXED—Flowers measuring 3 to 4 inches across, with stems measuring 18in. to 24in. in length . 6d. pkt.



Aster, Californian Giants.

Giant Crego Asters (The Genuine American Strain.)

The flowers, which are from 4 to 5 inches across, are borne on long stiff stems and last well in water, making them invaluable for home and table decoration.

Giant CREGO ASTERS, SEPARATE COLORS:-

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| 69. ROSY LILAC (Catt-leya) | 72. RED |
| 70. LAVENDER | 73. ROSE |
| 71. PURPLE | 74. SHELL PINK |
| | 75. WHITE |
- 6d. pkt. each; Collection 7 varieties, 3/-.

Aster Californian Giants, the Finest Strain Procurable.

76. **GIANT CREGO, MIXED**—A splendid mixture containing the above and other shades . . 6d. pkt.
77. **GIANT CREGO, MIXED**—A larger packet of the above 1/- pkt.; 1oz. 3/-

TESTIMONIAL.

Russell St., Toowoomba, Q'sland.

Dated 25/2/29.

"Re your Californian Giant Aster Seeds. It has been really astounding the reports we have been getting this year from customers who have bought seeds from us. It has been the best advertisement for your seeds we have ever had. The size of the flowers has been marvelous."

Messrs. H. J.

78. **EXTRA EARLY EXPRESS, MIXED**—Flowers much earlier than all other varieties. Flowers large and full, of the Comet type . . . 6d. pkt.
79. **GIANT COMET, MIXED**—A fine large-flowering strain, including a large number of colors, 6d. pkt.
80. **QUILLED**—Choice mixed 3d. pkt.
81. **SUNSHINE ASTERS, MIXED**—A new class of Asters. The mixture of seed we offer contains pink, delicate mauve, dark blue, dark red, etc. 9d. pkt.
82. **TASMANIAN GIANT BRANCHING** — A fine strain of Asters. Long stems . . 2/6 1oz.; 6d. pkt.

PERENNIAL ASTER.

Hardy Perennial.

83. **CHOICEST MIXED**—The flowers are excellent for cutting. The plants die down each year and start into growth in the Spring, attaining its maximum flowering period about Easter. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.
84. **FARRIERI**—Flowers mauve, large golden disc. The diameter of the flowers is from 2½in. to 3in. across 1/- pkt.

AUBRETIA.

Hardy Perennials.

Very ornamental trailing plants, suitable for rockeries, etc. The plants grow about 6 inches high. Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

85. **BOUGAINVILLEI**—Dark blue flowers . 6d. pkt.
86. **LARGE-FLOWERED HYBRIDS, MIXED**—An extremely fine strain 1/- pkt.

AURICULA.

Hardy Perennial.

87. **ALPINE, MIXED**—Sow the seed in a box or seed pan in August or September. The seed takes a long time to germinate 1/- pkt.

BALSAM.

Half-Hardy Annual.

Sow the seed in the open ground during the months of September, October and November.

88. **PRIZE MIXED (Camellia-flowered)**—An extra choice strain producing large blooms in great profusion. 1½ft. 1/- pkt.
89. **CAMELLIA-FLOWERED, MIXED** 6d. pkt.
90. **DOUBLE MIXED**—1½ft. 3d. pkt.

BEGONIA.

Perennials.

Begonias are particularly fine greenhouse plants, and some of the varieties are also suitable for outdoor bedding, if placed in a warm, sheltered situation.

Blackmore & Langden's Strain.

91. **SINGLE MIXED (Tuberous-rooted)**—Containing a wide and varied range of colors . . . 1/6 pkt.
92. **DOUBLE "PERFECTION" (Tuberous-rooted)**—This strain embraces wide range of colors, and the plants are very prolific flowerers . . 2/- pkt.
93. **VERNON (Bedding Variety)**—Ornamental bronze foliage and deep scarlet flowers. Very easily grown and particularly fine for bedding effects 1/- pkt.

For Tubers of Begonias, see Bulb Section.

BORONIA.

Hardy Perennial.

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BORONIA—Continued.

94. **MEGASTIGMA**—Bears brown cup-shaped sweet scented flowers, the inside of the petals being lemon yellow. Sow the seed in the **Spring** and plant out in a sunny position well protected from strong winds in a sandy peaty soil. 2½ft. 4/- 1oz.; 6d. pkt.

BRACHYCOME. Hardy Annual.

95. **CHOICE MIXED** (Swan River Daisy)—A fine mixture of this popular Annual. 9 inches 3d. pkt.

BROWALLIA. Hardy Annual.

96. **ELATA BLUE**—The color is bright blue. A most beautiful plant for the open ground or for pot culture. 1ft. Sow either in **Autumn** or **Spring** 6d. pkt.

CALCEOLARIA. Greenhouse Annual.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS REFER TO PAGES 338 to 341 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

97. **"DALKEITH PARK" STRAIN**—A magnificent strain, producing blooms of large size and beautiful form, varying through a wide range of color. The flowers are magnificently figured and spotted with the most exquisite and brilliant markings. This strain is the finest in the world, and is unsurpassable. Seed may be sown in a box or pan in a glass house from the end of **November** to the beginning of **February**. 2/6 pkt.

CALENDULA. Hardy Annual.

The Calendula is a hardy Annual suitable for garden decoration, and valuable for cut bloom for house and table decoration, as well as for florists' trade. Sow either in the **Autumn** or **Spring**.

98. **GAETA**—Double flowers, creamy white or lemon shade, striped with orange 6d. pkt.
99. **GOLD BALL**—Large double golden yellow flowers borne on long stems 6d. pkt.
100. **LARNACA**—Double dark orange-red blooms, measuring from 3 to 3½ inches in diameter 6d. pkt.
101. **PRINCE OF ORANGE**—Double flowers, cream at the base deepening to orange 3d. pkt.

CALENDULA RADIO.

For full Description, see Specialty and Novelty Pages.

102. **SALONIKA (The Ball)**—Deep orange-colored flowers, borne on long stems 6d. pkt.
103. **CHOICE HYBRIDS (Mixed)**—Containing a wide range of very beautiful variations . 6d. pkt.

CALENDULA "CAMPFIRE."

For full Description, see Specialty and Novelty Pages.

CALLIOPSIS. Annuals and Perennials.

Showy and beautiful free flowering Annuals and Perennials, of the easiest possible cultivation. Sow either in **Autumn** or **Spring**.

104. **LANCEOLATA**—Flowers rich bright golden-yellow. 1½ft. Perennial 6d. pkt.
105. **DRUMMONDI**—Bears fine large yellow flowers. One of the best Annual sorts, 1½ft. 3d. pkt.
106. **EVENING STAR**—Large bright yellow flowers with a zone of deep scarlet, the petals being curled so as to form an eight-pointed star. Annual 6d. pkt.
107. **GRANDIFLORA, Fl. Pl.**—We offer here a re-selected strain of the Semi-double sent out here a few years ago. The flowers are bright yellow and a very valuable flower for cutting . 6d. pkt.
108. **THE GARNET**—Flowers bright glossy crimson scarlet. Dwarf habit. Annual 6d. pkt.
109. **TINCTORIA**—Yellow and brown. Annual 3d. pkt.
110. **ANNUAL SORTS, MIXED** . 1/- 1oz.; 3d. pkt.

CAMPANULA. Hardy Biennial.

These popular hardy Biennials also include Canterbury Bells (C. Medium). Seed may be sown during the **Autumn** and **Spring**.

111. **PYRAMIDALIS, MIXED**—A good mixture of this type, including several shades . . . 3d. pkt.
112. **PERSICIFOLIA GRANDIFLORA, MIXED**—A choice large-flowered strain, bearing bell-shaped flowers of many shades. Height 18ins. . 6d. pkt.

CANDYTUFT.

Annual Varieties.

- The Candytuft family includes both Perennial and Annual varieties. The Perennial sorts are generally known as Iberis, but are listed here for convenience. For best results, sow the seed of the Iberis in the **Autumn**, while the Annual varieties may be sown in the **Autumn** or in the **Spring**.
113. **CARMINE**—Carmine rose, 1ft. 3d. pkt.
114. **DUNNETT'S CRIMSON** 3d. pkt.
115. **GIANT HYACINTH-FLOWERED, WHITE**, 1ft. 2/- 1oz.; 3d. pkt.
116. **PURPLE**—Large rich purple blooms . 6d. pkt.
117. **ROSE CARDINAL**—1ft. 6d. pkt.
118. **DWARF LARGE-FLOWERED HYBRIDS, MIXED**—Useful for bordering. ¾ft. 6d. pkt.
119. **FINE MIXED**—Containing many choice varieties. 1ft. 1/- 1oz.; 3d. pkt.
—IBERIS OR PERENNIAL SORTS—
120. **GIBALTARICA**—A fine Perennial. Beautiful mauve colored flowers. 18 inches . . . 6d. pkt.

TESTIMONIAL.

Woodville Rd., Woodville, Sth Aust.
10/12/28.

"I received last lot of seeds in first-class order and found them of good germination. Trusting to do further business when the new season's Seeds come in."

Mr. H. J.

CANNA.

Hardy Perennial.

Most handsome foliage plants, producing magnificent spikes of flowers of various shades. Sow either in **Autumn** or **Spring**.

121. **LARGE-FLOWERED, MIXED**—A very select strain 6d. pkt.

CANTERBURY BELLS.

Hardy Biennials.

See the cultural remarks under Campanula.

122. **DOUBLE BLUE** 3d. pkt.
123. **DOUBLE ROSE** 3d. pkt.
124. **DOUBLE WHITE** 3d. pkt.
125. **DOUBLE MIXED** 3d. pkt.
126. **SINGLE, MIXED**—The old fashioned single type, including several colors 3d. pkt.
127. **HOSE-IN-HOSE**—The Cup and Saucer type, including all the best shades 6d. pkt.

CARNATION.

128. **AMERICAN VARIETIES, MIXED**—A particularly fine selection of the best American Carnations 2/- pkt.

Chabauds Giants.

The plants come into bloom in six months from time of sowing the seed, and continue flowering throughout the **Summer** and **Autumn**. The plants are of robust upright growth and produce numerous stalks, bearing very large flowers of fine form.

129. **CARDINAL RED; 130. WHITE; 131. ROSE PINK** 1/- pkt. each

The Collection of Three Varieties of Giant Chabaud Carnations, 2/6.

132. **CHABAUD, MIXED**—A very choice strain of double-flowering Carnation 1/- pkt.
133. **MARGUERITE, "GIANT MALMAISON," MIXED**—A strain of "par excellence" of the Marguerite Carnations, comprising a great number of excellent large-flowering varieties, embracing many shades of color. The seedlings come into flower from 4 to 6 months from the time of growing seed. Can be thoroughly recommended. 1½ft. 5/- 1oz.; 9d. pkt.
134. **MARGUERITE, MIXED**—1½ft. 1oz.; 2/6; 6d. pkt.
135. **PERPETUAL OR TREE, MIXED**—An exceptionally fine strain of the Perpetual Carnations, saved from the very best named varieties only. 1½ft. 2/6 pkt.

CELOSIA.

Half-Hardy Annuals.

The Celosia is the Feathered Cockscomb, while the true Cockscomb bears its flowers in the shape of a Cockscomb, hence the name. Both types are very popular, and can be recommended for **Summer** bedding. As both classes are **Half-Hardy Annuals**, seed must not be sown till the **Spring**.

136. **CHILDSII, MIXED (Chinese Wool Flower)**—A distinct type of Celosia. Very attractive and free-flowering 6d. pkt.
137. **PYRAMIDALIS, MIXED**—A good strain of the old Feathered Celosia. 3ft. 3d. pkt.

For Complete List of Seedlings, See Pages 1 and 2.

CELOSIA—Continued.

138. **THOMPSONI MAGNIFICA, MIXED**—Quite distinct from the Childsii or Wool Flower. Fine large plumes of white, yellow, orange, crimson, magneta, etc. 6d. pkt.

COCKSCOMB. Half-Hardy Annuals.

139. **EMPRESS**—Flowers rich dark velvety red. 6d. pkt.
140. **FINE MIXED** 6d. pkt.

CENTAUREA. Annuals and Perennials.

The Centaurea family includes the Annual Sweet Sultan and the Imperialis types as well as the Americana varieties. The latter is a hardy Perennial, and the Sweet Sultan a hardy Annual. The Imperialis types, however, are Half-Hardy Annuals, and seed must not be sown until the Spring. The Imperialis varieties are really a giant flowering type of the old Sweet Sultan, growing about 4 feet high, and flowering through the Summer and Autumn.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS REFER TO
PAGES 344 to 346 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN
GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

CANDIDISSIMA. Hardy Perennial.

141. Dwarf, silver-leaved bordering plant. Sow either in the Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.
142. **AMERICANA LILAC**—Hardy Perennial, growing from 2 to 2½ feet high. Lavender-blue flowers 6d. pkt.
143. **AMERICANA WHITE**—Similar to the above, but with large pure white flowers 6d. pkt.

IMPERIALIS VARIETIES.

144. **CARMANIA**—Clear bright rose flowers 6d. pkt.
145. **ELFREDA**—Deep lavender 6d. pkt.
146. **ROYALTY**—Rich purple shade 6d. pkt.
147. **TOLARNO**—Pure white flowers 6d. pkt.
148. **WINSOME**—Delicate shade of lilac 6d. pkt.
Collection of 5 Separate Colors for 2/-.
149. **CHOICE MIXED**—A fine mixed strain, containing the above and many other good shades 2/- 1oz.; 6d. pkt.
150. **SWEET SULTAN, FINEST MIXED**—Grows about 1½ft., bearing very sweet-scented flowers 1/6 1oz.; 3d. pkt.

CENTROSEMA (Climber). Perennial.

151. **GRANDIFLORA (Butterfly Pea)**—Produces large clusters of inverted pea-shaped flowers, delightfully fragrant, ranging in color from rosy violet to reddish purple. The seeds should be soaked in hot water before they are sown. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

CERASTIUM. Hardy Perennial.

152. **TOMENTOSUM**—An excellent edging or ribbon plant. Its beautiful silvery leaves contrast well with the green foliage of all other bordering plants. ½ft. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

CHRYSANTHEMUM. Annual Varieties.

These are very valuable for Summer blooming. They produce large quantities of flowers which are eminently adapted for cut flower purposes; their keeping qualities being unexcelled. Sow either Autumn or Spring.

153. **DOUBLE TRICOLOR HYBRID VARIETIES, MIXED**—Very fine strain. 2ft. 3d. pkt.
154. **TRICOLOR VARIETIES, MIXED**—Useful for cutting. 2ft. 1/6 1oz.; 3d. pkt.

Perennial Varieties.

155. **MAXIMUM CALIFORNIA**—Flowers creamy white, bearing fine, large blooms. Highly recommended for florists' work 6d. pkt.
156. **MAXIMUM MAYFIELD GIANT (Hardy Marguerite)**—The flowers, which are pure white, and are borne on long stems are extremely useful for cutting purposes. 3 feet 6d. pkt.
157. **INDICUM MIXED**—An exceptionally fine strain saved from a splendid collection of Japanese Chrysanthemums, and containing a fine assortment of varieties. 3ft. 6d. pkt.

CINERARIA.

Annual.

To preserve a succession of bloom, sow the seed at intervals from early October up to the beginning of February. In addition to being a hardy, ornamental greenhouse plant, the Cineraria is also useful for planting out of doors in sheltered positions for Winter bedding.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS REFER TO
PAGES 346 to 348 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN
GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

158. **"GRANDIFLORA," MIXED**—A magnificent strain producing large well formed flowers, and embracing a very wide range of shades and color combinations. This strain represents the "Acme of Perfection" in Cinerarias, and can be thoroughly recommended to all lovers of this beautiful greenhouse and bedding plant. 2/6 and 5/- pkt.
159. **PRIZE STRAIN**—A very choice mixture, including many shades. Suitable for bedding purposes 1/6 pkt.



No. 158. Cineraria, Gill & Searle's Grandiflora.

CLARKIA. Hardy Annual.
Double Flowered Improved Type.

Clarkias are most suitable for beds, borders, etc., and when planted in masses, produce a vast wealth of bloom of brilliant and showy colors. Sow either Autumn or Spring.

160. **ADMIRATION**—Carmine rose 6d. pkt.
161. **CARMINE QUEEN**—Light carmine 6d. pkt.
162. **CHAMOIS QUEEN**—Pale chamois 6d. pkt.
163. **CHEIFTON (Novelty 1929)**—Delicate shade of mauve 1/- pkt.
164. **KATOOMBA**—Rich clear rose 6d. pkt.
165. **MONT BLANC**—Large, pure white 6d. pkt.
166. **ORANGE KING**—Orange-scarlet 6d. pkt.
167. **PURPLE PRINCE**—Rich purple 6d. pkt.
168. **QUEEN MARY**—Rich Carmine 6d. pkt.
169. **ROSY MORN**—Beautiful rose-pink 6d. pkt.
170. **RUBY KING**—Rich ruby red 6d. pkt.
171. **SALMON QUEEN**—Salmon-pink 6d. pkt.
172. **VESUVIUS**—Deep orange-scarlet 6d. pkt.
173. **DOUBLE MIXED**—An excellent strain of double Clarkias 2/- 1oz.; 6d. pkt.
174. **SINGLE MIXED**—An excellent strain of single-flowered Clarkias 1/3 1oz.; 6d. pkt.
Collection of 6 Distinct Varieties of Clarkias, 2/6.

CLIANTHUS (Glory Pea). Biennial Trailer.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS REFER TO
PAGE 349 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN
GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

175. **DAMPIERI (Sturt's Desert Pea)**—Brilliant scarlet, with intense black spot in centre of the flower; one of the most magnificent native flowers in cultivation. Sow the seed where it is to remain, as it will not easily transplant. Sow either Autumn or Spring 4/6 1oz.; 6d. pkt.

COBAEA SCANDENS. Perennial Climber.
176. SCANDENS—Evergreen creeper, bearing handsome purple-like, bell-shaped flowers. Sow either Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.
177. SCANDENS, ALBA—White flowers 6d. pkt.

COLEUS. Greenhouse Perennial.
178. DWARF GIANT LEAVED—The plants produce a small insignificant flower, and are solely grown for their beautiful foliage, which embraces a wide range of shades and color combinations. Sow the seed in September or October in seed boxes or seed pans kept in a warm frame or a hot house. The strain offered can be confidently recommended 2/- pkt.

COLLINSIA. Hardy Annual.
179. MIXED COLORS—Very showy and useful plants for beds and borders. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 3d. pkt.

CONVOLVULUS. Annual Climbers.
 Sow in the Spring.

180. GIANT IMPERIAL (Japanese Morning Glories)—A beautiful strain containing several fine colors 6d. pkt.
181. CARDINALIS—A lovely Summer-flowering Climber with blooms of a dazzling shade of cardinal red 6d. pkt.
182. HEAVENLY BLUE—Sky-blue flowers 6d. pkt.
183. IPOMAEA LEARI—A beautiful Perennial Climber, with violet-blue, Convolvulus-like flowers; very fine 6d. pkt.

CORNFLOWER. Hardy Annual.
 Useful for garden decoration, and valuable for providing a supply of cut bloom for the house and table. Seed may be sown in the Autumn or Spring.
184. SINGLE DARK BLUE—1½ ft. 1/- ½oz.; 3d. pkt.
185. DOUBLE DARK BLUE (Re-Selected Strain)—1½ ft. 1/6 ½oz.; 3d. pkt.
186. CHOICE MIXED 3d. pkt.

CORNFLOWER, Double. Mauve Queen.
 For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages.



No. 185. Cornflower, Double Dark Blue.
COSMOS. Annual.
 Beautiful Autumn-blooming plants. Seed should be sown in Spring when danger of frost is past.
Double, Crested Varieties.
187. PINK **188. WHITE** **189. RED**
 Price 6d. pkt. Set of 3 Separate Colors, 1/3.
190. MIXED—Including the three shades 6d. pkt.

Cosmos, Single Varieties.
191. FAIRY QUEEN—The plants are of sturdy habit, and seldom exceed a height of 2½ feet. The growth is compact, and the large flowers are of bright carmine rose 6d. pkt.
192. GIANT EARLY FLOWERING, FANCY MIXED 2/- ½oz.; 6d. pkt.

COSMOS, HOLLYWOOD STAR.
 For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages.

193. LADY LENOX, PINK 6d. pkt.
194. LADY LENOX, WHITE 6d. pkt.
195. KLONDYKE—Rich orange shade 6d. pkt.
196. FINE MIXED 1/6 ½oz.; 3d. pkt.

CROTALARIA. Hardy Annual.
197. RETUSA (Dwarf Yellow Pea)—A very pretty dwarf Annual, producing flowers in dense clusters. Sow in Spring 6d. pkt.

CYCLAMEN. Perennial.
 Particularly fine and easily grown greenhouse plant, and one within the range of every amateur. Sow either in Autumn or Spring.
198. PERSICUM GIGANTEUM (Gill & Searle's Strain)—A magnificent strain, containing a very wide range of colors. The flowers are large and of good shape and appearance. The plants are very floriferous 2/6 pkt.
199. PAPILIO (Butterfly Cyclamen)—The flowers are curled and fimbriated at the edges and are generally margined with a deeper shade than the body of the petal 1/- pkt.
200. PERSICUM, MIXED—Contains a fine assortment of colors. The flowers are large and of good appearance 1/- pkt.

CYNOGLOSSUM. Hardy Perennial.
201. AMABILE—A charming plant producing large sprays of brilliant blue Forget-Me-Not-like flowers. Suitable for dwarf borders. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

DAHLIA. Hardy Perennial.
 The raising of Dahlias from seed is an interesting occupation. Sow seed in the Spring.
202. CACTUS, DOUBLE MIXED—Saved from the best double flowering varieties. 5 to 6 ft. 1/- pkt.
203. COLLARETTE, NEW HYBRIDS, MIXED—An especially fine strain 6d. pkt.
204. "COLOSSAL," SINGLE MIXED—A very large flowering strain 6d. pkt.
205. COLTNESS HYBRIDS (New)—The plants are of neat, compact habit, averaging about 18 inches high 1/- pkt.
206. DOUBLE POMPONE—A very choice strain, saved from the best varieties 1/- pkt.
207. DOUBLE BALL, MIXED—A first class extra choice mixture of the old double flowering ball varieties. 5 ft. 6d. pkt.
208. DOUBLE MONARCH—A strain of Dahlia which has been selected for many years with a view to eliminating the weakness in the stem which is so often found in Dahlias from seed. The range of colors and size of the flowers are remarkable 1/- pkt.
209. PAEONY-FLOWERED, DOUBLE MIXED—This mixture is saved from only the very best and choicest named sorts. 5ft. 6d. pkt.

DAISY. (Bellis perennis) Hardy Perennial.
 The Bellis is the true English Daisy so useful for bordering. These strains offered are an improved free-flowering type. Sow the seed either in the Autumn or Spring.
210. MONSTROSA ALBA—White 6d. pkt.
211. MONSTROSA ROSEA—Dark rose 6d. pkt.
212. MONSTROSA MIXED 6d. pkt.

TESTIMONIAL. 4/2/29.

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 "You asked me to let you know how the Delphiniums turned out which you sent me last year. They were excellent, and were admired by all who saw them. The plants arrived in the best of condition, and I did not lose one."

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DELPHINIUM. Annual and Perennial.

The Delphinium is very hardy and easily grown. When preparing the ground, see that the soil is well drained and contains plenty of lime in which this plant revels. The lime is also a great protection against slugs, which are rather fond of the plants. Sow either Autumn or Spring.

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Delphinium, Grendon Giants Hybrids.

DELPHINIUM GRENDON GIANTS HYBRIDS.

For full description, see Novelty and Specialty pages, also Colored Plate. For Crowns, see page 1.

213. **AZURE FAIRY**—An Annual variety, producing fine flowers of a beautiful Cambridge blue, particularly fine for cutting. 12 inches .. 6d. pkt.
214. **BLUE BUTTERFLY IMPROVED**—A much improved strain of the original Blue Butterfly, free-flowering and larger blooms. 18 inches .. 6d. pkt.

BELLADONNA IMPROVED.

For Full Description see Novelty and Specialty Pages.

215. **CHINESE, MIXED**—An Annual mixture, containing a number of fine sorts. 18 in. .. 3d. pkt.
216. **EXCELSIOR STRAIN, MIXED**—A superb type of Perennial Delphiniums, embracing many fine shades .. 9d. pkt.

FLOWER SEEDS BY WEIGHT.

We carry large stocks of all Flower Seeds and shall be pleased to quote larger amounts of the varieties we list on application.

DIANTHUS.

Biennial.

As soon as the plants run to seed they can be cut down, and will immediately spring from the roots; by this means they can be kept for two or more years, and can be transplanted at pleasure. The colors are beautiful, varied, and unique. Seed may be sown either Autumn or Spring.

217. **CHINENSIS, DOUBLE MIXED (Indian Pink)**—An extra choice strain .. 3d. pkt.
218. **HEDDEWIGH NOBILIS, MIXED (Royal Pinks)**—The flowers are beautifully frilled and fringed .. 6d. pkt.
219. **HEDDEWIGH, SINGLE MIXED**—The flowers are particularly large, attaining a size of from 2 to 3 inches in diameter. Excellent for cut bloom .. 1/6 1oz.; 3d. pkt.

DIANTHUS, HIGHLAND QUEEN.

For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages.

220. **LACINIATUS, DOUBLE MIXED**—Double laced or fringed, and very large .. 6d. pkt.
221. **SINGLE AND DOUBLE MIXED**—Containing a wide selection of colors .. 6d. pkt.
222. **SUPERBISSIMUS, MIXED**—Beautiful strain of single Dianthus of the Heddewigii type. The flowers are very large .. 6d. pkt.

DIDISCUS (Lace Plant).

Hardy Annual.

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223. **COERULEUS**—In the United States. Didiscus is in great demand on account of the color, which is a rare and exquisite shade of clear blue. The foliage is graceful, and the blooms, which are formed of a number of small florets from 2½ to 3 inches in diameter, and carried on long stout stems, which make them excellent for cut flower purposes. Seed may be sown in the early Autumn or in the Spring .. 6d. pkt.

DIMORPHOTHECA.

Annual and Perennial.

This species includes both Annual and Perennial varieties. The *Aurantiaca* type are tender Annuals, and seed must be sown in the Spring where the plants are to grow, as this class does not transplant easily. The *Eklonis* has proved itself to be a Perennial and appears to be quite hardy.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 356-357, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

224. **AURANTIACA HYBRIDS, MIXED**—The flowers are like a Marguerite in appearance, and are produced freely on long stems. 1ft. .. 6d. pkt.
225. **EKLONIS**—A variety from Egypt. White Marguerite-like flowers .. 9d. pkt.

Write for a copy of our PLANT AND FRUIT TREE CATALOG. Post Free on Application.

DOLICHOS.

Perennial Climber.

226. **LIGNOSUS**—Very strong grower, and suitable for covering unsightly fences, outhouses, etc. Purplish-pink flowers .. 3d. pkt.
227. **LIGNOSUS, ALBUS**—A white flower variety of the former. Sow either in Autumn or Spring .. 3d. pkt.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA CALIFORNICA Hardy Annual

The Eschscholtzia (known as the Californian Poppy) is excellent for general garden decoration, as well as for bordering, as the plants only grow about 18 inches high, and are particularly useful for table and house decoration. Sow the seed either in the Autumn or Spring.

228. **FAIRY QUEEN**—The outer side or back of the petals is of an intense cochineal carmine shade, while the inner sides are of a creamy white .. 6d. pkt.
229. **FIRELIGHT**—Rich orange-flame shade .. 6d. pkt.
230. **GOLDEN WEST**—Deep golden yellow .. 6d. pkt.
231. **MANDARIN**—Mandarin orange shade .. 6d. pkt.
232. **MASTERPIECE**—Pure rich mauve .. 6d. pkt.
233. **OBERON**—Bright reddish purple .. 6d. pkt.
234. **ROSE QUEEN**—Carmine rose shade .. 6d. pkt.
235. **SENSATION**—Rich deep scarlet .. 6d. pkt.
236. **TITANIA**—Primrose red overlaid with terracotta .. 6d. pkt.

Collection of 6 Varieties Eschscholtzias, 2/6.

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ESCHSCHOLTZIA, RAMONA.

For Full Description, see Novelty and
Specialty Pages.

237. CHOICE HYBRIDS, MIXED—Includes a very wide range of shades, including many of the named sorts listed on Page 21 and others . . . 1/6 1/2 oz.; 6d. pkt.

ERIGERON. Perennial.

238. SPECIOSUS HYBRID GRANDIFLORUM — An attractive Perennial, producing rosy-lilac flowers. Splendid for cutting. Height 18 inches. Sow either in Autumn or Spring . . . 9d. pkt.

EVERLASTING FLOWERS.

Within recent years the Everlasting Flowers have again become very popular. They are easy to grow and bloom freely and continuously during Summer, requiring no special kind of soil or care. Any good garden soil, even that which is rather heavy, is suitable. Sow the seed either in the Autumn or Spring.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO
PAGES 357-359, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN
GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

239. ACROCLINIUM MIXED—Flowers white and pink, small fine petals, silk appearance. Height 18 inches . . . 6d. pkt.

240. GOMPHRENA (Globe Amaranth, Mixed)—Blossoms closely resemble clover blossoms. Grows about 2 feet high, and are literally covered with button-shaped flowers . . . 6d. pkt.

241. HELICHRYSUM (Straw Flowers) — Double Mixed. The most popular of all the Everlasting Flowers . . . 6d. pkt.

**HELICHRYSUM MONSTROSUM, Fl. Pl.
(SILVERY PINK.)**

For Full Description, see Novelty and
Specialty Pages.

242. RODANTHE MIXED . . . 6d. pkt.

243. STATICE SINUATA BLUE . . . 6d. pkt.

244. STATICE SINUATA ROSE . . . 6d. pkt.

245. STATICE SINUATA HYBRIDA MIXED—The flowers when cut may be treated as everlastings . . . 6d. pkt.

FOXGLOVE (Digitalis). Biennial.

246. CHOICE LARGE - FLOWERED, MIXED — A very fine mixture, containing a number of fine varieties (including selfs and spotted blooms). Sow either Autumn or Spring . . . 3d. pkt.

FREESIA. Hardy Perennial.

247. NEW HYBRIDS, MIXED—This strain covers such a wide range of shades, including pink, red, lilac, violet, orange, and yellow. At the end of the flowering period the bulbs may then be lifted and planted back for subsequent years . . . 6d. pkt.

GAILLARDIA. Hardy Perennial.

Hardy Perennials, excellent both for cut flowers and general garden decoration. Seeds may be sown either in Autumn or Spring.

GAILLARDIA, "BREMEN."

For Full Description, see Novelty and
Specialty Pages.

248. GRANDIFLORA, MIXED—A fine strain and one of the best for garden decoration . . . 6d. pkt.

249. PORTOLA HYBRIDS—This superb new strain of Gaillardia bears flowers of very large size, the color ranging through shades of bronzy red with the characteristic golden-tipped petalage and robust vigor of the well-known Portola variety . . . 9d. pkt.

250. DAZZLER—The flowers are large, with very wide florets, and often attain a diameter of 4ins. The color is a bright golden-yellow, with rich maroon-red centre . . . 9d. pkt.

251. LORENZIANA, MIXED—Bears large flowers with globular heads. 1ft. . . . 3d. pkt.

GENTIANA ACAULIS. Hardy Perennial.

252. Useful hardy Perennial for rockwork and edgings; rich ultra-marine blue trumpet-shaped flowers. Height 4 inches. Sow either in Autumn or Spring . . . 9d. pkt.



No. 249. Gaillardia, Grandiflora, Portola Hybrids.

GENISTA.

Hardy Perennial Shrubs.

All varieties mentioned can easily be grown from seed, and are splendid for garden decoration. Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

253. ANDREANA—Crimson and yellow . . . 6d. pkt.

254. CANARIENSIS—Pale yellow. 6 feet . . . 6d. pkt.

255. FLORIDA—Golden yellow flowers. 5ft. . . 6d. pkt.

256. MONOSPERMA—White flowers. 10ft. . . 6d. pkt.

257. SPARTIUM JUNCEUM (Spanish Broom)—Yellow. A well-known variety . . . 6d. pkt.

GERBERA JAMESONI.

Perennial.

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PAGES 361-362, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN
GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

258. ADNET'S HYBRIDS—A particularly fine strain of this beautiful flower. The seed offered is Australian saved, and can be relied on to be fresh. The colors include white, yellow, orange, gold, salmon, rose, ruby-red, lavender, violet and mauve, as well as the original scarlet Jamesoni. An excellent plant for growing in warm districts. Sow in Spring . . . 1/6 pkt.

GEUM.

Hardy Perennial.

Pretty free-flowering, showy plants, splendid for cut bloom. Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

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PAGES 362-363, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN
GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

259. MRS. BRADSHAW—The orange-scarlet flowers are very large and full. 18 inches . . . 6d. pkt.

260. LADY STRATHEDEN—Fine rich golden-yellow flowers. 18 inches . . . 6d. pkt.

261. ORANGE QUEEN—This very fine new variety of a shade intermediate, so to speak, between that of Mrs. Bradshaw and Lady Stratheden, a bright orange scarlet, has been in large demand during the past season . . . 1/- pkt.

Try a Packet of Pansy, Roggli's Giant Exhibition Strain.

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GLADIOLI.

Hardy Annual.

Sow seed in an outdoor seed-bed made up of soil that is very loose and sandy, planting in rows 4in. apart. Cover seed very lightly with finely sifted light sandy soil. Sow in Spring.

262. **CHOICE HYBRIDS**—A choice mixture of the Gandavensis and Lemoini Hybrids 6d. pkt.
263. **PEITZERS NEW GIANT FLOWERED HYBRIDS**—This special strain contains many of the latest varieties of Gladioli. Highly recommended 1/- pkt.

GLOXINIA.

Perennial.

264. **ERECT AND DROOPING SORTS, MIXED**—This fine strain includes all the best varieties, and is saved from exceptionally choice collection of named sorts. Sow the seed in a box or pan and keep in warm frame or hot house. August and September are the best months to sow the seed 1/6 pkt.

GODETIA.

Hardy Annual.

This useful Hardy Annual is suitable for bedding as well as for a supply of cut bloom. Seed may be sown both in the Autumn and Spring.

265. **AZALEIFLORA FLORE PLENA**—Double pink flowers resembling an Azalea 6d. pkt.
266. **CHARMING**—Deep, satiny pink 6d. pkt.
267. **CRIMSON GLOW** 6d. pkt.
268. **GORGEOUS**—Vivid satiny crimson 6d. pkt.
269. **THE BRIDE**—The flowers are white, blotched with crimson 3d. pkt.
270. **CHOICE MIXED**—1½ feet 1/6 doz.; 3d. pkt.

TESTIMONIAL.

Mr. E. O. of Habana, Queensland, writes as follows:—

"Your seeds are very good for germinating, in fact, one might say they grow like weeds."

GRASSES, ORNAMENTAL.

Hardy Annuals.

Useful for edgings, centres of beds, ribbon bouquets, etc. Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

271. **AGROSTIS NEBULOSA**—Graceful habit, suitable for bouquets and vases. Height 1½ ft. 3d. pkt.
272. **BRIZA MAXIMA (Large Quaking Grass)**—Height 1ft. 3d. pkt.
273. **ERAGROSTIS ELEGANS (Love Grass)**—Very ornamental and suitable for bouquets. Height 1ft. 3d. pkt.
274. **TRICHOLAENA ROSEA**—Produces magnificent feathery panicles. Height 2 feet 3d. pkt.
275. **ORNAMENTAL GRASSES MIXED**—A splendid mixture containing Dwarf and Semi-dwarf varieties 3d. pkt.

GYPHOPHILA.

Annual and Perennial.

The best results will be obtained by sowing the seed thinly where the plants are to remain. Seed may be sown either in the early Autumn or Spring. The flowers are particularly useful blended with those of other plants, such as Sweet Peas, Iris, etc., for house or table decoration.

276. **ELEGANS CARMINEA** — Bright crimson blooms: 2 ft. Hardy Annual 3d. pkt.
277. **ELEGANS ROSEA**—Deep rose blooms. 2ft. Hardy Annual 3d. pkt.
278. **ELEGANS GRANDIFLORA ALBA**—Pure white flowers. 3 ft. Hardy Annual 3d. pkt.
279. **PANICULATA** — A fine Perennial variety with single white flowers 6d. pkt.
280. **PANICULATA, FL. PL.**—Double-flowering form of Paniculata bearing white flowers 1/- pkt.

Few realise the value of Gypsophila elegans alba for mixing with other flowers, the fairy-like white flowers take the place of fern. By making frequent sowings it can be had in bloom throughout the year.

HELIOTROPE.

Hardy Perennial.

281. **REGALE, MIXED**—A selected strain of the old English Heliotrope or Cherry Pie. Includes several shades ranging from deep purple to pale lilac. Sow either Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

HEUCHERA.

Hardy Perennial.

An extremely useful race of Hardy Perennials, especially suitable for borders. The flowers are borne on long spikes, are particularly useful for cutting, and remain fresh a long time in water. Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

282. **SANGUINEA**—Rich coral red flowers 6d. pkt.
283. **HYBRIDA, MIXED** 6d. pkt.

HOLLYHOCK.

Perennial.

Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGE 367, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

284. **CHATER'S DOUBLE PRIZE STRAIN, MIXED**—An exceptionally choice mixture saved from Chater's finest selected varieties. Embraces a very wide range of shades. 5 ft. 9d. pkt.

HOLLYHOCK, "IMPERATOR."

For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages.

285. **DOUBLE-FLOWERING, MIXED** — A splendid strain of Hollyhock, containing a number of good shades. 5 ft. 1/9 doz.; 6d. pkt.
286. **SINGLE, MIXED**—A choice strain, embracing a wide range of colors 6d. pkt.



No. 284. Hollyhock, Chater's Prize Strain.

HONESTY (Satin Flower).

Biennial.

287. **MIXED COLORS**—Useful for cut bloom or for the dry silvery moon-shaped seed pods. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

HUMULUS.

Annual Climber.

288. **JAPONICA VARIEGATA (Japanese Hop)**—Leaves beautifully variegated with silver and creamy-white markings. Splendid climber. Sow in Spring 6d. pkt.

HUNNEMANNIA.

Perennial.

A hardy Perennial sometimes known as the Perennial Eschscholtzia. Seed may be sown either in the Autumn or Spring. The Hunnemannia will not stand transplanting, and seed must be sown thinly where the plants are to remain.

289. **FUMARIAEFOLIA**—Excellent for cut bloom. The flowers, which are borne on long stems, are tulip-like in shape and of a bright lemon yellow 6d. pkt.

Write for a Copy of Our Plant and Fruit Tree Catalog.

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73 ELIZABETH ST.
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KUDZU VINE. Perennial Climber.
290. **PUERARIA THUNBERGIANA**—A splendid climber with purplish-violet Wistaria-like flowers 6d. pkt.

KOCHIA (Summer Cypress). Hardy Annual.

291. **TRICOPHYLLA CHILDSII**—A charming Summer Annual Foliage Plant, which changes in the Autumn to blood-red, hence the name of Burning Bush. The plants attain a height of from 30 to 36 inches. The foliage is valuable for decorative purposes, and will keep fresh in water for over a week. Sow seed in Spring 6d. pkt.

LANTANA. Hardy Perennial.

292. **DWARF COMPACT BEDDING HYBRIDS**—Extremely useful for bedding, as the plants only grow about 12 inches high. The plants are very free flowering, and remain in bloom for a lengthy period. Sow the seed in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

LARKSPUR. Hardy Annual.

These are among the best-known garden flowers, and in recent years a vast improvement has been effected by careful selection in size and color of the blossoms. Sow seeds in the open ground, either in the Autumn or Spring. Larkspurs stand well when cut, and a vase of one or mixed colors is indeed charming.



TALL ROCKET VARIETIES.

293. **ADMIRATION**—Delicate shade of deep lilac 6d. pkt.
294. **AZURE BEAUTY**—Azure or sky-blue color 6d. pkt.

LARKSPUR EMPRESS ROSE.
For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages, also Colored Plate.

295. **EXQUISITE**—New shade of beautiful soft pink 6d. pkt.
296. **GLEN EIRA**—Flowers large bright violet 6d. pkt.
297. **LORD NELSON**—Dark blue 6d. pkt.

LARKSPUR LA FRANCE.
For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages.

265. Larkspur, Rosy Scarlet.

298. **ORESTES**—Pure white 6d. pkt.
299. **ROSY SCARLET**—A beautiful shade 6d. pkt.
300. **ZURLINGA**—Rosy mauve 6d. pkt.
301. **MIXED**—Special strain, containing all the above and many other beautiful colors 1oz. 1/-; 6d. pkt.
302. **DWARF, ROCKET, PINK DELIGHT**—A fine new variety, growing to a height of about 2 feet and producing spikes of bloom of a beautiful soft pink shade 6d. pkt.
303. **DWARF, ROCKET, MIXED**—A choice strain 1oz. 1/-; 3d. pkt.
Collection of 6 Varieties of Tall Rocket Larkspurs (excepting Novelties) for 2/6.

LATHYRUS (Everlasting Pea). Hardy Perennial Climber.

Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

304. **PEA, EVERLASTING, BLUE (Lathyrus Pubescens)**—A handsome climber, producing an abundance of blue, Lupin-like flowers 6d. pkt.
305. **PEA, EVERLASTING, PINK BEAUTY**—A lovely shade of rose-pink 6d. pkt.

LATHYRUS EVERLASTING PEA—Continued.

306. **PEA, EVERLASTING, RED** 3d. pkt.
307. **PEA, EVERLASTING, WHITE** 6d. pkt.
308. **PEA, EVERLASTING, MIXED** 3d. pkt.
LAVENDER. Hardy Perennial.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 370-371. 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

309. **THE TRUE ENGLISH LAVENDER**—Useful for sachets, etc. Height 3ft. Sow either Autumn or Spring 2/- 1oz.; 6d. pkt.

LEPTOSYNE MARITIMA. Hardy Perennial.

310. **GIANT GOLDEN-YELLOW MARGUERITE**—Bears lovely golden-yellow blooms in profusion. The flowers are carried on long stems, and last well in water when cut. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 1oz. 1/-; 6d. pkt.

LINARIA. Hardy Annual.

311. **EXCELSIOR STRAIN, MIXED**—A very choice mixture, including a number of fine shades. Seed may be sown either in Autumn or Spring. Height 18 inches 6d. pkt.
312. **CYMBALARIA (Kenilworth Ivy)**—A Hardy Perennial creeping plant, with dainty mauve flowers. Suitable for rockeries 6d. pkt.

LINUM. Hardy Annual.

Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

313. **GRANDIFLORUM RUBRUM**—Excellent for clumps or edgings; brilliant scarlet flowers 3d. pkt.

LOBELIA. Hardy Annual.

Seed may be sown either in the Autumn or Spring, and are excellent for Summer and Autumn bordering. When sowing the seed of Lobelia in the Autumn the plants will require a certain amount of protection against frost in the Winter. Where it is possible to protect the young seedlings, Autumn sowing will give much better results.

314. **AZUREA**—Light azure blue. 2 ft. 6d. pkt.

LOBELIA, Blue Stone, Re-Selected.
For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages.

315. **CRYSTAL PALACE COMPACTA**—The plants are very compact in habit, while the flowers are of a lovely shade of rich deep blue. 1/2 ft. 6/- 1oz.; 6d. pkt.

316. **HYBRIDA, "SAPPHIRE"**—A pendulate trailing variety with lovely blue oculate flowers. Particularly useful for hanging baskets, rockeries, etc. 6d. pkt.

LUPINUS. Hardy Perennial.

These beautiful hardy Perennials are excellent both for providing cut bloom for indoor decoration and for show in the garden. Sow either in the Autumn or Spring. If the blooms are kept cut and the plants prevented from seeding, flowers may be had for a period of four to five months.

LUPINUS (Perennial Lupins).
Grendon Modern Strain. For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages; for Seedlings and Crowns, see Page 2.

317. **ARBOREUS, "SNOW QUEEN"**—The snow-white Tree Lupin 6d. pkt.
318. **ARBOREUS, "YELLOW PRINCE"** 6d. pkt.
319. **POLYPHYLLUS, DOWNER'S HYBRIDS, MIXED**—The colors comprise lovely self tints, as well as rich full shades 9d. pkt.
320. **POLYPHYLLUS, ELLIOTT'S SWEET-SCENTED, MIXED**—This strain bears tall, handsome spikes of self or bi-colored flowers, varying from white to the deepest purple and embracing in the ranges shades of pink, fawn and combinations of pale blue and white, pink and purple, rose and white, etc. 9d. pkt.

ORDER FLOWER SEEDS BY NUMBER ONLY, GIVING DATE OF CATALOG.

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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

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LUPINS.

Valuable for mixed borders, beds and for cutting. Sow seed in either the Autumn or Spring.

321. **BLUE PEARL**—Deep shade of blue .. 6d. pkt.

322. **PINK PEARL** .. 6d. pkt.

323. **FINEST MIXED**—A choice mixture .. 6d. pkt.

MALOPE.

Hardy Annual.

324. **MIXED**—Showy border Annuals, large mal-low-like flowers of the easiest culture. Sow either in Autumn or Spring .. 3d. pkt.

MARIGOLD.

Annuals.

Both the French and African Marigolds are tender Annuals, and cannot be safely planted out in the open ground till the end of September or early October. Seed should not be sown in the open till the beginning of October. The best effects from Marigolds are obtained by massing the plants together. In the case of African and French Marigolds, the plants should be put out from 24 to 30 inches apart. The Giant French Tree Marigold is suitable for isolated specimens, and should not be planted closer than 4 feet apart.

African Varieties.

325. **LEMON PRIZE STRAIN**—Large blooms of rich lemon yellow shade. 2 ft. .. 6d. pkt.

326. **ORANGE PRIZE STRAIN**—Rich deep orange colored flowers. 2 ft. .. 6d. pkt.

TALL AFRICAN PRIMROSE QUEEN.

For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages.

327. **LEMON & ORANGE PRIZE STRAINS, MIXED**—A selected strain .. 6d. pkt.

328. **FINE MIXED**—A good mixed strain. 2 ft. .. 1/- 4oz.; 6d. pkt.



No. 326. Marigold, African Orange Prize Strain.

TESTIMONIAL.

Pine Grove, Warrion.
18/3/29.

"I exhibited cut flowers last week at a Show, and was very fortunate. The African Marigold blooms, Lemon and Orange (from seed purchased from you) are beautiful and very large. I took first prize with them. Thanking you very kindly for favoring me with such lovely seeds."

Mrs. H. L.

Marigold, French Sorts.

329. **DWARF DOUBLE PIGMY SORTS**—Grows about 12 inches high. Very useful for borders, mixed shades .. 6d. pkt.

330. **GIANT TREE**—A tall growing variety, the plant attaining a height of from 6 to 8 feet. The flowers, which are not large in size, are borne in great profusion, and are of a brownish-yellow or tango shade .. 4/- 4oz.; 6d. pkt.

331. **LEGION OF HONOUR**—The flowers are of a rich golden-yellow, relieved by a broad purple blotch. Dwarf growing. 1 ft. .. 6d. pkt.

332. **SCOTCH PRIZE**—Extra large and well-formed gold-striped flowers. 2 ft. .. 6d. pkt.

333. **FINE MIXED**—2 ft. .. 1/- 4oz.; 3d. pkt.

MANDEVILLEA SUAVEOLENS.

Perennial

Climber.

334. Fine deciduous creepers, with handsome foliage and white trumpet-shaped flowers. Sow either Autumn or Spring.

335. **MATHIOLA BICORNIS** (Evening-Scented-Stock)—A charming Hardy Annual, producing lilac flowers, which assume a delicious fragrance as soon as the sun has set. Sow either Autumn or Spring .. 6d. pkt.

MIGNONETTE.

Hardy Annual.

Sow the seed of this Hardy Annual where the plants are to remain. Sow either in early Autumn or Spring.

336. **GOLDEN MACHET**—1½ ft. .. 6d. pkt.

337. **GOLIATH**—Color bright red. 1½ ft. .. 6d. pkt.

338. **INCOMPARABLE**—Beautifully sweet-scented, with fine large dark red flowers .. 9d. pkt.

339. **MACHET, IMPROVED SELECTED STRAIN**—Foliage dark green, sweet-scented red flowers. 1½ ft. .. 2/- 4oz.; 6d. pkt.

340. **RED GIANT**—Large flowers. 1½ ft. .. 6d. pkt.

341. **LARGE FLOWERING**—Very sweet-scented. 1½ ft. .. 1/3 4oz.; 3d. pkt.

MIMOSA.

Half-Hardy Annual.

342. **PUDICA** (Sensitive Plant)—A very interesting and curious plant, the leaves closing if touched or shaken. Pink flowers. Sow in Spring 3d. pkt.

MIMULUS (Musk).

Hardy Perennial.

The Monkey Musk includes some wonderful combinations of colors, being easily grown. Seed may be sown in Autumn or Spring.

343. **CLAPHAM'S SUPERB STRAIN** (Monkey Musk)—A very choice selected strain .. 6d. pkt.

344. **MOSCHATUS** (Musk) — Sweet-scented old English Musk, with bright yellow flowers. Suitable only for growing in pots, window boxes, etc. .. 6d. pkt.

MINA LOBATA.

Annual Climber.

345. **MINA LOBATA**—Well worth growing. The flowers are at first of a vivid red, later changing to a creamy white. Sow in Spring .. 6d. pkt.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not).

Hardy Perennial.

This useful Hardy Perennial may be utilised for Winter, Spring and Summer bloom by making Successional Sowings. For Winter flowers sow the seed early in January.

346. **ARVENSIS**—Old English variety, with pale blue flowers. 1 ft. .. 3d. pkt.

347. **OBLONGATA PERFECTA**—The finest of all the Forget-me-nots. The deep sky blue flowers are borne on long stems .. 6d. pkt.

348. **RUTH FISCHER**—A fine variety, bearing very large blooms, measuring as much as ½ inch across, and of a pure forget-me-not blue shade .. 1/- pkt.

NASTURTIUM.

Hardy Annuals.

Tom Thumb or Dwarf Varieties.

For covering trellises, fences, arbors, piazzas, trailing from vases, over rockwork, for bedding, etc., nothing can equal the gorgeous effect produced by their marvellous wealth of bloom, borne in uninterrupted splendor from early Summer until cut down by frost. Sow in Spring.

349. **EMPRESS OF INDIA**—Rich shade of deep crimson scarlet. Dark foliage .. 3d. pkt.

350. **MIXED**—Excellent for bedding 3d. pkt.; 1/- oz. Climbing Varieties.

351. **TALL MIXED**—Doing well in out-of-the-way spots, and providing bloom for house and table decoration .. 3d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

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73 ELIZABETH ST.
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NEMOPHILA.

Hardy Annual.

This is one of the most charming and generally useful genus of dwarf-growing Hardy Annuals. **Sow in the Autumn or Spring.**

- 352. MIXED**—This mixture includes several distinct varieties **3d. pkt.**
353. INSIGNIS—Deep sky blue flowers. Excellent for window boxes **3d. pkt.; 2/- oz.**

NEMESIA.

Hardy Annual.

These Annuals are very suitable for bedding and bordering. **Sow in the Autumn or Spring.**

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 377-378, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price, 8/2, Post Free.

- 354. BLUE GEM**—Flowers of a beautiful shade of Forget-me-not blue. $\frac{3}{4}$ ft. **9d. pkt**
355. STRUMOSA SUTTONII GRANDIFLORA—A particularly choice strain. The mixture includes a wide range of colors covering white, yellow, cream, ochre, orange, flame, scarlet, and deep red **9d. pkt.**

NEPETA.

Hardy Perennial.

- 356. MUSSINI (Catmint)**—An excellent plant for rock gardens and edgings. The blue-grey foliage surmounted by pale mauve flowers make a pretty and lasting effect. **Sow either in Autumn or Spring** **1/- pkt.**

NICOTIANA.

Hardy Annual.

- 357. HYBRIDS, MIXED**—A fine strain including a wide range of shades. Well worth growing in every garden. Highly recommended. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. **Sow the seed in Spring** **6d. pkt.**

NIGELLA.

Hardy Annual.

A useful Hardy Annual plant, suitable both for garden decoration and for providing cut bloom. **Sow the seed either in Autumn or Spring.** Very easy to grow, and flowers for a long period.

- 358. MISS JEKYLL**—True bright Cornflower blue. Excellent for cutting. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. **6d. pkt.**
359. MISS JEKYLL, WHITE—A beautiful white flowering variety. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. **6d. pkt.**
360. FINE MIXED— $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. **3d. pkt.**

OENOTHERA.

Hardy Annual.

- 361. AFTERGLOW (Evening Primrose)**—A new improved variety. The bright red calyx intensifies the yellow of the flower. The plants continue to bloom throughout the Summer. **Sow either in Autumn or Spring** **6d. pkt.**

PANSY

Our Great Specialty.

We make Pansies one of our specialties, and spare no expense or trouble in procuring, direct from the growers, the finest strains obtainable, and have every confidence in recommending them as being very superior.

Pansy seed may be sown practically the whole year round, but the best results will be obtained by sowing the seed during January, February and March, transplanting out the seedlings before the weather gets too cold, and growing the plants for late Winter, Spring and Summer bloom.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 379 TO 383, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

362. "INCOMPARABLE" (Gill & Searle's Special Mixture)—The mixture "Par excellence in Pansy seed. We have every confidence in saying that no mixture of Pansy seed throughout the world is more consistent in producing so high a percentage of first-class blooms as "Incomparable." Numerous testimonials received from time to time from all parts of Australasia, together with the prizes won at various shows, testify to the high quality of the strain. The newest introductions of "Known and Tested Merit" are each year added to the strain, and no expense is spared in maintaining and improving the standard of this special mixture **2/6 & 5/- pkt.**

Pansy—Continued.

- 363. BATH'S EMPRESS. EXTRA SELECTED STRAIN, MIXED**—This strain comprises the magnificent varieties specially selected for the Royal Gardens at Frogmore. The most striking and richest in color of all Pansies, and more floriferous than most of the other leading strains **2/6 & 5/- pkt.**
364. BRONZE EMPRESS—A superb strain of fancy Pansies, of the largest size. This is the result of many years selection and has a world-wide reputation **2/6 pkt.**
365. ENGLISH & SCOTCH, MIXED—Contains many fine varieties, covering a very wide range of shades. A very choice strain **1/6 pkt.**
366. MASTERPIECE—The flowers are very large, of great substance, perfectly round, and borne on long, strong stems **1/- pkt.**



Pansy, Gill & Searle's Incomparable Strain.

- 367. NON PLUS ULTRA, MIXED**—A reliable and thoroughly proved strain, containing many fine colors. Highly recommended **1/- pkt.**
368. MADAME PERRET—A well-known French strain, comprising pink and red shades. The flowers are very large and vary in color from light pink through various shades down to the deepest crimson **9d. pkt.**

PANSY, ROGGLI'S GIANTS.

Exhibition Strain. For full description, see Novelty and Specialty pages. For Seedlings see page 2, also Colored Plate on the front cover of this Catalog.

TESTIMONIAL.

Carapocoe, Vic., 25/1/29.

"I also wish to tell you that the Pansies (Roggli's Giants), which I got from you were not beaten at one Show this year. I got first at every Show I entered them at. They were the most beautiful blooms one would wish to see. Some of the plants were over 12 inches in height."

Mr. E. S.

For Show Blooms Grow Roggli's Giant Exhibition Pansy.

Telephone Nos.—
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GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I.

PANSY—Continued.

- 369. IMPROVED PEACOCK**—A very large flowered Giant Pansy. The blooms are of a clear shade of slate-blue, edged with white 1/- pkt.
370. LORD BEACONSFIELD—The blooms are large the top petals being of a deep purple-violet shaded to very pale blue on the lower part of the flower 6d. pkt.
371. FAIRY QUEEN—The flowers are of azure blue, with white edge the whole presenting a very striking combination 6d. pkt.

Strong seedlings of the following varieties of Pansies can be supplied in season:—

Roggli's Giants.
Bath's Empress Strain.
Celestial Queen.
Grendon, Special Bedding.
Incomparable Mixture.
Masterpiece Mixture.
Winter-Flowering Mixed.
Choice Mixed Bedding.

For these and other Choice Seedlings and times they are procurable, see Seedling Pages 1 and 2.

Winter Flowering Varieties.

The Winter flowering Pansies are particularly valuable for bedding and bordering, and on account of their early flowering qualities.

- 372. ARTIC KING**—Snow white flowers . . 6d. pkt.
373. CELESTIAL QUEEN—Fine large blooms of beautiful shade of azure blue 6d. pkt.
374. ICE KING—White with dark eye . . . 6d. pkt.
375. MARCHIONESS—Dark velvety purple . 6d. pkt.
376. MARS—Dark cornflower blue 6d. pkt.
377. NIGHT—Pure jet black 6d. pkt.
378. PARINGA—Purplish violet, with top petals shading from pale blue to white 6d. pkt.
379. WINTER SUN—Golden yellow, dark blotch 6d. pkt.

Collection of 8 Separate Colors, 3/6.

- 380. CHOICE MIXED**—Including the above and many other fine shades 6d. pkt.
381. PURPLE BEDDING, MIXED 6d. pkt.
382. FINE MIXED—Fine strain of bedding Pansies 1oz. 3/-; 6d. pkt.

Trimardeau or Giant Pansies.

Trimardeau Pansies are particularly valuable for bedding and bordering, one special feature being the extremely large size of flowers.

The Trimardeau Pansies are offered in seven distinct shades to facilitate working out bedding scheme in color.

- 383. MIXED**—Although the flowers are not large, the strain includes a number of colors, and is very useful for bedding purposes 1oz. 1/-; 6d. pkt.
384. AZURE BLUE—Pale blue flowers . . . 6d. pkt.
385. FIRE KING—Crimson and gold 6d. pkt.
386. FREYA—Silver-edged variety 6d. pkt.
387. KING OF BLACKS 6d. pkt.
388. SNOWFLAKE—Pure white 6d. pkt.
389. WHITE KING—White, purple eye . . . 6d. pkt.
390. YELLOW QUEEN—Large golden yellow flowers, with large black eye 6d. pkt.

The Collection of 7 Named Varieties of Giant Trimardeau Pansies for 3/-.

- 391. GIANT MIXED**—Containing all the above and other shades 1oz. 4/-; 6d. pkt.

PASSIFLORA.

Perennial Climber.

- 392. PASSIFLORA EDULIS (Passion Fruit)**—The edible variety, white flowers . . 1oz. 1/-; 6d. pkt.
393. PASSIFLORA, PERFECTA GIANT MAMMOTH—Improved Giant-fruited type of Passiflora Edulis. The fruit is not only considerably larger, but is of even better flavor and is also much freer in its fruiting propensities than the older variety. Can be thoroughly recommended. Sow either in the Autumn or Spring 1/- pkt.

PELARGONIUM (Geranium). Hardy Perennial.

- 394. ZONALE, FINEST MIXED**—The well-known single Geranium. The seed is saved from selected named varieties and can be relied on to give every satisfaction. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

TESTIMONIAL.

Great Northern, Via Rutherglen.
30/5/29.

"The plants arrived yesterday. They are beautiful—the best plants I have ever had and I've been buying plants for the last eight years."

Miss M. A.

PENTSTEMON.

Hardy Perennial.

- 395. HYBRIDS GRANDIFLORA, MIXED (Giant Flowering)**—A recent introduction in Pentstemons. The flowers are of particularly large size, almost as large as a Gloxiana, and include a very wide range of shades; thoroughly recommended. 3 ft. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 9d. pkt.

PERILLA.

Half-hardy Annual.

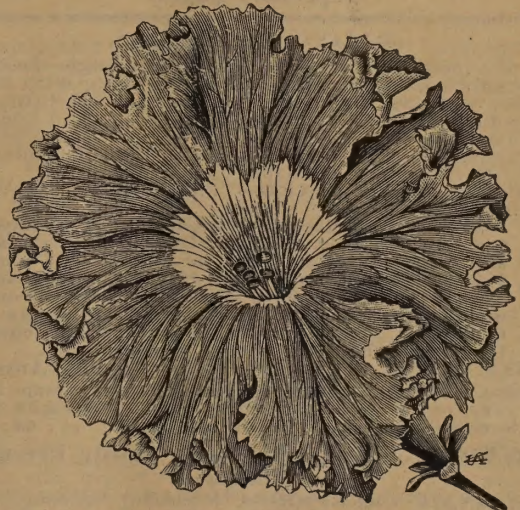
- 396. NANKINENSIS**—Of great value for bedding. The rich bronze foliage makes an attractive table decoration. Height 2 ft. Sow in Spring 6d. pkt.

PETUNIA.

Hardy Annual.

We have devoted much work and careful attention to our strains of these beautiful subjects, and from point of quality doubt if they can be excelled anywhere. They bloom without intermission during the greater part of the year, and produce a very bright effect with a minimum amount of culture. The balcony class are splendid for porch boxes, and long pendant shoots being literally a mass of flower over a period of several months. Petunias delight in a rich loamy soil, and require a fully exposed sunny situation. The plants will last two seasons, but as they become rather woody after a single season's growth, it is better to procure new plants for each year. Sow either in the Autumn or Spring.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 385 to 388, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.



No. 397. Petunia, Giants of California.

PETUNIA, "GRENDON" RUFFLED GIANTS.
Exhibition Strain. For full description, see Novelty and Specialty pages.

TESTIMONIAL.

Wentworth Falls,
Blue Mountains, N.S.W.
6/2/29.

"The 'Grendon Ruffled Giant' Petunias I bought from you last year have had wonderful large and beautiful marked blooms. I secured 1st Prize for a floating bowl of them at the Katoomba Show this year."

Mrs. F. W.

FOR NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES SEE SPECIAL PAGES.

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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

PETUNIA—Continued.

397. "THE GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA" (Gill & Searle's Special Strain)—These bear gigantic flowers, often five or more inches in diameter. They embrace every conceivable shade of crimson, pink, yellow, lavender, black, pure white, etc. One of the chief points of excellence is the diversity of veining in throat, which is very deep. The flowers are beautifully ruffled and frilled, and begin flowering in the late Spring and continue blooming till the end of the Autumn . . . 1/6 & 2/6 pkt.
398. SINGLE FRINGED FIMBRIATA, MIXED—The most delicate ruffled and fringed of all the Petunias. Very free flowering . . . 1/6 pkt.
399. GIANT DOUBLE SEEDING, MIXED—A very large giant-flowering type, having the same habit of growth as the Giants of California, Single. Colors range from deep magneta, rose, variegated and white. Also very delicately frilled and fluted . . . 2/6 pkt.

PETUNIA, ROSE OF HEAVEN.

For full description, see Novelty and Specialty pages.

BEDDING STRAINS. Nana Compacta Type.

400. ROSY MORN — A very charming compact variety, excellent for bedding purposes. The flowers are of bright rosy pink, with white throat. 1 ft. . . . 4/- 1oz.; 6d. pkt.
401. SILVERY LILAC 9d. pkt.
402. VIOLACEA—The blooms are of a beautiful steel blue or deep violet shade without any trace of reddish magneta . . . 1oz. 5/-; 6d. pkt.
403. DWARF MIXED 6d. pkt.
404. SINGLE BEDDING—Fine mixed strain of Petunias; blooms are not large, but are produced in great profusion . . . 2/6 1oz.; 6d. pkt.

PETUNIA, FRINGED ROSE.

For Full Description, see Novelty and Specialty pages.

BALCONY PETUNIAS.

A superb strain of medium size Single bedding Petunias, growing about 12 inches high, with flowers averaging 3 inches across; of special value for window or porch boxes and vases, or solid beds in the garden.

These Petunias will produce an unbroken display of color from late Spring until Autumn.

405. BALCONY, MIXED—This mixture includes blue, red and rose shades 9d. pkt.

Strong well-hardened seedlings of Petunia, Grendon Ruffled Giants (Exhibition Strain), are available from early in August.

Prices, 3/6 per bundle of 12 plants; 25/- 100.

This Special Strain is thoroughly recommended to all who are desirous of having a first-class show in the garden from early December right up to the Winter.

PHACELIA. Hardy Annual.

406. CAMPANULARIA — Flowers rich deep blue, very pretty free flowering plants. Height 9ins. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

PHASEOLUS CARACALLA. Hardy Perennial Climber.

407. SNAIL CREEPER—A beautiful creeper, with lovely sweet-scented blooms of white and purple. Sow either Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

PHLOX "DRUMMONDI" GRANDIFLORA.

Hardy Annuals.

(Gill & Searle's Special Strains.)

The finest strain of Phlox Drummondii obtainable. The flowers are of large size and good color, and the plants are extremely prolific. The best results will be obtained by sowing the seeds where the plants are to remain, from the middle of September to the end of November; and thinning out if necessary. The Mixed contains a particularly wide range of shades, including many new colors.

408. ALBA—Pure white flowers 6d. pkt.
409. BRILLIANT—Rose with darker eye . . . 6d. pkt.
410. DARK PURPLE 6d. pkt.
411. HELIOS—White with purple eye . . . 6d. pkt.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI—Continued.

412. MARS—Bright crimson with white eye 6d. pkt.
413. PINK—Lovely shade of bluish pink . . 6d. pkt.
414. SCARLET—Bright scarlet blooms . . . 6d. pkt.
415. YELLOW—Sulphur yellow 6d. pkt.
- Collection of 6 Varieties of Phlox, 2/6.
416. GRANDIFLORA, MIXED—The strain "par excellence" of Phlox Drummondii. Specially recommended 6d. pkt.
417. GRANDIFLORA, MIXED 1/- pkt.
- GRANDIFLORA MIXED (IN BULK)—
- 418.—1oz. pkt., 2/- 419.—1oz. pkt., 3/6.
- 420.—1oz. pkt., 6/-.
421. DRUMMONDI, MIXED 3d. pkt.
422. CUSPIDATA—Star-shaped flowers . . . 6d. pkt.
423. DWARF CECILY, MIXED—A fine large flowering strain of Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora, growing from 10 to 12 inches high. Excellent for bedding and bordering. Includes a wide range of shades 6d. pkt.

Perennial Phlox.

424. DECUSSATA—This choice strain of the Perennial Phlox contains a very wide range of colors, including the best of the named sorts. The plants grow about 24 inches high, and bear fine large heads of bloom 6d. pkt.



No. 428. Watts' Polyanthus Primroses.

POLYANTHUS. Hardy Perennial.

Sow the seed in boxes or seed pans in the Autumn or Spring, placing crocks over the drainage holes, covering these with coarse leafmold or moss, and filling up with a mixture of two parts of fine loam, and one part sand. Sow the seed thinly, and barely cover it with fine sand.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 389-390, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

425. BLUE FLOWERED—Shades ranging from purple and violet to blue. 1 1/2 ft. . . . 1/6 pkt.
426. GIANT YELLOW—Very choice, produces fine large golden yellow flowers. 1 ft. 6d. pkt.
427. CHOICE MIXED—1 ft. 6d. pkt.

Polyanthus Primrose.

428. WATT'S SELECT SUPERBA STRAIN—The best of all Polyanthus and Primrose families. A particularly choice strain, embracing a very wide range of colors 1/- pkt.

PRIMROSE. Hardy Perennial.

For Cultural Directions see Polyanthus.

429. BLUE SHADES—The colors range from pale lavender through to deep violet and dark blue. 1 ft. 1/6 pkt.
430. DEAN'S HYBRIDS—Include a wide range of shades. Highly recommended 9d. pkt.
431. YELLOW—English yellow Primrose . . 6d. pkt.

See Pages 1 and 2 for Complete List of Flower Seedlings.

PORTULACA.

Half-hardy Annual.

Highly recommended for Summer and Autumn bordering. Seed may be sown in boxes early in September, and sowings may be made where the plants are to remain from about the first week in October onwards. Transplant about 6 inches apart.

432. SINGLE MIXED—This fine strain includes a wide range of colors. ½ ft. . . 1/6 4oz.; 3d. pkt.

423. DOUBLE CHOICE MIXED—A choice double-flowering type. ½ ft. 6d. pkt.

POPPY, ICELAND.

Perennial Sorts.

Seed of the Annual Shirley varieties may be sown either during the Autumn or in the Spring. Seed of the Perennial varieties may be sown during the same period, but the best result will be obtained from the Iceland varieties by sowing the seed in seed boxes (kept in canvas covered frame) from the end of December to the middle of February, hardening off the seedlings and planting out as early as possible in the Autumn to have the plants well established before the cold weather sets in. Keep the blooms cut or picked, and do not allow them to go to seed on the plants as this reduces the flowering period. If the ends of the stems are dipped in a jug of hot water immediately after picking, the flowers will last during cold weather for 10 days or a fortnight.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 391-392, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER. Price 8/2, Post Free.



434. ICELAND POPPY, "GRENDON" HYBRIDS, MIXED.

A new Australian re-selected strain of new colors in Iceland Poppies. See Novelty and Specialty Pages for full description. Price, 7/6 4oz.; 1/- pkt.

TESTIMONIAL.

Kilkenny, Sth. Aust.
26/3/29.

"Last year with flowers grown from Grendon Iceland Poppy Seeds supplied by your firm my daughter won the bowl at the Royal Society Amateur Day (9 entries), won the bowl at Woodville Society Show, second with bowl at Unley Society and first with vase at Blackwood Show."

Mr. J. S.

POPPY, ICELAND—Continued.

435. ICELAND POPPY, SUNBEAM HYBRIDS—A re-selected strain, representing a great improvement on the ordinary Iceland Poppies. The flowers are of much greater size, and are borne on longer stems, thus rendering this new strain particularly valuable for decorative purposes, and can be confidently recommended to all lovers of this useful and beautiful Winter flower 3/6 4oz.; 9d. pkt.
436. ICELAND POPPY, COONARA PINKS (Re-selected)—A selection of rose and pink shades. Our strain has been re-selected, and can be thoroughly recommended 7/6 4oz.; 1/- pkt.
437. ICELAND POPPY, TANGERINE—Lovely shade of deep tangerine orange 6d. pkt.
438. ICELAND POPPY, WHITE 6d. pkt.
439. ICELAND POPPY, YELLOW 6d. pkt.
440. ICELAND POPPY, MIXED 2/6 4oz.; 6d. pkt.
441. ORIENTAL POPPY, CRIMSON 6d. pkt.
442. ORIENTAL POPPY, HYBRIDS, MIXED—Containing many beautiful shades ranging from the palest orange through to the deepest crimson. 2 ft. 6d. pkt.

POPPY, SHIRLEY.

Hardy Annual.

443. "DELICATA" (DOUBLE SHIRLEY)—A beautiful double-flowering Shirley Poppy, the flowers of which very much resemble double Begonias. The colors range from pure white, blush, pale pink, rose pink, scarlet and rich crimson, whilst many of the flowers show a picottee edge 6d. pkt
444. AMERICAN LEGION—A Single Poppy, bearing blooms of enormous size and of a brilliant shade of rich orange-scarlet. The blooms are borne on long stout stems 6d. pkt.
445. FLANDERS—Single red Poppy 6d. pkt.

POPPY, POMPADOUR.

For full description, see Novelty and Specialty pages.

446. SHIRLEY POPPY, REV. WILKS' STRAIN, MIXED—Contains many beautiful shades. The seed of this well-known strain is saved only from the choicest flowers 1/3 4oz.; 3d. pkt.

PRIMULA.

Annual.

The Malacoides are excellent both for window boxes, for the greenhouse and for growing out of doors for Winter bordering. The Sinensis and other types are better adapted to greenhouse culture. Sow from October to December.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 394-395, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

447. SINENSIS "GIGANTEA FIMBRIATA", MIXED —The choicest of all the Primulas. An extra fine strain, containing a wide and varied assortment of colors. Specially recommended. The flowers are very large 2/- pkt.
448. MALACOIDES, LAVENDER—For Winter bedding. The flowers are pale lavender, borne on long stems 4oz. 4/6; 6d. pkt.
449. MALACOIDES, PRINCESS MARY — Flowers good size, are of rose pink shade 9d. pkt.
450. OBCONICA GRANDIFLORA—A splendid strain of Primula Obconica producing large flowers. Mixed colors. Perennial 1/6 pkt.
451. STELLATA (Star Primrose)—Mixed colors. Bears beautiful star-shaped flowers 1/6 pkt.

PYRETHRUM.

Hardy Perennial.

This fine Hardy Perennial is not as widely grown as its merits deserve. Sow the seed in the Autumn or Spring.

452. "GOLDEN FEATHER" (Exhibition Border)—A dwarf growing variety, with bright golden foliage. ¾ ft. 3d. pkt.
453. "GOLDEN MOSS"—Bright golden yellow foliage. The foliage is curled and twisted like moss. ¾ ft. 9d. pkt.
454. HYBRIDUM GRANDIFLORUM, MIXED — Large-flowered strain, including a large number of shades. 3 ft. 6d. pkt.

Telephone Nos.—
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

RANUNCULUS.

Hardy Perennial.

See Bulb Section for the Tubers.

This fine Spring-flowering bulb makes a fine display in the garden, and is also most useful for cut bloom for indoor decoration. To have the plants flowering the first season, seed must be sown in December to March.

455. **ASIATICUS SUPERBISSIMUS, MIXED**—A very choice selected strain. Includes a very wide range of shades and colors . . . 2/- 1oz.; 6d. pkt.

RANUNCULUS.

Gill & Searle's Special Selected Strain.
For full description, see Specialty and Novelty pages. For Seedlings, see page 2, also Colored Plate.

SALPIGLOSSIS.

Annual.

A bed of these beautiful plants is easily one of the most striking features in any garden. They are of the easiest culture, succeeding in good ordinary soil and in sunny position. The plants grow from 24 to 30 inches high, blooming all Summer till frost. Splendid for cutting. Sow in Spring.

456. **EMPEROR, MIXED**—A very choice large flowered strain . . . 6d. pkt.

457. **GRANDIFLORA, MIXED**—Very free flowering and useful type . . . 3d. pkt.



No. 458. *Salvia Bonfire*.

SALVIA.

Perennial.

This showy Perennial makes literally a blaze of color in the garden, and is one of the most decorative border plants for Summer bedding. Sow in Spring.

458. **BONFIRE**—Scarlet flowers . . . 3/6 1oz.; 6d. pkt.

459. **FARINACEA**—The blooms are borne on long spikes, and are of a delicate shade of lavender-blue. 2 to 2½ ft. . . 6d. pkt.

460. **LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY**—A very dwarf growing variety, particularly well suited for bordering. Brilliant bright scarlet flowers. 1 ft. . . 9d. pkt.

461. **PATENS**—Gentian blue flowers . . . 1/- pkt.

SCABIOUS.

Hardy Perennial.

(Sweet Scabious or Pin Cushion Flower.)

These beautiful flowers in exquisite shades are borne on long stems, and when cut, keep in perfect condition for the best part of a week. They make effective borders or beds, and no garden is complete without Scabious, especially when flowers are wanted for cutting. Sow either in Autumn or Spring.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO
PAGES 398-400, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN
GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

Annual Varieties.

- 462. **AZURE FAIRY**—Pale mauve shade . . . 6d. pkt.
- 463. **EGMONT**—Pure white flowers . . . 6d. pkt.
- 464. **GOZO**—Bright crimson flowers . . . 6d. pkt.
- 465. **LESBOS**—Purplish-black blooms . . . 6d. pkt.
- 466. **MARELLA**—Bright rose . . . 6d. pkt.
- 467. **MELITA**—Soft delicate pink flowers . . . 6d. pkt.
- 468. **OROYA**—Rich shade of sulphur-yellow . . . 6d. pkt.

For Colors of Scabious, see Colored Plate.

469. **PEACH BLOSSOM**—Beautiful shade of Peach Blossom Pink; the flowers are very large and borne on long stems . . . 6d. pkt.

470. **SHASTA**—A pure white Scabious of enormous size, the flowers measuring three and a half inches across, long stems . . . 6d. pkt.

Collection of 6 Varieties of Annual Scabious, 2/6.

471. **TALL MIXED**—A splendid mixture of the tall growing Annual Scabious . . . 1/6 1oz.; 3d. pkt.

Perennial Varieties.

472. **COLUMBARIA**—Flowers delicate mauve. The very freely produced flowers measure 2 to 2½ inches across, are of beautiful shape . . . 1/- pkt.

473. **CAUCASICA PERFECTA**—Rich blue, each flower having a white centre . . . 9d. pkt.

474. **JAPONICA**—Large flowers of a beautiful shade of clear mauve . . . 6d. pkt.

SCHIZANTHUS.

Hardy Annual.

The Wisetonensis type is better adapted for greenhouse culture, while the Hybridus Grandiflorus can be used both for pot culture and for growing outdoors in a sheltered position. Sow either in the Autumn or Spring.

TESTIMONIAL.

Latrobe, Tasmania.
21/11/29.

"From a packet of Roggli's Giant Pansy seed purchased from you last season, I had wonderful results. A 2/6d. packet produced over 200 seedlings, which quickly grew into strong healthy plants with large flowers of good colors. 'Roggli's Giants' are certainly the best Pansies I have ever grown, and all those who purchased seedlings from me were loud in their praise of them."

Miss E. B.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO
PAGES 401-402, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN
GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

475. **WISETONENSIS**—The strain for growing as pot plants. Excellent for cool greenhouses and indoor decoration. The variations of markings and combinations of color render this a most useful plant. 18 in. . . 1/- pkt.

476. **HYBRIDUS GRANDIFLORUS, MIXED**—Large flowering strain, embracing a wide range of fine shades . . . 6d. pkt.

477. **HYBRIDUS GRANDIFLORUS "INCOMPARABLE"**—The finest strain of Schizanthus Hybridus Grandiflorus yet offered. This "Incomparable" strain comprises colors ranging from dark purple and violet shades through from maroon, crimson, rose, amber, golden-yellow and pink, as well as pure white, and can be most successfully grown both out of doors and under glass . . . 1/- pkt.

SESBANIA.

Hardy Perennial.

478. **TRIPETHI (Brazilian Glory Pea)**—A magnificent flowering shrub. Grows to a height of 9 feet or more, and covered with graceful Mimosa-like foliage. The flowers are carried in bunches of racemes, and are a delightful shade of orange, scarlet or tango. *Sesbania* will not stand transplanting, and seed must be sown thinly where the plants are to remain. Sow in Spring . . . 1/- pkt.

SILENE.

Hardy Annual.

479. **MIXED**—Bright colored, free-flowering plants. Very showy and suitable for rock work, etc. Height 1 ft. Sow either in Autumn or Spring. . . 3d. pkt.

For a Glorious Display During the Winter, Plant Our Grendon Art Shades of Iceland Poppies

STOCK

Our Great Specialty.

Early Mammoth Flowering of Nice.

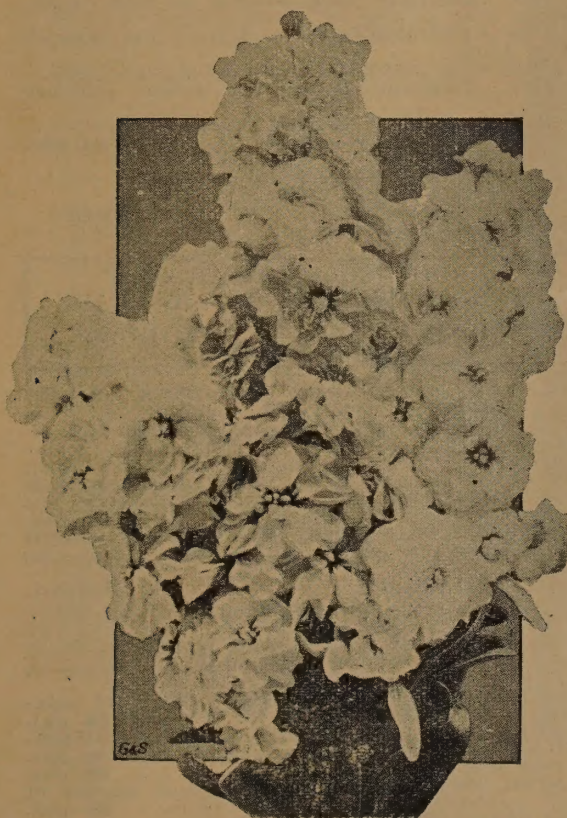
Sow the seed for the Early Large-Flowering (Beauty of Nice) type and Giant Perpetual Branching varieties during **January, February and March** for Winter and Spring bloom, and again in August for Summer and Autumn flowers. Seed of the Ten Week Stocks may also be sown in **August and September** for the same purpose.

480. **ABUNDANCE**—Carmine-rose 6d. pkt.
481. **ALMOND BLOSSOM** 6d. pkt.
482. **BEAUTY OF NICE**—Flesh pink 6d. pkt.
483. **CARINA**—Deep sulphur-yellow shade 6d. pkt.
484. **CRIMSON KING**—Brilliant crimson 6d. pkt.
485. **DARK VIOLET**—Rich deep violet 6d. pkt.
486. **LIGHT VIOLET**—A charming shade 6d. pkt.
487. **MONT BLANC**—Pure white, very fine 6d. pkt.
488. **PEACH BLOSSOM**—Vieux rose 6d. pkt.
489. **QUEEN ALEXANDRA**—Rosy lilac 6d. pkt.
490. **ROSE OF NICE**—Glowing rosy shade 6d. pkt.
491. **SALMON ROSE**—A popular shade 6d. pkt.

Collection of Early Large-Flowering of Nice Stocks, 6 Varieties, 2/6.

492. **NICE VARIETIES, MIXED**—Containing many of the previous varieties and other charming sorts 6d. pkt.
493. **NICE VARIETIES, MIXED**—A larger packet of the above. Splendid value . . 3/6 1oz.; 1/- pkt.

494. **GILL & SEARLE'S "INCOMPARABLE" MIXED**—A highly selected, extra choice strain of "Beauty of Nice" Stock, embracing a very wide range of colors. The percentage of double flowers is extremely high 1/6 pkt.



No. 494. Stock, Early Flowering of Nice, Mixed.

Giant Perpetual Branching Stocks.

The following sorts can all be termed "Two Purpose" varieties, as, besides being of great value

for bedding purposes, their long stems render them excellent for cutting.

495. **PALE BLUE**—A very popular shade . . 6d. pkt.
496. **LAVENDER**—A very delicate shade . . 6d. pkt.
497. **ROSE PINK**—A fine shade of pink . . 6d. pkt.
498. **VIOLET**—A very rich purplish violet . 6d. pkt.
499. **GIANT PERPETUAL MIXED**—Containing the above colors 6d. pkt.
500. **EARLY GIANT IMPERIAL APPLE BLOSSOM**—Plants of tall growth and branching. The flowers are a lovely shade of blush pink . 6d. pkt.

Ten Week Stocks.

501. **GIANT PERFECTION, MIXED**—A very choice strain, containing many charming and beautiful shades. 2½ ft. 3/6 1oz.; 6d. pkt.
502. **TEN WEEK, MIXED**—Open ground saved seed, mixed colors. 1½ ft. 3d. pkt.
503. **PRINCESS ALICE**—White flowers . . 6d. pkt.

BROMPTON STOCKS.

Hardy Perennial.

504. **WHITE LADY**—Very choice white flowering variety 9d. pkt.
505. **MIXED**—Containing several varieties, all colors. 2 ft. 6d. pkt.

STOKESIA.

Hardy Perennial.

506. **CYANEA (Cornflower Aster)**—Fine lavender blue flowers, excellent for cutting. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

TESTIMONIAL.

Nichols Rivulet, Via Cygnet, Tas.
21/7/29.

"The Early Flowering of Nice stock seed I had from you last year was beautiful. I don't think a seed missed and they were nearly all doubles."

Mrs. C. C.

SUNFLOWER (Helianthus).

Hardy Annual.

The Sunflowers cannot be sown in the open ground until late **September or early October**. The seedlings do not transplant well, and the best results will be obtained by sowing the seed where the plants are to grow on.

507. **EXCELSIOR HYBRIDS**—An excellent type of Miniature Sunflower. Flowers large, bright rich golden yellow, with zones of blood red, purple and brown. 4 to 6 ft. 6d. pkt.
508. **GLOBOSUS FISTULOSUS**—Large double orange flowers. 6 ft. 3d. pkt.
509. **LARGE RUSSIAN**—Very large golden yellow flowers, with black centre 3d. pkt.
510. **MINIATURE**—Dwarf variety, with medium-sized golden flowers 1/- 1oz.; 3d. pkt.
511. **MINIATURE "STARLIGHT"**—Large sulphur-yellow cactus-shaped flowers 6d. pkt.
512. **MAROON PRINCE**—True maroon color . 3d. pkt.
513. **RED FLOWERED**—The dark centre is surmounted by a band of purple or chestnut red, the tips of the petals showing the original yellow. 5 ft. 6d. pkt.
514. **SILVER QUEEN**—Silver foliage. 6ft. . 3d. pkt.
515. **STAR-SHAPED, DOUBLE**—A double form of Miniature Sunflower. 2 ft. 3d. pkt.
516. **FINE MIXED**—A mixture containing several fine varieties. Various heights 3d. pkt.

WREATHES FOR FUNERALS.

Beautiful Fresh Flowers of Suitable Variety and Artistic Design Only.

This branch of Gill & Searle's business has grown to such an extent as to warrant a separate department. For the convenience of country clients the wreaths available have been standardised and are made up at the following prices.—

- No. 1, 10/-; No. 2, 15/-; No. 3, 21/-;
No. 4, 30/-; No. 5, 42/-.

These prices include delivery within 6 miles of the G.P.O. Outside that radius the prices are understood, delivered to either Spencer Street or Flinders Street Railway Station.

When Wiring or Writing for Wreaths, Please Mention Number and Price for Our Guidance.

WRITE FOR A COPY OF OUR PLANT AND FRUIT TREE CATALOG.

Telephone Nos.—
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

SWEET PEA

EARLY WINTER FLOWERING.

(GILL & SEARLE'S SPECIAL STRAIN.)

The varieties listed are the true Winter-Flowering type, and if sown late in December will come into bloom in the late Autumn and continue in flower right through the Winter.

By sowing a succession, this splendid class may be had in flower from the middle of April until the middle of November.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 409 to 413, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

These Early Winter-Flowering Sweet Peas are quite distinct from the other types of Early Flowering Sweet Peas being offered.

All the varieties listed here are of the true large flowering Spencer type, 6d. pkt., except where otherwise priced.

- 517. AGINCOURT—Color pure white, with an edging of violet blue on both the standard and wings.
- 518. CAMBRIA—Pink; strong grower.
- 519. CARMONA—Pure white ground, edged with deep shell-pink.
- 520. CHARMEUSE—Bright rich shade of rose.
- 522. GENERAL JOFFRE—Deep maroon.
- 521. DELICATA—A splendid pink.
- 523. GLITTERS—Beautiful cerise color.
- 524. GIANT ROSE—Deep rose 9d. pkt.
- 525. VULCAN—Glowing scarlet cerise.
- 526. ICICLE—A beautiful white variety.
- 527. IGARA—Fine large deep blue flowers.
- 528. IRENE—A fine shade of bluish-lavender.
- 529. MOANA—Delicate shade of soft shell-pink.
- 530. MOERAKI—The finest black-seeded white-flowered variety yet introduced.
- 531. MONTANA—Flowers clear lavender blue.
- 532. ORMONDE—The best of all lavenders.
- 533. ORANGE KING—Glowing intense orange.
- 534. OSTERLEY—Rich shade of mauve.
- 535. PATROBAS—Color deep rose pink.
- 536. PRIMROSE—Deep cream color.

TESTIMONIAL.

Ramsay St., Toowoomba, Q.
8/8/29.

"The Winter Flowering Sweet Peas obtained from you last season are the best I have ever grown; also Grendon Delphiniums and Iceland Poppies."

Mr. Geo. A. S.

- 537. PINK CHEROKEE — Large ruffled flowers, pink, suffused salmon, on a cream ground.
- 538. RADIANCE—The standard is of dazzling flame shade, whilst the wings are orange pink.
- 539. RODOSTO—Rose suffused salmon orange.
- 540. SANTUZZA—Pure orange salmon.
- 541. SOMERLEYTON—Large crimson flowers, beautifully waved and non burning.
- 542. SUNSET—The color may best be described as a glowing poppy scarlet or deep sunset shade, hence the name.
- 543. SWEET LAVENDER—Beautifully waved, self-colored flowers, pure lavender in color.
- 544. VALETTA—Light mauve.
- 545. VERONIQUE—A beautiful shade of rose pink.
- 546. VERSAILLES—Beautiful pale blue shade.
- 547. WARFLAME—Orange salmon shade.

"THE BLAZE."

For full description, see Novelty and Specialty pages.

- 548. YARRAWA PINK—Color rose, changing to light pink standard as the blooms develop, with bluish wings.
- 549. YARRAWA PURPLE—A fine purple shade.
- 550. SPENCER VARIETIES, MIXED—A beautiful mixture containing the large number of named varieties listed as well as many other fine sorts. Most of the plants bear 4 blooms to a stalk. Thoroughly recommended 6d. pkt.
- 551. SPENCER VARIETIES, MIXED—A larger packet of No. 550 1/- pkt.
- 552. SPENCER VARIETIES, MIXED — The same quality as No. 551 2/6 oz.

COLLECTION OF WINTER-FLOWERING SWEET PEAS.

6 Varieties	2/6
12 Varieties	5/-
24 Varieties	9/-

SWEET PEA

LATE FLOWERING.

Sow the seed of the Spring-Flowering varieties from the end of March to the middle of June.

All the Varieties listed here are of the true large flowering Spencer type, 6d. per packet.

- 553. AGRICOLA—Beautiful shade of bluish-lilac.
- 554. ALEXANDER MALCOLM—Scarlet cerise.
- 555. ASTA OHN—Lavender, suffused mauve.
- 556. BARBARA—Fine bright salmon.
- 557. CONSTANCE HINTON—Pure white.
- 558. DEFIANCE—Orange-scarlet variety.
- 559. DOBBIE'S CREAM—Deep cream color.
- 560. EDITH TAYLOR—Beautiful salmon rose.
- 561. ELEGANCE—Blush lilac, suffused pink.
- 562. ELFRIDA PEARSON—Pink.
- 563. FIERY ROSE—Orange cerise.
- 564. HALMARK LAVENDER.
- 565. HEBE—Large-flowered; bright pink.
- 566. ILLUMINATOR — Salmon orange, overlaid cerise pink.
- 567. KING EDWARD VII.—One of the best reds.
- 568. KING MANOEL—Deep maroon.
- 569. KING WHITE—Large flowered; pure white.
- 570. LADY EVELYN EYRE — Blush pink, white ground.
- 571. LAVENDER, GEORGE HERBERT—Fine bluish lavender.
- 572. LORD NELSON—Fine navy blue shade.
- 573. LOYALTY—White, flaked violet.
- 574. MRS. ARNOLD HITCHCOCK — Pale pink, flushed with salmon on cream ground.
- 575. MRS. CUTHBERTSON — Rose pink, pinkish white wings.
- 576. MRS. TOM JONES—Bright delphinium blue.
- 577. MRS. TOWNSEND—White flaked purplish violet.
- 578. PEACE—Delicate soft pale pink.
- 579. PINKIE—Deep rose pink 9d. pkt.
- 580. ROSABELLE—Light rose blooms.
- 581. ROYAL PURPLE—Rich purple.
- 582. SCARLET EMPEROR—Rich scarlet.
- 583. THE PRESIDENT—Dazzling orange scarlet.
- 584. WEDGWOOD—Azure blue.

CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF SPRING-FLOWERING SWEET PEAS.

6 VARIETIES, 2/6.	12 VARIETIES, 5/-.
24 VARIETIES, 9/-.	

- 585. WAVED STANDARD VARIETIES, MIXED (Spencer)—The finest mixture of Sweet Peas obtainable. Includes all the named varieties listed, and other good sorts. Thoroughly recommended 6d. pkt.
- 586. WAVED STANDARD VARIETIES, MIXED (SPENCER)—The same mixture as above, but a larger packet. Splendid value 1/- pkt.
- 587. WAVED STANDARD VARIETIES, MIXED (Spencer)—Same quality as 586 2/6 per oz.

SWEET WILLIAM.

Biennial.

One of the most highly esteemed of all hardy garden plants. Although the plants last over two seasons, it is generally advisable to make a fresh sowing each Spring, for blossoming the following year. Sow either in the Autumn or Spring.

- 588. AURICULA-EYED, MIXED—A splendid mixture 1/6 1oz.; 3d. pkt.
- 589. AURICULA-EYED, EXTRA LARGE FLOWERING—Producing large blooms 6d. pkt.
- 590. DOUBLE MIXED—1½ ft. 6d. pkt.
- 591. PINK SHADES—Embraces various shades of pink, carmine and light rose. 1½ ft. 6d. pkt.
- 592. SCARLET BEAUTY—Deep scarlet 6d. pkt.

SUBSTITUTES.—Should the stock of any variety ordered be exhausted, we shall, to save delay, send in its place the most suitable substitute, unless instructed to the contrary.

For Full List of Flower Seedlings, See Pages 1 and 2.



Gill & Searle Pty. Ltd.

Novelties & Specialties

In Flower and Vegetable Seeds.

NOTE—The description given in all cases are those of the raiser or introducer

PANSY, Roggli's Giants.

GILL & SEARLE'S EXHIBITION
STRAIN

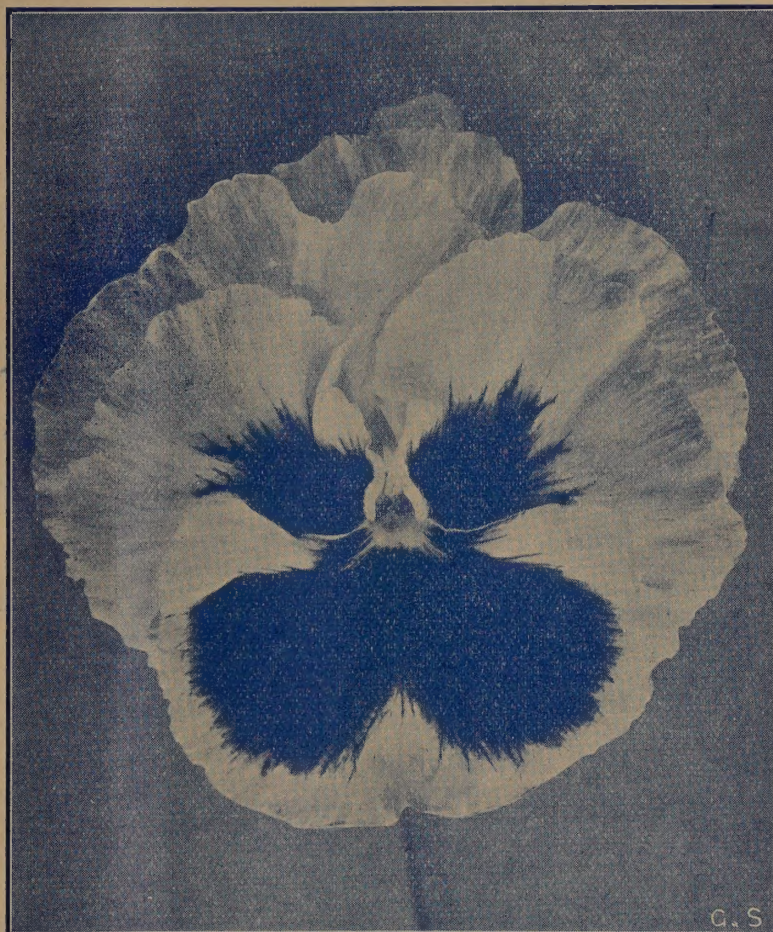
(Awarded Many Prizes.)

An exhibition strain of Pansies of exceptional merit. The plants distinguish themselves by their robust growth and form large circular bushes with strikingly large healthy-looking foliage. The enormous flowers are freely produced on long, strong stems. The individual petals of the flowers are exceedingly broad and cover each other in such a manner as to make the blooms appear almost double. It is not only the enormous size of the flowers that makes these Pansies so attractive, but the glorious shades of color and their exceptional brilliancy, many of them possessing a velvety sheen which greatly enhances their beauty.

The accompanying illustration, which is of a flower measuring $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches across, taken from a plant grown in sandy soil, and without any special attention conveys an idea of the size which these Pansies can be grown under ordinary conditions.

Seed 2/6 and 5/- per Packet.

(For Seedlings, see Page 2.)



Pansy, Roggli's Giant Exhibition Strain.

TESTIMONIAL.

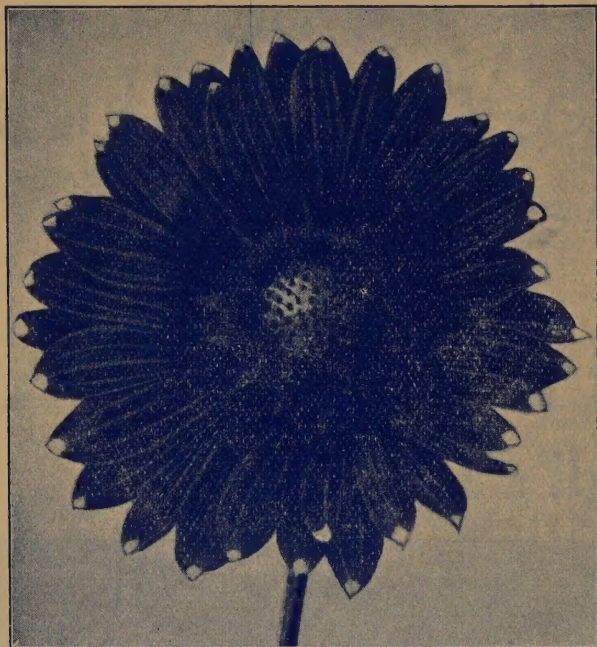
Dear Sirs,

A few months ago I purchased a packet of "Roggli's Giants" Pansy seed. I want to say how pleased I am with the results. I have grown Pansies for many years past and can safely say that this strain is easily the finest I have ever grown, especially as to colors, size and formation, and can thoroughly recommend same.

Yours truly, E. A. WILMOT.

73 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE, C.1.

Phones: F 3645, 3646.



Gaillardia, Grandiflora Bremen.

GAILLARDIA, Grandiflora Bremen

Flowers Coppery-scarlet with a Dark Brown disc which, according to the raiser, comes 60 per cent. true from seed. The plants attain a height of 2½ feet and the flowers measure 3 inches across. Ideal for cutting.

1/3 per Packet.

LARKSPUR

**Tall Branching Double Stock Flowered
Empress Rose**

A rich Rhodonite Pink changing to Hermosa Pink with no trace of Mauve. This magnificent new strain is a double ever-blooming, super-branching Larkspur and grows over 6 feet tall. The mammoth florets are well placed on the stem, not overcrowding, and coming practically 100 per cent. true. As a cut flower "EMPRESS ROSE" is unsurpassed for color, keeping qualities and for its tall branching habit.

1/- per Packet.

**HELICHRYSUM MONSTROSUM
Silvery Pink**

A soft pleasing shade of delicate Silvery Cameo Pink. The dainty delicate color is something quite new and heretofore unknown in Helichrysums. The blooms are quite large, slightly over two inches in diameter.

9d. per Packet.

"Service and Satisfaction" is our Business Policy. Write us when you require information or if we can be of use at any time.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA, Ramona

Among the many fancy varieties of Eschscholtzias introduced during the past year, Ramona stands out as a distinct and very charming type in the frilled class. It is single, but the frills give it appearance of a semi-double. The color is pale, but glittering Coppery-gold with Pink shadings, and is very pleasing to the eye. This unusually attractive Novelty, which is well fixed, should be included in every collection.

9d. per Packet.



Hollyhock, Double Imperator.

HOLLYHOCK, Double Imperator

A wonderful new acquisition in Hollyhocks. The plants grow to a height of 4½ to 5½ feet and display the habits of the well-known Scottish Hollyhock. The flowers measure from 5½ to 6½ inches across, and in appearance are quite unlike anything as yet known. The color display is extraordinarily rich, graduating from Dark Scarlet to Cream, with Pink edging and Salmon-colored collar, or Canary Yellow centre with Pink collar, or the reverse, and many other attractive combinations.

1/3 per Packet.

SUNFLOWER, Maroon Prince

For several years we have been growing a select strain of tall, Red Sunflower, but with Maroon Prince we are offering our customers a dwarf-growing strain. This is a true Maroon in color, single, and is unquestionably the best Red Sunflower on the market today.

9d. per Packet.



RANUNCULUS

GILL & SEARLE'S EXHIBITION STRAIN MIXED (Double Type).

This superior strain of Ranunculus is of robust habit and very free flowering. The flowers are double, of immense size and combine every possible shade of color. The plants are vigorous and produce flowers on long, erect stems, providing excellent material for cutting, and being unsurpassable for table decoration. 1/- per Packet.

(See Colored Plate.)

Those who prefer to buy Seedlings rather than raise their own plants, are well catered for. See Seedlings Pages 1 and 2.

Ranunculus. Gill & Searle's Exhibition Strain, Mixed.

TESTIMONIAL.

High Street, Carlton.
28/10/29.

"I would like to especially praise those Ranunculus advertised as a specialty in your 1929 Catalog. The seedlings raised from seed this year have been flowering for several weeks and the Catalog description of the blooms is certainly not exaggerated. I have shown them twice for 2 First Prizes."

Mr. L. J. B.

EARLY WINTER FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS

The Blaze

A glistening fiery orange of great substance; under artificial light it is gorgeous. The flowers are large and bold, well placed on long stout stems, which carry threes and fours. In our trials last season "The Blaze" proved itself sunproof, superseding all other orange varieties. This blazing orange is a distinct improvement to the Early Flowering group, and will become a great favorite with the florist growers.

1/- per Packet.

VIOLA, Apricot

Few plants are of more general usefulness for Winter flowers in the garden than the Viola, and the good qualities possessed by these plants are present in even greater measure in this new variety. The flowers, which are produced in great profusion, remain in bloom for a very long period. The color of the flowers is a beautiful shade of Apricot-Yellow tinged Orange; quite distinct from any other Viola yet introduced.

1/- per Packet.

73 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE, C.1.

III



Verbena, Hybrida Collossea.

VERBENA, Hybrida Collossea, Mixed

A very fine new race, bearing large umbels of flowers, each of which exceeds an inch in diameter, the difference in size between them and the Mammoth class being as great as that between the latter and the ordinary Verbena Hybrida. It is not therefore the case of an improved Mammoth, but the creation of an entirely new class. We may add that it is fixed in character and is available in Mixed Shades.

1/- per Packet.

Phones: F 3645, 3646.



Iceland Poppy, Grendon Art Shades.

ICELAND POPPY Grendon Art Shades (RE-SELECTED)

The useful Iceland Poppy, which is valuable both for garden decoration and for cut bloom for the house and table, now ranks as one of our leading Winter and Spring flowers. The "Grendon" strain, with its new shades, will prove a welcome acquisition to this popular class.

This new Australian-raised strain of Iceland Poppy represents a great advance on all previous introductions in new colors of this flower. With the exception of a possible odd plant, "Grendon" Hybrids do not include the older colors, the range of shades covering—Cream, Sulphur, Tango, Mandarin, Flame, Bright Scarlet, Soft Pink, Coral Pink, Rosy Pink, etc., a very charming and useful collection of art shades. Quite apart from its many fine colors, "Grendon" Hybrids marks a very high pitch of efficiency in Iceland Poppies, its special features being the long stout stems, the large-sized blooms, which are beautifully frilled, and its free flowering habit. The strain has been carefully fixed, and will come out about 90 per cent. true. In offering this new "Grendon" Hybrids Iceland Poppy, we do so with every confidence, and can thoroughly recommend it as the best introduction yet sent out in this popular useful Winter and Spring flower.

1/- per Packet.
(For Seedlings, see Page 2.)

73 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE, C. 1.
IV

WALLFLOWER, Early Wonder, Mixed

DOUBLE FLOWERING ANNUAL WALLFLOWER

This splendid double-flowering Wallflower has been obtained by crossing the popular Double Wallflower with the Paris Annual Wallflower, and it has inherited from the latter, the quality of flowering within four to five months from sowing. It reaches a height of 2 to 2½ feet, and its strong, long main spike is thickly covered with large double blossoms.

There are to be found in this new class of Wallflower all colors known among double Wallflowers, such as Canary Yellow, Golden Yellow, Brown and Dark Brown and other colors. They are beautifully sweet-scented and of perfect shape.

9d. per Packet.



Wallflower, Early Wonder.

POPPY Ranunculus Flowered, Double Pompadour

In this Novelty we have the result of continued re-selection and we have secured a very attractive and improved form of the old Ranunculus Flowered Poppy. The range of colors is immense, and we seldom have we seen such beautiful tones. These delicate picotee flowers, which are to be found in abundance, are particularly attractive.

1/- per Packet.

Phones: F 3645, 3646.



Delphinium, Grendon Giant Hybrids.

DELPHINIUM, Grendon Giant Hybrids

Delphiniums are general favorites with the gardening public, and considering the return one gets from growing them, they are worthy of their popularity, and they are undoubtedly one of the most satisfactory plants to grow, producing a wealth of blooms throughout the Summer and Autumn months.

Our Grendon Strain has been greatly admired, containing as it does all the shades of color to be found in this class of flower. It is impossible to describe the beautiful colorings of the flowers, they range through all shades of Blue, from the darkest to the most delicate pale shades, Mauve, Pink, Amethyst, Lavender tints, etc., merging into one another and giving a shot silk appearance to many of the flowers. Others are self-colored in different tones of Blue, some have White centres, others Black or Brown, the latter giving the spike of flower the appearance of being covered with bees. Both the spikes of bloom and the individual blooms

DELPHINIUM, Grendon Giants—Continued.

are exceptionally large. The mixture contains both double and single varieties.

Plant in a protected position in rich, well-limed soil, giving copious supplies of water during dry weather, and occasional waterings with weak liquid manure will benefit the plants considerably. As the spikes are very brittle they should be tied to stakes.

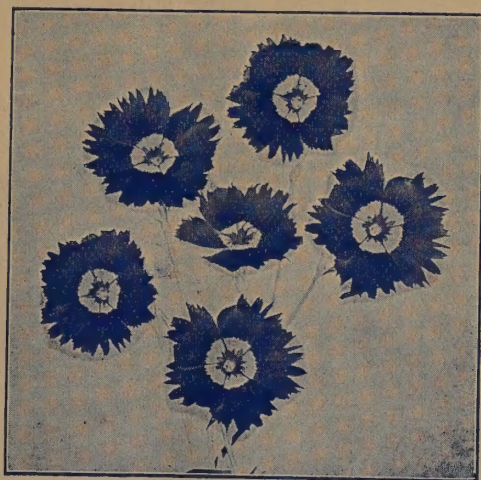
Seed, 2/- per Packet.

(For Crowns and Seedlings, see Page 1.)

DELPHINIUM, Belladonna Improved

A greatly improved strain of the popular Belladonna, with a brighter and larger Blue flower, a more vigorous and taller growth, and excelling any other Belladonna we have ever seen for continuous blooming. It comes true from seed.

2/- per Packet (Stock Limited).



Dianthus, Highland Queen.

DIANTHUS, Highland Queen

This is the finest Dianthus extant, and is ideal for rock-gardens, beds, and front row borders. It is a grand grower, very prolific, almost perpetual, and very brilliant in color, a dazzling Scarlet Vermilion.

1/- per Packet.

CORNFLOWER, Double Mauve Queen

A new color in Double Cornflower. The color is a very pleasing shade of Mauve, and when bunched looks particularly attractive.

1/- per Packet.

NOTE.—The descriptions given are in all cases those of the Raiser or Introducer.

**MARIGOLD, Tall African Double
Primrose Queen**

This is a delightful shade of creamy primrose with a touch of gold, large, very quilled flowers. A worthy companion to this excellent group.

1/- per Packet.

**CALENDULA
Officinalis Flore Pleno "Radio"**

In "Radio" we introduce a variety which is illustrated in the accompanying photograph. Many new Calendulas have been introduced during the past few years, but there has not hitherto been a distinct break in the formation of the flower.

The petals are beautifully quilled, and although the photograph illustrates to a certain degree the striking refinement of this variety, it is really necessary to see the actual flower to appreciate its delicateness. The quilling has an extraordinary effect on the appearance of the flower, and it is really hard to realise that such beauty of form could be attained in a Calendula.

The flower is extremely globular in shape, and does not show the "centre" until a very advanced stage.

We feel confident that this variety will soon attain a great popularity.

1/- per Packet.



Calendula, "Radio."

LARKSPUR, La France

La France is the most striking color of all and, without any question, the most outstanding Novelty for the season. La France is much more vigorous and taller-growing than other light shades of Stock-flowered varieties on the market today, and in our trials for the past three seasons, is more resistant to mildew. The flowers are of a pleasing salmon-pink color. The large, well-formed double flowers, well placed on the long stems to set off its attractions, present a beautiful appearance.

9d. per packet.

73 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE, C.I.

VI



Perennial Lupins, Grendon Modern Strain.

**PERENNIAL LUPINS
Grendon Modern Strain**

Owing to the great improvement made during recent years in this class of Lupins, they have become very popular with the gardening public, being delightful subjects for either garden or house decoration, lasting well on the bush or when cut, the long main spikes being exceptionally useful for the bolder class of decoration and the lateral spikes being more suitable for lighter decoration. They can be likened to Delphiniums in this respect.

Our Grendon Strain possesses wonderful colors, ranging through all shades of Blue, Pink, Yellow, Salmon, Apricot, White, Biscuit, Terra-Cotta and Amethyst, in self-colors, and in combinations of the shades mentioned, some of the art shade combinations being very beautiful.

They are exceedingly easy to grow, requiring very little attention when once established and being deep-rooted will withstand dry weather conditions better than many plants, and, as far as our experience goes, they are not subject to insect pests. To prolong their blooming period, remove the seed pods as they form.

Seed, 1/- per Packet.

(For Seedlings and Crowns, see Page 2.)

Phones: F 3645, 3646.



Petunia, Grendon Ruffled Giants.

PETUNIA, Grendon Ruffled Giants
(EXHIBITION STRAIN)

The largest flowered strain of Petunias in existence, and a great improvement on the Giants of California. The colors are varied and most beautiful, the throats of the flowers are wide and tigred. For exhibition purposes they stand alone.

2/6 and 5/- per Packet.
(For Seedlings, see Page 2.)

PETUNIA, Nana Compacta
Rose of Heaven

A Petunia similar in habit to Rosy Morn, but a more brilliant rose-color and larger flowers.
9d. per Packet.

CALENDULA, Campfire

Great improvement has taken place in the development of the Calendula during the last few years. This variety won immediate favor on account of its vigorous growth. The flowers are borne on long stems and need little disbudding. They are of a beautiful Orange shade with a Scarlet sheen, and are undoubtedly larger than those of any type previously introduced.

1/- per Packet.

PETUNIA, Hybrida Nana Erecta
Fringed Rose

This is a wonderful acquisition to the Nana Erecta group, having the popular Rich Rose Pink color with the edges beautifully fringed. This is sure to become a general favorite not only with the florist, but with all the garden lovers.

1/- per Packet.

73 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE, C.1.

AQUILEGIA

GILL & SEARLE'S SPECIAL STRAIN
OF LONG SPURRED HYBRIDS

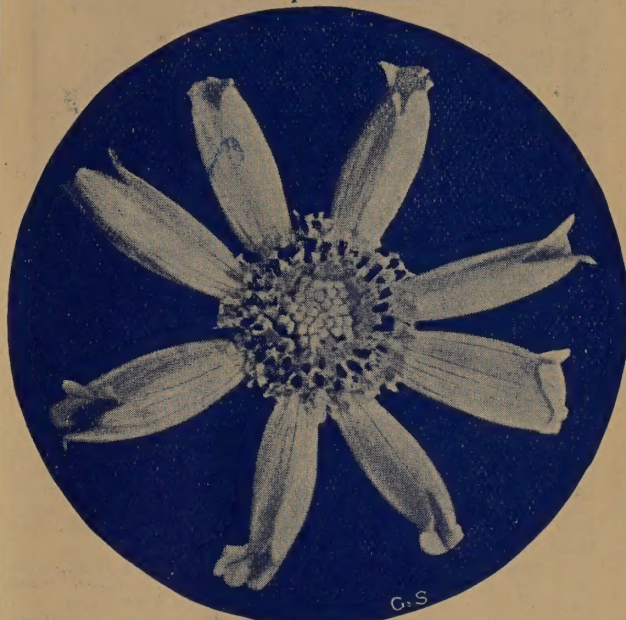
This is the finest strain of Aquilegia yet introduced. The flower stems often measure 40 inches in length and produce magnificent clusters of immense long-spurred single flowers, lasting a long time when cut. The plants are of sturdy growth and absolutely hardy. Colors range from pure White, pure Yellow, Pink with Yellow corolla, Red with Orange corolla, Cerise, Purple, Rose and White, Salmon, Lavender to Mauve, and many other delicate tints. The long-spurred flowers are not only brilliantly effective on the plant, but equally desirable when cut for indoor decoration. (See Colored Plate.)

1/- per Packet.
(For Seedlings, see Page 1.)

LOBELIA, Blue Stone Re-Selected

Lobelia Blue Stone is the result of many years of single plant selection, and we do not hesitate to say that no finer Blue Lobelia can be had from seed.

1/- per Packet.



Cosmos, Hollywood Star.

COSMOS, Hollywood Star

The flowers are Pink, Red and White, borne on long stems and are very useful for cut flowers. We would recommend this as a novelty for amateur gardeners and to those who are looking for odd and striking flowers. It attracts great attention.

1/- per Packet.

TESTIMONIAL.

High Street, Charlton. 28/10/29.
"In the two Spring Shows I have exhibited in this season, I have obtained 13 Firsts and 3 Seconds. I use your seeds exclusively and am only an amateur grower. I can therefore sincerely say that any beginner with the aid of the "Australian Gardener" and your seeds can raise flowers fit for show. Such has been my experience."
Mr. L. J. B.

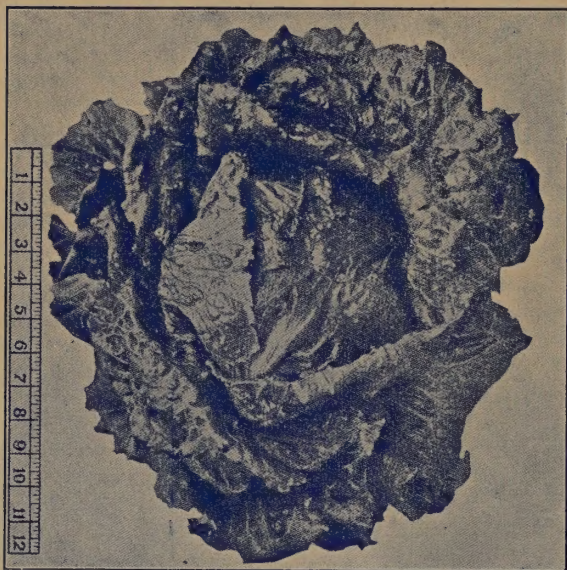
Phones: F 3645, 3646.

THE WONDERFUL NEW SEEDLESS LETTUCE

The large, firm hearts of this particular Lettuce are such as to delight the eye of any housewife. Every one of the crisp, bright green leaves can be used, and their tenderness and flavor are retained to the last.

To the gardener it will appeal on account of the fact that it does not easily run to seed—in fact it has only been with difficulty that we have obtained sufficient seed from our stock plants to supply the demand.

1/- per Packet (Stock Limited).



New Seedless Lettuce.

READ WHAT SOME GROWERS THINK OF IT.

"I bought some of your Seedless Lettuce and planted same with another variety, each in half of the same box. The Seedless are making second permanent leaf while the other variety are only just showing first permanent leaf. Seedless are regarded by one grower as unequalled."

"I may state the Seedless Lettuce I got from you was of good quality and the best I have ever eaten."

"I may mention that I have at present Seedless Lettuces measuring up to 14 inches across, and they are not yet fully developed. Those that we have eaten are of a delicious flavor, and no waste, every leaf can be eaten and enjoyed."

TOMATO, Market King

GILL & SEARLE'S SPECIAL STRAIN

The continued and increasing demand and enthusiastic remarks of our many customers confirm our opinion that this Tomato is still one of the very best. Continuous selection has enabled us to maintain the strong constitution, heavy bearing, and regularity of size that has made this variety so popular. Excellent for indoor or outdoor growing, "Market King" still thoroughly merits the name it bears.

1/- per Packet.

73 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE, C.I.

VIII

NEW EXTRA EARLY GARDEN AND MARKET CABBAGE

"Greyhound"

We have pleasure in introducing and recommending this entirely new and distinct strain of Cabbage as the most striking and quickest developing Cabbage we have ever seen.

It is of an attractive, glaucous appearance, has extremely few outer leaves, good-sized hearts, somewhat pointed and broad-based, solid and weighty; in fact, in proportion to the size of the complete plants the hearts are really large. It is of such compact habit that it can with advantage be planted more closely than is usual with other sorts. Its culinary qualities leave nothing to be desired.

1/- per Packet.



Cabbage, Greyhound.

CABBAGE

New Dark Green Leaved

GILL & SEARLE'S "BEST OF ALL"

This new Cabbage is a great improvement on other Winter types, such as Enfield Market and similar varieties. It produces a very Dark-Green pointed heart, solid, tender and compact, matures earlier than the well-known Eastham; a sure header, and does not run to seed easily. To obtain best results in Southern Victoria, sow February-March. Highly recommended for both home growing and growing for market.

6d. per Packet; 2/- oz.

TESTIMONIAL.

"The last seeds I got from you proved to be a wonderful success."

4/9/29.

Mrs. S. V. O.
Broome, W.A.

Phones: F 3645, 3646.

TACSONIA MOLLISSIMA. *Perennial Climber.*
593. BANANA PASSION FRUIT—A quick growing climber. Flowers pink and orange-colored, edible fruit. Sow either **Autumn or Spring** .. 6d. pkt.

THALICTRUM DIPTEROCARPUM.
Hardy Perennial.

594. Herbaceous Perennial. Similar in appearance to the fronds of a large *Adiantum* or *Maidenhair Fern*. The flowers are of a charming shade of pinkish-mauve, brightened by a bunch of lemon yellow anthers and stamens. Excellent for cutting 9d. pkt.

TITHONIA SPECIOSUS. *Half-Hardy Annual.*

595. MEXICAN RED SUNFLOWER—The flowers are vermilion red and are useful for cutting for indoor decoration. Sow the seed in a box or pan in the **Spring**, transplanting the seedlings to a warm sunny spot after frosts are over. The seed is very irregular in germinating, and takes from 3 to 9 weeks to come through 6d. pkt.

TROPAEOLUM CANARIENSIS. *Hardy Annual.*

596. CANARY BIRD CREEPER—Beautiful golden-yellow flowers, which look somewhat like a canary at a distance. Sow in **Spring** ... 3d. pkt.

VERBENA. *Hardy Perennial.*

Verbenas require an open, sunny position, and are particularly useful for growing on rockeries and embankments, as well as in window boxes. Seed may be sown either in the **Autumn or Spring**.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 413-414, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

597. BLUE KING—A very choice mixture of blue shades of *Verbena* 6d. pkt.

598. ETNA—*Geranium* red, with a small creamy-yellow eye 9d. pkt.

599. FIREFLY—The flowers are bright dazzling scarlet, with pure white eye 6d. pkt.

600. ITALIAN STRIPED—A very choice mixture of striped and flaked varieties 6d. pkt.

601. LUCIFER—The flowers are of an intense rich brilliant scarlet with no eye 6d. pkt.

HYBRIDA COLOSSEA, MIXED.
 For full description, see Novelty and Specialty pages.

602. MILLICENT—The blooms are self-colored, and of a beautiful rich blush pink shade .. 6d. pkt.

603. ROSAMUND—This very fine strain varies from pale pink down to deep rose 6d. pkt.

604. "ROYAL BOUQUET"—This new variety marks a fresh type in Verbenas. Instead of the creeping habit usually associated with this species, the plants of "Royal Bouquet" are of upright growth, attaining a height of from 15 to 18 ins. .. 9d. pkt.

605. ROYAL PURPLE—An excellent mixture of purple shades 6d. pkt.

606. WINIFRED—Purest white 6d. pkt.

Collection of 6 Varieties, priced at 6d. pkt., for 2/6.

607. "MAMMOTH," MIXED—The finest strain of mixed Verbenas yet offered. The flowers are of exceptionally large size, and the mixture includes a very large range of colors 9d. pkt.

608. CHOICE MIXED—A good reliable mixture of Verbenas, including many fine distinct shades of color 2/6 1/2 oz.; 6d. pkt.

GILL & SEARLE'S GARDEN FLOWER MIXTURE.

This is not a mixture of wild flowers, but of garden Annuals. It contains a large number of different kinds, all of them quite hardy and varieties that will grow with the least amount of care and produce quantities of flowers for a long period. Indeed, there are so many kinds appearing in endless succession that it is a continual surprise from the time the first plant begins to blossom. We recommend it for vacant plots and waste pieces of ground. Price 6d. pkt., 2/- oz.

VINCA.

Hardy Perennial.

609. MIXED—Compact free-flowering evergreen plants, with beautiful foliage and handsome flowers. Sow either in **Autumn or Spring**, 6d. pkt.



No. 607. *Verbena, Mammoth.*

VIOLA (Tufted Pansy). *Perennial.*

For massing and for borders *Violas* are invaluable. For time of sowing and cultivation treat the same as *Pansies*, except that when planting out, space them about 4 to 6 inches apart. They will then make an unbroken carpet of bloom in the flowering season, and we recommend planting out in large masses or in long rows. Sow the seed during **January, February, March and April**.

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 414-415, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

610. ADMIRATION—Dark blue flowers .. 6d. pkt.

611. APRICOT—Beautiful shade of apricot-yellow, tinged orange 1/- pkt.

612. LIGHT BLUE—Azure blue flowers .. 6d. pkt.

613. LUTEA GRANDIFLORA—Yellow-flowering variety, well suited for bedding 6d. pkt.

614. MAUVE QUEEN—Clear mauve .. 6d. pkt.

615. PAPILIO—The flowers are deep blue, shading away to pale blue and white 6d. pkt.

616. PURPLE KING—Deep purple .. 6d. pkt.

617. WHITE PERFECTION 6d. pkt.

Collection of 6 Varieties of *Violas*, priced at 6d. pkt., for 2/6.

618. SPECIAL SCOTCH STRAIN—A particularly fine strain, containing named varieties only. This mixture can be thoroughly recommended, and contains a very fine range of color .. 1/- pkt.

619. FINE MIXED 3/6 1/2 oz.; 6d. pkt.

For *Viola*, Wallflower and other Flower Seedlings, please refer to pages 1 and 2.

VIOLET. *Hardy Perennial.*

FOR FULL CULTURAL DETAILS, REFER TO PAGES 415-416, 21st EDITION "AUSTRALIAN GARDENER." Price 8/2, Post Free.

620. CZAR—A fine variety with large, fragrantly-scented blue flowers. 1/2 ft. 6d. pkt.

621. PRINCESS OF WALES—One of the finest. Bright blue flowers borne on long stems, beautifully perfumed. 1/2 ft. 6d. pkt.

622. WHITE—A good strain of white violet with pure white blooms. 1/2 ft. Sow Violet seed either in the **Autumn or Spring** 6d. pkt.

Telephone Nos.—
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

VIRGINIAN STOCK.

Hardy Annual.

This useful Hardy Annual can be sown both in the Autumn and Spring. It is fine for dwarf bedding.

623. CRIMSON KING—Rich crimson. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3d. pkt.
624. WHITE—Pure white flowers. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3d. pkt.
625. YELLOW—Yellow-flowered. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3d. pkt.
626. MIXED 1/- 1oz.; 3d. pkt.

VISCARIA.

Hardy Annual.

627. MIXED—Very ornamental and brilliant flowering Annual. Height $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Sow either in Autumn or Spring 6d. pkt.

WALLFLOWER.

Annual and Perennial.

Perennial Varieties.

628. GOLDEN BEDDER — Dwarf, large-flowered golden flowers 6d. pkt.
629. DARK BROWN—Dwarf, large-flowered, dark brown flowers 6d. pkt.
630. ORANGE BEDDER — Flowers rich orange, dwarf, large-flowered 6d. pkt.

We wish to draw special attention to Nos. 628, 629 and 630 Wallflowers. They are ideal for bedding, each attaining a height of about 9 to 12 inches, and all carrying extra large flowers.

631. BLOOD RED—Beautiful shade of rich blood red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3d. pkt.
632. FIRE KING—Single flowers, and distinct shade of vivid orange. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 6d. pkt.
633. HARBINGER—Large single flowers of a beautiful rich shade of brown. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 6d. pkt.
634. ROSE QUEEN—Large single flowers of a lovely shade of terra-cotta pink 6d. pkt.
635. VULCAN—Rich dark velvety shade 6d. pkt.
636. PRIMROSE MONARCH (Single) 6d. pkt.
637. DOUBLE FLOWERING, TALL SORTS, MIXED—A particularly choice strain of Tall-growing Wallflower, producing fine large double blooms, borne on long stems. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 6d. pkt.
638. FINEST SINGLE MIXED—A good strain embracing a wide range of shades. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 1/- 1oz.; 3d. pkt.

Wallflower, Annual Varieties.

639. EXTRA EARLY PARISIAN — Exceptionally early flowering sort. Splendid for growing for Winter bloom. A fine rich shade of golden-yellow blotched with brown 6d. pkt.
640. BLOOD RED—Flowers rich blood red 6d. pkt.
641. WALLFLOWER, EARLY WONDER, DOUBLE MIXED 9d. pkt.

ZEALANDICA JAPONICA QUADRICOLOR PERFECTA.

642. JAPANESE MAIZE—Leaves broad. Yellow, green, rose and dark red stripes on its leaves. Sow in Spring 6d. pkt.

"VICTORIA" COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS.

Post Free to any part of Australia.

Easily grown from Seed. For Autumn and Spring Sowing. These Collections contain only seeds of the best quality and of the most popular varieties, and will produce an abundant supply of blooms. Specially recommended. No alterations allowed in these Collections.

2/6 COLLECTION FOR AUTUMN SOWING.

One Packet Each of:—

Stock, Nice, finest mixed; Candytuft, mixed; Dianthus, mixed; Linaria, Excelsior Strain, mixed; Mignonette, Machet; Pansy, finest mixed; Carnation, Marguerite, mixed; Canterbury Bells, mixed; Foxglove, finest mixed; Godetia, mixed; Iceland Poppy, mixed; Calliopsis, Lanceolata; Gaillardia, Grandiflora; Sweet Peas, Spencer varieties, mixed; Larkspur, mixed.

2/6 COLLECTION FOR SPRING SOWING.

One Packet Each of:—

Aster, finest mixed; Balsam, double mixed; Calliopsis, mixed; Cosmos, mixed; Godetia, mixed; Lepotosyne, Maritima; Marigold, mixed; Phlox Drummondii; Grandiflora; Poppy, Shirley; Portulacca, mixed; Salpiglossis, finest mixed; Sunflower, Miniature; Sweet Sultan, mixed; Virginian Stock, mixed; Zinnia, double mixed.

WE CAN ALSO SUPPLY COLLECTIONS AT 5/-, 10/-, 12/6, 15/-, and 20/-, Post Free.

ZINNIA, Our Specialty

Half-Hardy Annual.

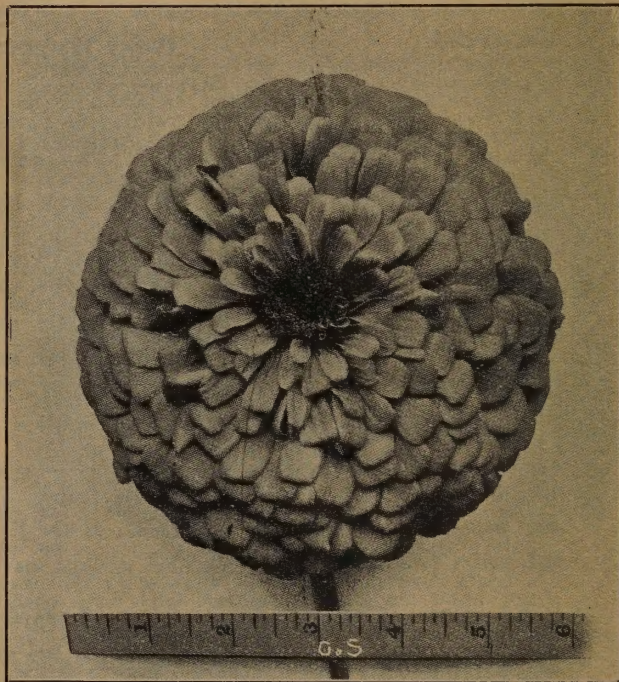
The Zinnia is a tender Annual, and seed cannot be sown in the open ground until the end of September or early in October. To have seedlings ready for transplanting out as soon as the weather conditions permit, sow the seed in a box or pan keep in a warm frame during the month of August, and thoroughly harden off the young plants before putting out in the Autumn.

ZINNIA, DAHLIA FLOWERED.

GOLD MEDAL HYBRIDS (Separate Colors).

643. EXQUISITE—Color, light rose, with deep rose centre.
644. GOLDEN STATE—A very rich orange yellow.
645. CRIMSON MONARCH—Enormous red flowers.
646. SCARLET FLAME—Bright scarlet, with a delightful blending of orange throughout the petals.
647. DREAM—Deep lavender, turning to purple.
648. CANARY BIRD—Primrose color.

All the above, 9d. per packet. The Full Collection of Six Varieties for 4/-.



No. 649. Zinnia, Giant Dahlia Flowered.

649. GIANT DAHLIA, FLOWERED, MIXED (Gill & Searle's Special Strain)—This recently introduced Dahlia-flowered type of Zinnia produces fine large handsome flowers on stout stems, and embraces a very wide assortment of shades. The strain is thoroughly mixed, and can be confidently recommended 3/6 1oz.; 9d. pkt.
650. "PERFECTION" (PICOTEE-EDGED), MIXED — A remarkable and distinct class of Zinnias, bearing large attractive double flowers, somewhat resembling Picotee Carnations. The ground colors are orange, lemon, cerise, pink and flesh, the tips of each petal being clearly margined with different shades, mostly chocolate and deep magenta 9d. pkt.
651. GRANDIFLORA ROBUSTA PLENISSIMA, MIXED—A beautiful double-flowering class of Zinnia, bearing extremely large flowers, and blooming profusely throughout the Summer and Autumn 2/- 1oz.; 6d. pkt.
652. DOUBLE MIXED—Choice mixture. 2 ft. 1/6 1oz.; 3d. pkt.

Order Flower Seeds by Number Only, Giving Date of Catalog.

Telephone Nos.—
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GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

Australian Eucalyptus Seeds--GUMS

Special Quotations for $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. and 1 lb. Parcels of Eucalyptus Seeds will be furnished on application.

Any variety not mentioned in this list we will supply or secure.

THE Eucalyptus of Australia are now being largely sought after and cultivated in all parts of the world, not only on account of the extreme value of their wood and for planting in malaria-stricken districts, but for their oil producing qualities. As we execute orders annually for large quantities for America, Africa, and India, we are in a position to supply the principal varieties at a cheap rate. Our supplies are secured from the most experienced collectors only, but we do not hold ourselves liable in any degree should they differ from the names under which they are known in the States.

All Varieties of Eucalyptus, 6d. pkt., except where priced otherwise.

NOTE:—Varieties marked (*) are ornamental, flowering sorts.

ALPINA (Alpine Gum)—Hardy evergreen tree; height, 10 to 15 feet 1/- pkt.; 4/- oz.

AMYGDALINA (Peppermint Gum)—The timber is valuable for shingles, palings, etc. 3/- oz.

BOTRYOIDES (Bas'ard Mahogany)—This magnificent tree is now being extensively planted. Undoubtedly it is the finest shade tree we have, and a most rapid grower. Height 80 feet. 3/- oz.

CALOPHYLLA (Red Gum of Western Australia)—Large white flowers 1/- pkt.; 5/- oz.

***CALOPHYLLA ROSEA**—A beautiful variety, Flowers pink 1/- pkt.

***CITRIODORA** (The Lemon-scented Gum)—With lemon-scented leaves 1/- pkt.; 4/- oz.

***CAESIA**—This is very useful for the home garden. A most beautiful pink flower 2/- pkt.

CORNUTA (Yate Tree of S.W. Australia)—A rapid growing tree. Height 70 to 100 feet 3/- oz.

CORYNOCALYX (Sugar Gum)—A very rapid growing and ornamental variety, with dark green foliage. A valuable fodder plant 2/6 oz.

*CORYNOCALYX (DWARF-GROWING VARIETY)

—This variety which we are now offering for the first time, is preferable to the Ordinary Sugar Gum for shelter. The branches are carried well down towards the ground, and the foliage is much thicker than in the older variety, thus rendering it more valuable for this particular purpose. It is equally as hardy and does well on light loam, grows luxuriantly on rich alluvial banks, and has given excellent results in cold, hard clay subject to waterlogging. It can be highly recommended for the Western District. Height 20 feet 1/- pkt.; 3/- oz.

CORYMBOSA (Bloodwood) — Timber useful for posts, piles, etc. 3/6 oz.

CREBRA (The Narrow-leaved Ironbark of N.S.W.) —Useful for piles and fence posts 3/- oz.

***CRUCIS**—This variety was named after the "Southern Cross" by the introducer, and has glaucous, ovate small silver leaves, which are particularly ornamental 1/- pkt.

DIVERSICOLOR (Karri Gum)—Very hardy, and a comparatively quick grower 1/- pkt.; 5/- oz.

***EREMOPHYLLA**—A handsome dwarf red flowering gum. 15 feet 1/- pkt.

***ERYTHROCORYS**—The prettiest of all the many flowering varieties. Flowers large primrose-yellow, with scarlet cups. 30 feet 1/- pkt.

***FICIFOLIA** (Crimson-flowered Gum)—Producing magnificent trusses of bright, crimson flowers 1/- pkt.

GIGANTEA, SYN. REGNANS—The timber is useful for rails, shingles, staves, etc. 3/6 oz.

GLOBULUS (Tasmanian Blue Gum)—One of the most useful of all Gums 3/6 oz.

GOMPHOCEPHALA (The Tooart of S.W. Australia)—Timber tough and heavy; grain close and twisted 1/- pkt.; 7/6 oz.

GONIOCALYX (The Victorian Spotted Gum)—The wood, which is very durable, is hard and tough, and is much used by ship-builders 3/6 oz.

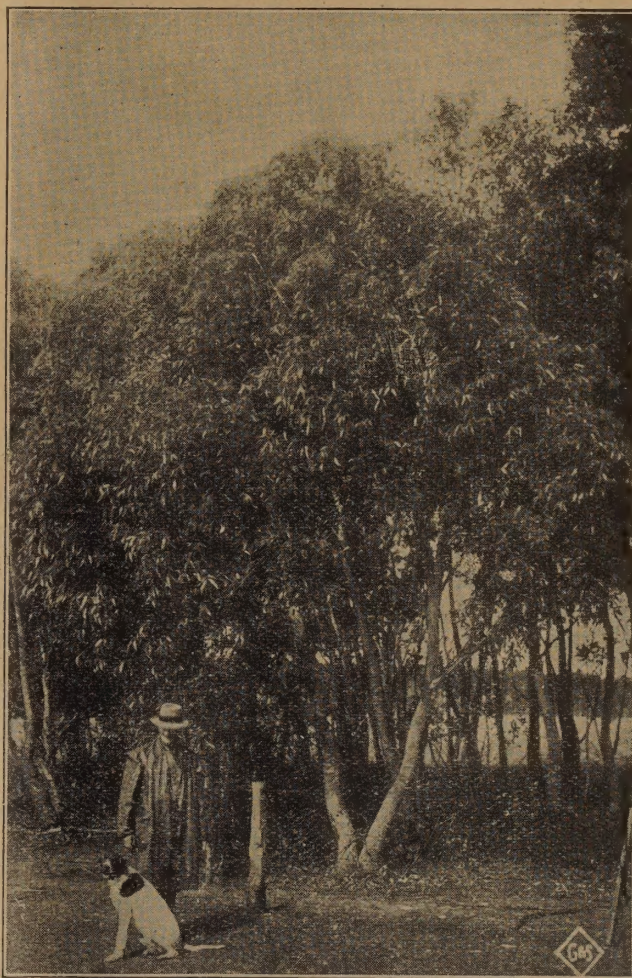
GUNNII (Cider Tree)—A very useful timber variety; attains a great size 3/6 oz.

HEMIPHLOIA (Common Box)—Famous for hardness and toughness of timber 3/- oz.

LEHMANNI (Var. Cornuta)—Bearing masses of large greenish-yellow flowers 3/- oz.

LEUCOXYLON (Ironbark Gum)—Its timber is used for underground work, railway sleepers, etc. (Scarce) 3/6 oz.

***LEUCOXYLON ROSEA**—A handsome gum, pink flowers; the bark is white and quite smooth 1/- pkt.



Eucalyptus, Corynocalyx, Dwarf-Growing Sugar Gum.

LONGIFOLIA (Woolly Butt) — There is no tree extant that produces more useful timber 3/- oz.

***MACROCARPA**—Although not a tree of large dimensions, this splendid species is highly recommended for private gardens for the sake of its lovely crimson flowers. The color is somewhat darker than E. Ficifolia, but the individual flower is much larger, about 3 or 4 inches in diameter. The foliage is of peculiar shape resembling that of E. Globulus, and tough, with a mealy whitish appearance. It attains a height of from 10 to 12 feet, and grows very well in poor soil 1/6 pkt.

All Packets of Tree and Shrub Seeds Post Free to any part of the World.

Telephone Nos.—
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GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
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EUCALYPTUS—Continued.

MACARTHURI (Swamp or River Woolly Butt)—the third or fourth year from planting 1/6 pkt. A fair sized tree, timber very strong. Leaves yield valuable oil 3/6 oz.
MACULATA (Spotted Gum of N.S.W. and Queensland)—This wood is particularly employed in ship-building, wheelwrights' and coopers' work. The heart-wood is as strong as that of British oak 3/6 oz.
MACRORRHYNCHA (The Common Stringy Bark Tree of Victoria)—Attains a height of 120 feet 3/- oz.
MARGINATA (W.A. Jarrah)—This timber, which is easily worked, is largely used for piles, railway sleepers, etc. 1/- pkt.; 5/- oz.
MICROCORY (Tallow Wood)—Timber hard and durable 3/- oz.
MELLIODORA (Yellow Box of Victoria and N.S.W.)—The timber is used for telegraph poles, fence posts, rails, etc. 3/- oz.
MUELLERIANA (Yellow Stringybark of Gippsland)—It is said that fencing posts of this variety have lasted for upwards of 30 years 3/- oz.
OBLIQUA (Stringybark)—Produces the best wood rafters, flooring boards, etc. 3/- oz.
PATENS (Harvey River Black Butte)—This timber is durable, it is tough, and hence used for wheelwrights' work. It does not split. Height up to 100 feet 3/- oz.
PAUCIFOLIA (The White Drooping or Swamp Gumtree of N.S.W., Victoria and Tasmania)—Cattle and sheep are very fond of the foliage. Its timber is used for ordinary building purposes 3/- oz.
PILULARIS (Blackbutt of S. Queensland, N.S.W. and Victoria)—The timber is much used for flooring boards, railway sleepers and telegraph poles 3/- oz.
POLYANTHEMOS (Red Box)—Extremely hard and lasting timber 3/- oz.
***PREISSIANA**—A beautiful garden variety and one worth including in every collection of Eucalypti. Quite a recent introduction, and one that is fast becoming popular. Lovely large flowers of deep lemon yellow 1/- pkt.
***PYRIFORMIS**—A lovely large red-flowered gum. 1/- pkt.

EUCALYPTUS—Continued.

REGNANS (Mountain Ash of Victoria)—A variety of *E. amygdalina*. The wood is used for rails, shingles, staves, etc. 3/6 oz.
RESINIFERA (Red Gum of N.S.W.)—Very durable and fine for housework 3/- oz.
RISDONI (Risdon's Gum)—Evergreen tree; 50 to 60 feet 1/- pkt.; 5/- oz.
ROBUSTA (Swampy Mahogany)—The wood is very durable, and is used for joists, ship-building, etc. 3/- oz.
ROSTRATA (Red Gum of Victoria)—The timber is unsurpassed for its durability; used for railway sleepers, posts, ship-building 3/- oz.
SIDEROPHLOIA (Red Ironbark)—The wood is very hard, light-colored, heavy, and of great strength and durability, and is used for railway sleepers, spokes, etc. 3/- oz.
SIDEROXYLON (Black Ironbark)—Noted for its great durability for underground work and railway sleepers 3/- oz.
***STRICKLANDII**—Handsome spreading tree with golden yellow flowers. 20 feet 1/6 pkt.
STUARTIANA (Apple-scented Gum)—A medium sized tree, with drooping foliage. Useful for fuel and fencing posts 3/- oz.
***TETRAGONA**—A compact shaped dwarf growing Gum, attaining an ultimate height of from 12 to 15 feet, with beautiful silvery white leaves and white flowers 1/- pkt.
***TETRAPTERA**—Large red flower, with square cone or fruit. 10 feet 1/- pkt.
TORQUATA—Red flowers. Fine for decorative work. 30 ft. 1/- pkt.
VIMINALIS (Manna Gum)—The timber is light-colored and clear, but is not so strong as many other varieties, and is used for fence rails and ordinary building purposes 3/- oz.

The following varieties of Eucalypti seeds can also be supplied:—

<i>Eucalyptus</i>	<i>Bicolor</i>	<i>Eucalyptus</i>	<i>Punctata</i>
"	<i>Bosistoana</i>	"	<i>Radiata</i>
"	<i>Haemastoma</i>	"	<i>Rubida</i>
"	<i>Obtusifolia</i>	"	<i>Saligna</i>
"	<i>Paniculata</i>	"	<i>Smithii</i>
"	<i>Piperita</i>		

Prices on Application.

ACACIA SEEDS (Wattle)

In sowing Acacia Seeds, they should have boiling water poured over them, and be allowed to stand for twenty-four hours before sowing. The seed should be sown in early Autumn, or in early Spring. Acacias may be pruned without fear of damage, provided they are pruned at or immediately after flowering time. It is not advisable to place manure, either artificial or animal, near young wattle trees when planting out; neither do they require manure at any time. They will grow practically in any soil, even the poorest, if well drained.

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS FOR 1/2 LB., 1 LB., AND 1 LB. PARCELS OF ACACIA. SEEDS WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

All the varieties of Acacia listed, 6d. per pkt.; 2/6 per Collection of 6 Separate Sorts. We can also supply other varieties of Acacias.

BAILEYANA (Cootamundra Wattle)—A fine ornamental tree, with silver-grey foliage. The bark is used for tanning. 10 to 12 feet.
CULTRIFORMIS (Knife-leaved Acacia)—A distinct and ornamental Wattle. 10 to 15 feet.
CYANOPHYLLA (Blueish-leaved Acacia)—Height 12 to 20 feet.
DEALBATA (Silver Wattle)—The bark is used for tanning. 30 to 100 feet.
DECORA (Graceful Wattle)—Very useful for growing in the flower garden. 8 to 10 feet.
DECURRENS (Black Wattle)—Generally grown for tanning purposes. 30 to 100 feet.
DISCOLOR (Sunshine Wattle)—A very fine Wattle for small gardens. 8 to 10 feet.
ELATA (Tall or Cedar Wattle)—Very handsome tree, with fine ornamental foliage. 30 to 60 ft.
FALCATA (Bastard Myall or Burra)—Broad, long leaves, flowers cream color. 20 to 30 feet.
FIMBRIATA (Fringe Wattle)—One of the best. Keeps free from scale. 10 to 20 feet.
FLORABUNDA (Many-flowered Acacia)—15 feet.
HOMALOPHYLLA (Fragrant Wattle or Yarran)—An excellent wattle for dry country, and is useful for fodder in drought periods, as stock eat it freely. 20 to 30 feet.
HOWITTI (Sticky Acacia)—A particularly fine ornamental variety. 8 to 10 feet.

ITEAPHYLLA (South Australian Wattle) — A pretty flowering variety. 9 to 12 feet.
LINIFOLIA (Flax-leaved Acacia)—Suitable for small gardens.
LONGIFOLIA (Long-leaved Golden Wattle)—12 to 15 feet.
LOPHANTHA (Cape or Crested Wattle)—A small tree, with fern-like foliage. 8 to 12 feet.
MELANOXYLON (Blackwood Tree)—40 to 100 feet.
MYRTIFOLIA (Myrtle-leaved Acacia)—5 to 8 feet.
NORMALIS (Queen Wattle of N.S.W.)—A fine ornamental variety. 15 to 30 feet.
OBTUSATA (Blunt-leaved Acacia)—Suitable for small gardens, golden-yellow flowers. 7 to 8 feet.
ORNITHOPHORA (Kangaroo Acacia)—A first class hedge variety. 10 to 12 feet.
OXYCEDRUS (Prickly Wattle) — Suitable for hedges. Impregnable against stock. 10 to 12 ft.
PENDULA (Weeping Myall or Boree)—A handsome flowering tree with fragrant wood. The foliage is suitable for feeding stock in dry periods. 20 feet.
PENNINERVIS (Feather-nerve-leaved Wattle or Mountain Hickory)—30 to 40 feet.
PODALYRIAEFOLIA (Mount Morgan Acacia or Queensland Silver Wattle)—10 to 12 feet.
POLYBOTRYA (Var. *Foliosa*)—Attains a height of 40 feet. Bark suitable for tanning.

Write for a Copy of Our Plant and Fruit Tree Catalog.

ACACIA—Continued.



Acacia, Pycnantha (Golden Wattle.)

- PROMINENS** (Golden Rain Wattle)—15 to 25 feet.
PRUINOSA (Frosty Wattle or Mottle Barked)—Drooping habit. 20 feet.
PYCNANTHA (Golden Wattle)—A tree of rapid growth, and noted for its mass of golden yellow flowers, which are very large. 20 to 30 feet.
RETINOIDES (Bald or Ever Flowering Acacia)—A very useful sort, owing to its lengthy flowering period. 10 to 12 feet.
SALIGNA (Weeping Wattle)—A very pretty variety of drooping habit. 12 to 20 feet.
SPECTABILIS (Mudgee Wattle)—A beautiful silver tree, with large, bright golden ball flowers. 8 to 12 feet.
SUAVEOLENS (Sweet-scented Acacia) — A small garden variety. 6 feet.
WHITEI (White's Wattle)—Very similar to Acacia Dealbata. 20 to 30 feet.

The following varieties of Acacia Seed can also be supplied—

Acacia Elongata	Acacia Buxaefolia
" " Hakeoides	" " Cardiophylla
" " Mollissima	" " Conferta

Flower, Shrub, and Tree Seeds.

It being impossible to give a complete list of all the varieties that we have in stock, we have only subjoined the names of a few of the chief sorts. When required, we can supply upwards of 30 varieties.

6d. PER PACKET, OR 5/- PER DOZEN, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE PRICED.

- ABIES DOUGLASI** (Silver Fir) 4/- oz.
ABIES MENZIESII (Menzies Spruce) 5/6 oz.
ANGOPHORA SUBVELUTINA (Apple Tree)—Wood is light and tough, soft while green, very hard when dry. Height 100 feet 3/6 oz.
BRACHYCHITON DIVERSIFOLIA (Kurrajong)—Handsome ornamental shade tree. Foliage greatly used for fodder for stock in dry seasons. Will stand severe drought.
CALLITRIS ROBUSTA (White Pine, Great Murray Pine)—Stems used as telegraph poles; wood obnoxious to the generality of insects.

FLOWER, SHRUB and TREE SEEDS—Continued.

- CALYCANTHUS FLORIDA** (Allspice Tree) — A spring-flowering shrub, highly scented; flowers brown. 4 feet 6d. pkt.
CASUARINA STRICTA (She Oak)—Largely used in the manufacture of furniture. Cattle are fond of the foliage 3/- oz.
CEDRUS ATLANTICA (Atlas Cedar)—Very fine tree of fast growth. Height about 100 feet.
CEDRUS, DEODARA (Deodar)—Magnificent ornamental tree. Height about 100 feet.
CERATONIA SILIQUA (Carob Bean) 1/6 oz.
CUPRESSUS MACROCARPA — The well-known hedge plant. This variety is suitable for quick results, but is not permanent like the Lambertiana, which does not seed, and is propagated from cuttings 1/6 oz.
CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA 2/- oz.
EUGENIA SMITHII (Lilly Pilly)—A tree from 12 to 15 feet, but can be kept as a shrub at 6 feet if desired and trimmed. Flowers white, followed by deep rose berries. This variety makes a fine hedge, from 6 to 8 feet.
GENISTA ANDREANA—Upper petals golden yellow and the lateral ones rich wallflower-crimson.
GENISTA CANARIENSIS—Pale yellow, 6 feet.
GENISTA FLORIDA—A very free-flowering Broom with bright yellow flowers; evergreen. 4 feet.
GENISTA MONOSPERMA—White flowers. 10 feet.
GREVILLEA ROBUSTA—A fine Australian native flowering tree, commonly known as the "Silky Oak." Grows rapidly, stands the heat and drought well, and can be thoroughly recommended for avenues, street planting, etc. The tree bears bright orange flowers, and grows from 30 to 40 feet high 1/- pkt.; 5/- oz.
HAKEA LAURINA *syn. eucalyptoides* (The Pin-cushion Flower of West Australia)—The flowers are ball-shaped, red centre, and like a lot of pins sticking in it. A fine tree 1/- pkt.
JACARANDA (Mimosaefolia)—A handsome shrub or small tree with Mimosa-like foliage, and magnificent purple flowers. Plant in a sheltered situation. 10 feet 6d. per pod or pkt.
MELALEUCA LEUCADENDRON (Inland White Tea-tree, Queensland)—A tree 80 feet high and 4 feet in diameter. Timber hard close-grained.
MELALEUCA STYPHELOIDES—Grows in fresh and salt water marshes and swampy land. Height 50 feet 3/6 oz.
MELIA AZEDARACH (White Cedar)—A quick-growing tree, excellent for dry districts. Largely grown in California. 35 feet.
PINUS INSIGNIS—A most useful tree on account of its rapid growth, hardiness, soil and climatic adaptability. Does well in practically every part of Australia. Makes a splendid shelter tree 1/6 oz.
PINUS LARICIO (Corsican Pine) 2/- oz.
PINUS PONDEROSA (Yellow Pitch Pine) 3/- oz.
PINUS STROBUS (Weymouth Pine) 2/- oz.
PITTOSPORUM—The well-known hedge plant. The *Undulatum* is also useful for planting as an isolated specimen, and has fragrant-perfumed white flowers, and large deep green foliage. The *Eugenoides* and *Nigræscens* are foliage plants, and have pretty greenish-yellow leaves. The *Undulatum* is an Australian native, while the other two sorts are indigenous to New Zealand. Seed of all three sorts 1/6 oz.
SCHINUS MOLLE (Pepper Tree)—Very hardy, and not affected by heat, cold or drought. Very suitable for exposed situations 1/6 oz.
SPARTIUM JUNCEUM (Yellow Spanish Broom)—Bright yellow flowers. 7 feet.
TREE LUCERNE (*Tagasaste* or *Cytisus*)—Grown closely together, makes a good hedge. Plant 2 feet apart in single rows 1/3 oz.
TRISTANIA CONFERTA (Brush Box)—A quick-growing evergreen tree. 30 to 50 feet.
 The following varieties of Tree and Shrub Seeds can also be supplied—
Cordylone Australis, *Coprosma Lucida*, *Callistemon Lanceolata*. Prices on Application.

Write for a Copy of our **PLANT AND FRUIT TREE CATALOG**. Post Free.

All Prices in this Catalog are Subject to Alteration Without Notice.

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GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

Monthly Calendar for the Home Vegetable Garden

This Calendar shows the various Vegetables and Herbs that can be planted during each month of the year. The times refer to districts in close proximity to Melbourne, and due allowance must be made for local conditions in other parts of Australia.

JANUARY

BEANS, FRENCH—Sow for a succession.
BEET—Sow for Autumn and Winter Crop.
BORECOLE or KALE—Sow largely.
BROCCOLI—Sow a few early sorts.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS—Sow largely, to use in June.
CAULIFLOWER—Sow largely early in the month.
CARROT—Sow a few early sorts.
CABBAGE—Sow early in the month.
CELERY—Sow seeds of an early variety.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Sow fortnightly.
ENDIVE—Sow for use in Autumn.
KOHL RABI—Sow largely.
LETTUCE—Sow a few.
ONION—Sow a few for salads, for use in April.
PEAS—Sow a medium crop of early varieties.
POTATOES—Plant early varieties.
RADISH—Sow a few of the long sort.
SAVOY CABBAGE—Sow a medium crop.
TURNIPS—Sow largely, for use from March to May.

FEBRUARY

BEANS, FRENCH—Sow for a succession.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS—For Winter use.
BORECOLE or KALE—Sow for late use.
BROCCOLI—To succeed Cauliflower in Autumn.
CABBAGE—Continue sowing early sorts.
CARROT—Sow for early Spring use.
CAULIFLOWER—Sow largely.
ENDIVE—Sow for use in Autumn.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Sow fortnightly.
KOHL RABI—Sow for a succession.
LETTUCE—Continue to sow.
PEAS—Sow early varieties.
POTATOES—Plant out largely of early varieties.
RADISH—Continue to sow.
SPINACH—Sow a medium crop for Autumn use.
SAVOY CABBAGE—Sow a few early in the month.
TURNIP—Continue sowing a few for Winter use.

MARCH

CABBAGE—Sow a few for early varieties.
CAULIFLOWER—Sow a few to succeed former crops; transplant largely about the end of the month.
CELERY—Finish planting out in shallow trenches.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Continue sowing fortnightly.
ENDIVE—Sow a few for Winter use.
KOHL RABI—Sow a few for succession.
LETTUCE—Continue sowing.
ONION—Sow for Spring green Onions.
PARSLEY—Sow for Winter supply.
PARSNIP—Sow a few for early Spring.
PEAS—Sow a few of the earliest sorts.
RADISH—Continue sowing.
SPINACH—Continue sowing Winter varieties.
TURNIP—Sow a few for Winter use.

APRIL

CABBAGE—Sow early sorts for Spring supply.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Sow fortnightly.
ENDIVE—Sow largely.
GARLIC & SHALLOTS—Plant.
KOHL RABI—Sow a few early in the month.
LETTUCE—Sow largely.
ONIONS, POTATO & TREE—Plant out largely.
ONION—Sow largely, to use green in Spring.
PEAS—Sow early sorts.
PARSLEY—Sow for Winter supply.
RADISH—Sow again.
SPINACH—Sow largely of Winter varieties.
TURNIP—Sow a few on trial.

MAY

BROAD BEANS—For an early crop.
CABBAGE—Sow early varieties only.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Sow fortnightly.
ENDIVE—Sow largely.
GARLIC & SHALLOTS—Plant out few.

MAY—Continued.

HERBS—Divide and re-plant.
HORSE RADISH—Divide the roots and re-plant.
JERUSALEM ARTICHOKEs—Plant tubers.
LETTUCE—Sow for succession.
ONION—Continue sowing.
PEAS—Sow largely of early sorts.
RADISH—Sow for a succession.
RHUBARB & SEA KALE—Make young plantations.
SPINACH—Sow a little, to use in Spring.
TOMATO—Sow in hot-bed frame.

JUNE

ASPARAGUS—Plant out.
BROAD BEANS—Sow for a successional crop.
CABBAGE—Sow second early sorts.
CARROT—Sow the Early Horn variety.
CUCUMBER—Sow for forcing in a hot-bed.
GARLIC & SHALLOTS—Continue planting.
HORSE RADISH—Continue planting out.
JERUSALEM ARTICHOKEs—Plant tubers.
LEEK—Sow for Summer use.
LETTUCE—Sow for a successional crop.
ONION—Sow largely for Summer bulbing.
PEAS—Sow second early sorts.
RADISH—Sow for a succession.
RHUBARB—Plant as recommended last month.
SPINACH—Sow a few Winter varieties.
TOMATO—Sow in hot-bed frame.

JULY

BROAD BEANS—Sow largely.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS—Sow largely.
BORECOLE or KALE—Sow a few.
CABBAGE—Sow early and medium sorts.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Sow fortnightly.
GARLIC & SHALLOTS—Finish planting early.
HERBS—Divide the old roots and re-plant.
HORSE RADISH—Continue to plant.
JERUSALEM ARTICHOKEs—Plant tubers.
LETTUCE—Sow for a succession.
LEEK—Sow largely late this month.
ONION—Continue sowing largely.
PARSNIP—Sow a few, to use in November.
PEAS—Sow second early sorts.
POTATOES—Plant out a few early Kidneys.
RADISH—Sow for a succession.
RHUBARB—Finish planting out.
SPINACH—Sow Winter sorts.
TOMATO—Sow in hot-bed frame for early crop.

AUGUST

ASPARAGUS—Sow seed in drills.
BEET—Sow largely, to use in January.
BROAD BEANS—Sow largely of all sorts.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS—Sow largely for Summer use.
CABBAGE—Make a good sowing of early sorts for Summer, and late sorts, including the red, for Autumn.
CAPE GOOSEBERRY—Sow in hot-bed frame.
CARROT—Sow largely for early sorts.
CELERY—Sow in hot-bed for early use.
CUCUMBER—Sow a few in warm frame.
GARLIC & SHALLOTS—Finish planting.
HERBS—Sow largely all pot herbs.
HORSE RADISH—Continue planting.
JERUSALEM ARTICHOKEs—Continue to plant.
KOHL RABI—Sow in drills to remain.
LEEK—Sow largely for Winter use.
LETTUCE—Sow largely.
MELONS (Rock and Water)—Sow a few.
MUSHROOM SPAWN
OKRA—Sow in a hot-bed frame.
ONION—Sow largely for Winter keeping.
PARSLEY—Sow largely for Summer.
PEAS—Sow largely as directed last month.
POTATOES—Plant out largely.
RADISH—Sow every third week.
RHUBARB—Sow seed.

If you have a complaint to make, write us promptly, giving full details.

Telephone Nos.
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

Monthly Calendar for the Vegetable Garden.

AUGUST—Continued.

SALSIFY—Sow largely for Autumn use.
SEA KALE—Sow largely and blanch.
SPINACH—Sow largely of the round variety.
TOMATO—Sow in a hot-bed frame.
VEGETABLE MARROW, PUMPKIN & SQUASH—Sow in hot-bed frame.

SEPTEMBER

ASPARAGUS—Sow seed in drills and top-dress established plants, if not already done.
BEANS, FRENCH—Sow a few in warm situation.
BEET—Sow largely.
CABBAGE—Sow twice in the month.
CAPE GOOSEBERRY—Sow in hot-bed.
CAPER OF COMMERCE—Sow in hot-bed.
CAPSICUM—Sow in a frame.
CARROT—Sow largely of late sorts for Autumn and Winter use, and a few of the early sorts for Summer, if not done last month.
CELERY—Sow a few in the open ground, under protection, for the Autumn crops.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Sow fortnightly.
CUCUMBER—Sow a few in the frame.
EGG PLANT—Sow in a hot-bed.
GARLIC—Plant out early, if not already done.
HERBS—Plant early, if not already done.
HORSERADISH—Finish planting.
JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE—Finish planting.
KOHL RABI—Sow in drills to remain.
LEEK—Sow early, if not done last month.
LETTUCE—Sow largely, to use early in December.
MELONS (Rock & Water).
MUSHROOM SPAWN.
OKRA—Sow in hot-bed for transplanting.
ONION—Sow thickly for pickling bulbs.
PARSNIP—Sow for Autumn and Winter use.
PARSLEY—Sow for Summer.
PEAS—Sow largely, chiefly late sorts.
POTATOES—Finish planting early on high grounds; commence for a full crop in low grounds.
RADISH—Sow every third week.
RHUBARB—Sow early, if not done previously.
SALSIFY—Sow early, if not done previously.
SEAKALE—Sow largely and blanch.
SWEET CORN—Sow for an early crop.
SPINACH—Sow largely, if not done.
TURNIPS—Make a good sowing towards the end of the month, for use in November.
TOMATO—Sow with Capsicum.
VEGETABLE MARROW, PUMPKIN & SQUASH—Sow in the open ground at the end of the month.

OCTOBER

ASPARAGUS—Sow seed in drills.
BEANS, FRENCH—Sow largely.
BEET—Sow for Autumn and Winter use.
BROCCOLI—Sow largely for Winter use.
CABBAGE—Make a good sowing.
CAPE GOOSEBERRY—Sow seed in pan.
CAPSICUM—Sow for a full crop in a warm border.
CARROT—Make a good sowing of late varieties.
CELERY—Sow largely in the open ground.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Sow fortnightly.
CUCUMBER—Sow largely in the open ground.
HERBS—Sow a few still, if not already done.
LEEK—Sow a few to plant out in January.
LIMA BEANS.
LETTUCE—Sow a few.
MELON—See Cucumber.
MUSHROOM SPAWN.
PARSNIP—Sow for main crop.
PEAS—Make a good sowing for main crop sorts.
RADISH—Sow Long and Turnip varieties.
SALSIFY—Sow for general crop.
SPINACH—Sow a few of the round variety.
SAVOY CABBAGE—Make a good sowing.
SWEET CORN—Sow largely.
TURNIP—Sow largely, to use from December.
CUCUMBER—Sow largely in the open ground.
VEGETABLE MARROW, PUMPKIN & SQUASH—See Cucumber.

NOVEMBER

BEANS, FRENCH—Sow largely.
BEANS, LIMA—Sow for a succession.
BEET—Sow for Autumn and Winter use.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS—Sow for Winter use.
CABBAGE—Sow a few early.
CAPE GOOSEBERRY—Sow in seed pan.
CELERY—Sow largely.
CHINESE CABBAGE—Sow for Autumn and Winter.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Sow fortnightly.
CUCUMBER—Sow largely early in the month.
LETTUCE—Sow largely where it is to remain.
MELON—See Cucumber.
PEAS—Sow largely main crop sorts.
RADISH—Sow a few.
SWEET CORN—Sow for late crop.
TURNIP—Sow largely twice in the month.
VEGETABLE MARROW, PUMPKIN, SQUASH—See Cucumber.

DECEMBER

BEANS, FRENCH—Sow for a succession.
BEANS, LIMA—Sow for a succession.
BORECOLE or KALE—Sow largely for Winter use.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS—Sow largely for Winter use.
CABBAGE—Sow largely.
CAULIFLOWER—Sow largely.
CHINESE CABBAGE—Sow largely.
CRESS & MUSTARD—Sow fortnightly.
CELERY—Sow for Winter.
KOHL RABI—Sow in drills for Winter use.
LETTUCE—Sow largely if in low situation.
PARSNIP—Sow a few for Winter use.
PEAS—Sow early and late sorts.
PUMPKIN.
TURNIP—Sow a few.
SPINACH—Sow a few of the round variety.
CAPSICUM—Sow a full crop in a warm border.

DEPTH AND DISTANCE TABLE FOR THE PRINCIPAL VARIETIES OF VEGETABLES.

The depths may vary according to times of sowing and texture of the soil. Distances must be governed by the size of the variety.

	Depth to Cover. inch.	Distance Apart In Rows. inch.	Distance between Rows. inch.
ARTICHOKE (Jerusalem)	4	18	36
BEANS, BROAD	3	9	36
BEANS, FRENCH	2	4	24
BEET, RED	1	4	15
BEET, SILVER	1	12	24
BORECOLE	1	18	24
BROCCOLI	1	24	30
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	1	18	24
CABBAGE	1	18	24
CAPE GOOSEBERRY	1	36	36
CAPSICUM	1	24	30
CARROT	1	4	12
CAULIFLOWER	1	18	24
CELERY	1	6	24
SWEET CORN	2	12	36
CRESS	1	—	6
CUCUMBER	1	48	48
EGG PLANT	1	24	24
ENDIVE	1	8	18
KOHL RABI	1	4	18
LEEK	1	6	12
LETTUCE	1	9	18
MELONS	1	48	48
MUSTARD	1	—	6
ONION	1	6	12
PARSLEY	1	4	12
PARSNIP	1	6	18
PEAS (Dwarf)	2	3	24
PEAS (Medium)	2	4	30
POTATOES	6	18	24
PUMPKIN	1	96	96
RADISH	1	12	12
SALSIFY	1	3	12
SPINACH	1	4	12
TOMATO	1	48	48
TURNIP	1	6	15
WEDE	1	8	18
VEGETABLE MARROW	1	72	96
BUSH VEGETABLE MARROW	1	48	48

Should you already have a copy of this Catalog, please hand duplicate to some friend or relative interested in Gardening.

Try a Packet of Seedless Lettuce. See Novelty and Specialty Pages.

Telephone Nos.—
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GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C!

Gill & Searle's Collections of Vegetable Seeds

Being frequently asked by customers for assortments of Vegetable Seeds, and to save them the trouble of selecting, we have made up the following collections, which are offered at a considerable reduction on Catalog prices. They do not contain novelties, but only the best standard varieties, and are in sizes to meet the requirements of nearly every garden. (No alterations will be allowed.)

Collections are sent POST FREE to any address in Victoria only. Sent FREE BY RAIL to any Railway Station in Victoria only.

THE "HOME GARDEN" COLLECTION

Price, 3/6 each.

For Autumn and Winter.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CABBAGE, LEEK, KOHL RABI, CARROT, ONION, RADISH, TURNIP, SPINACH.

For Spring and Summer.

CABBAGE, RED BEET, CARROT, CUCUMBER, LETTUCE, PARSNIP, TOMATO, TURNIP, VEGETABLE MARROW.

THE "G. & S." COLLECTION

Price, 5/-

BEET, Blood Red; CABBAGE, Early or Late; CARROT, James' Scarlet Intermediate; CAULIFLOWER; CUCUMBER, Extra Choice Mixed; LETTUCE (Cabbage); ONION, Brown Spanish; PARSLEY, Triple Curled; PARSNIP, Hollow Crown; PEAS, Yorkshire Hero; RADISH, Mixed Turnip; SPINACH, Prickly or Round; TURNIP, Early White Stone; VEGETABLE MARROW, Early Long White.

THE "VILLA" COLLECTION

Price, 10/6

BEET, Blood Red; BEANS (French), Canadian Wonder and Butter; CABBAGE, Early and Late; CARROT, James' Scarlet Intermediate; CAULIFLOWER, CELERY, CRESS, Extra Fine Curled; CUCUMBER, Extra Choice Mixed; LEEK, LETTUCE (Cabbage); MELON (Rock); MELON (Water); MUSTARD, Finest White; ONION, Brown Spanish and Queen; PARSLEY, Triple Curled; PARSNIP, Hollow Crown; PEAS, Marrowfats; PUMPKIN, Turk's Cap; RADISH, Mixed Turnip and Long Scarlet; SPINACH, Prickly or Round; SQUASH, TURNIP, Early White Stone; TOMATO, VEGETABLE MARROW (Bush).

Use Clift's Manurial Insecticide in the Flower and Vegetable Garden.

It keeps the soil clean and healthy, and minimises the attacks of soil insects.
See Sundries Pages.

PARCEL POST RATES

THE FOLLOWING REVISED RATES OF POSTAGE ON PARCELS CAME INTO FORCE ON 16th DECEMBER, 1929:—

Weight.	RATES.			
	Scale 1.	Scale 2.	Scale 3.	Scale 4.
Not exceeding 1 lb. ..	s. d. 0 6	s. d. 0 9	s. d. 1 0	s. d. 1 3
" " 2 " ..	0 9	1 0	1 6	2 0
" " 3 " ..	1 0	1 3	2 0	2 9
" " 4 " ..	1 3	1 6	2 6	3 6
" " 5 " ..	1 6	1 9	3 0	4 3
" " 6 " ..	1 9	2 0	3 6	5 0
" " 7 " ..	2 0	2 3	4 0	5 9
" " 8 " ..	2 3	2 6	4 6	6 6
" " 9 " ..	2 6	2 9	5 0	7 3
" " 10 " ..	2 9	3 0	5 6	8 0
" " 11 " ..	3 0	3 3	6 0	8 9

SCALE 1 applies to parcels addressed to—

Places within a 30-mile radius of the office of posting, irrespective of whether the office of address is in the same State as the office of posting.

SCALE 2 applies to parcels addressed to other places in—

VICTORIA.

SCALE 3 applies to parcels (other than those to which Scale 1 applies) addressed to—

NEW SOUTH WALES.

FEDERAL CAPITAL TERRITORY.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

TASMANIA.

LORD HOWE ISLAND.

NORFOLK ISLAND.

SCALE 4 applies to parcels addressed to places in—

QUEENSLAND.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

NORTH AUSTRALIA.

CENTRAL AUSTRALIA.

Read Non-Warranty Clause on Introduction Page.

Telephone Nos.-
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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C1

Gill & Searle's Select Strains of VEGETABLE SEEDS

The quality and superior flavor of fresh home-grown vegetables is so pronounced over the bought article, that quite apart from the value of gardening as a healthy and profitable hobby, it is desirable to make a Kitchen Garden where space permits. Some Vegetables are better keepers than others, and in making a selection of the sorts to be grown, this important matter must be taken into consideration apart from the likes and dislikes of the particular household and the capabilities of the soil.

To grow Vegetables successfully, the soil must be properly prepared, manure must be used where necessary, the cultivator and hose must be kept going in dry weather, while the weeds must be kept down, otherwise they are liable to rob the plants of a portion of their plant food and moisture.

**ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO CONDITIONS OF SALE AND NON-WARRANTY CLAUSE
ON INTRODUCTION PAGE.**

Market Gardeners, Institutions, etc., requiring seeds in large quantities, should write for special prices. We have made prices as reasonable as possible, commensurate with first-class quality, in this Catalog, yet where a number of pounds or bushels are wanted, we can frequently supply at a lower price than by the single pound or bushel.

Flower and Vegetable Seeds in packets with the exception of Peas, Beans and Sweet Corn, are Post Free when the Order exceeds One Shilling in value. Postage must be added to all Orders of less than One Shilling.

ARTICHOKE

CULTIVATION—Sow in Spring in a row where they are to remain; thin to a foot or 18 inches apart, and transplant the following season, allowing each plant 4 feet on all sides.

LARGE GREEN GLOBE—Large heads .. 6d. pkt.
LARGE PURPLE GLOBE .. 6d. pkt.
JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE (Tubers only) ..
..... 4d. lb.; 7 lb., 2/-; 14 lb., 3/6

Special Quotations for Larger Quantities.
Asparagus, Conover's Colossal.

ASPARAGUS

CULTIVATION—Sow in August or September in rich, light soil, in rows 18 inches apart, and, when large enough, thin out to 9 inches.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—The best variety for all general purposes .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

(Obtainable from late May to late August.)

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—Two-year-old roots ..

BROAD BEANS

1 lb. will sow a row of about 50 feet.

CULTIVATION—Sow in May for the earliest crops, and again in July and August, and for the latest crop in September. Sow the seed in drills 3 to 3½ feet apart, and 12 inches in the rows. Cover the seeds to a depth of about 2 inches.

BROAD WINDSOR—A very heavy yielder .. 6d. pkt.; 1/- lb.

LEVIATHAN LONG POD—An excellent long-podded variety .. 6d. pkt.; 1/- lb.

TONGAN BEAN

THE POOR MAN'S VEGETABLE.

A strong climber producing immense quantities of large, flat Beans of excellent quality, which are used like French Beans. In a moderately warm situation and good soil, two plants of this Bean will supply a small family with this delicious and wholesome vegetable for nine months in the year. It requires to be sown rather late in the Spring. 6d. packet.

FRENCH BEANS

1 lb. will sow a row about 80 feet.

CULTIVATION—For the earliest crops, sow in September, in the warmest and most sheltered part of the garden; later crops may be sown in damper and more exposed situations. Successional crops may be sown once a month until February. Sow the seeds in drills two feet apart, and two inches in depth, or less in heavy soils, and four inches between the seeds.

DWARF VARIETIES.

"PERFECT BUSH"—The best of all the French Beans, and superior in flavor and yield to the other varieties .. 6d. pkt.; 2/- lb.

CANADIAN WONDER—Good yielder and most productive .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

MAGNUM BONUM—Early dwarf variety, strong grower and heavy cropper .. 6d. pkt.; 2/- lb.

PALE DUN—A heavy bearer, producing Beans of good size and excellent flavor .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

CLIMBING VARIETIES.

All Varieties: 6d. packet; 2/- lb.

MAMMOTH WHITE CZAR—An enormous podded variety, varying from 12 to 16 inches in length and often 2 inches in diameter. The Beans, which are produced in clusters, are very fleshy and almost stringless .. 6d. pkt.; 2/6 lb.

EPICURE—Epicure has proved itself the best of all the Runner varieties for Australian conditions. It is a heavy yielder, bearing thick and fleshy pods of good size; they are entirely stringless.

GENERAL McCAY—Enormous pods, frequently over a foot long and very broad and fleshy. Splendid heat resister.

SCARLET RUNNER—A heavy cropper, with extra long pods.

BEAN, BUTTER OR WAX POD

(Golden Podded Stringless French Bean.)

STARTLER (Dwarf)—True Golden-podded variety, heavy yielder, bearing abundantly for a long period .. 6d. pkt.; 2/- lb.

LIMA BEANS

1 lb. will sow a row about 80 feet.

CULTIVATION—Lima Beans should not be planted until the weather is warm (say end of October). They are shelled and cooked like Broad Beans.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA—A dwarf variety, growing about 18 inches high .. 6d. pkt.; 2/- lb.

Postage is Extra on Beans, Peas and Sweet Corn. For Rates, see Page 40.

Grow Your Own Vegetables, its Healthier and Cheaper.

Telephone Nos.—
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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I.

BEET

1 oz. will sow a row about 50 feet.

CULTIVATION—Seed may be sown in August, September and October for Summer crops, and in November and January for Autumn and Winter crops. Sow the seed thinly in drills, drawn eighteen inches apart, making the drills two inches deep in the light soils, and one inch in the heavy soils. Thin plants out to six inches apart.

BEET, RED

GILL & SEARLE'S "PERFECT" LONG BLOOD RED—The best of all the long varieties 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.
CRIMSON GLOBE (Turnip-shaped) — Produces beautiful globe-shaped roots of rich deep crimson color 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.
EGYPTIAN (Turnip-shaped) 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

IMPROVED BLOOD RED (Turnip-shaped)—A particularly fine globe-shaped Beet, producing medium sized roots of a deep blood red shade and of excellent flavor 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

Plants of Blood Red, Turnip-shaped, and Silver Beet. 6d. per bundle or 2/- per 100. Obtainable September to March. (Freight Extra.)

BEET, SILVER OR SWISS CHARD

DELICIOUS (Plain)—A large-leaved variety. The midribs are silvery white and very large 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

LUCULLUS (Curled)—The leaves are beautifully curled and of fine flavor 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

BORECOLE OR KALE

1 oz. will sow about 6 square yards for transplanting.

CULTIVATION—Sow the seed from November to February, and plant out in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches to 2 feet between the plants.

DWARF GREEN CURLED—The best variety of Borecole or Scotch Kale 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

BROCCOLI

1 oz. will sow about 6 square yards for transplanting.

CULTIVATION—For a Winter crop the seed must be sown in October, and the plants put out about the end of the year. For the chance of a crop to succeed Cauliflowers in Summer, seed may be sown in January or February and planted out in April.

ADAM'S EARLY WHITE—A fine early maturing variety, bearing large snowy heads of good size and flavor 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

VEITCH'S SELF-PROTECTING — Bears large snowy-white heads of first-class texture and quality, well protected. A late maturing sort 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

1 oz. will sow about 6 square yards for transplanting.

CULTIVATION—Sow the seed in July or August for use in Midsummer, and again in November, December, January and February for early and late Winter use, and plant out in rows 2 feet apart.

DALKEITH—Produces an abundant crop of solid sprouts of delicious flavor 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

PRESIDENT CARNOT—Bearing very large sprouts of good size and excellent quality. A very prolific yielder 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

Plants of Brussels Sprouts 6d. per bundle; 2/- per 100.

Obtainable Nov. to Jan.. Freight Extra.

CABBAGE

1 oz. will sow about 6 square yards for transplanting.

CULTIVATION—This is one of the most important vegetables, as it may be had in use every day in the year. A little seed may be sown once in every month. When the plants are large enough to handle, transplant in rows from 2 to 2½ feet apart.

CLASS 1.—EARLY VARIETIES.

Sow the seed during February, March and April.

EARLY YORK—An early variety, suitable for Winter and Spring use. Bears medium-sized heads of good flavor 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

CABBAGE, GREYHOUND.

For full Description, see Novelty and Specialty Pages.

CABBAGE—Continued.

GILL & SEARLE'S "BEST OF ALL" (New Dark Green-Leaved)—This new Cabbage is a great improvement on other Winter types, such as Enfield Market and similar varieties. It produces a very dark-green pointed heart, solid, tender and compact, matures earlier than the well-known Eastham; a sure header, and does not run to seed easily. To obtain best results in Southern Victoria, sow February-March. Highly recommended for both home growing and growing for market 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.
EASTHAM—Comes in early, and yields heads of medium to large size 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.
ENFIELD MARKET—The best of the Winter sorts 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

CLASS 2.—SECOND EARLY VARIETIES.

Sow seed during May and June so as to have the plants ready for putting out during August and September.

COPENHAGEN MARKET—A large early round head variety 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

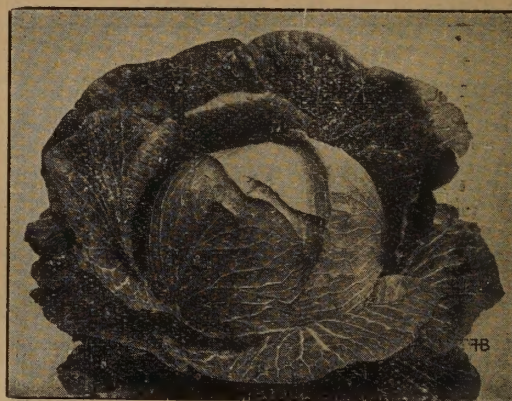
CLASS 3.—MAIN CROP SORTS.

This class comprises the varieties which are planted for cutting through the late Summer, Autumn and early Winter.

Seed of these varieties may be sown from July to November, and the plants transplanted from September to January.

CHAMPION EARLY "ALL-HEAD" — Splendid drought resister and one of the best Summer Cabbages ever introduced 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

SUREHEAD—A sure-heading Summer Cabbage, producing hard firm heads 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.



Cabbage, St. John's Day.

ST. JOHN'S DAY (Large, Late)—A valuable Summer variety, producing large solid heads. Very popular with market gardeners 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

IMPROVED "SUCCESION" — A splendid Summer Cabbage. Yields large, close heads of excellent quality and flavor 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

DRUMHEAD—A large, flat variety. Grows to an immense size 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

RED DUTCH—Suitable for pickling 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

CABBAGE, CHINESE—Sow early in the Autumn for the best results. An excellent vegetable that should be widely grown. Quite distinct from the ordinary Cabbage 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

CABBAGE, SAVOY OR WINTER

DRUMHEAD—The largest of all the Savoys. A very hardy variety, producing fine, large, well-curved solid heads 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

DWARF GREEN CURLED—An early maturing compact variety, and one which hearts well. Very solid heads 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

OMEGA—The heads are of a rich deep green, and are particularly attractive in appearance 1/- pkt.

CABBAGE PLANTS.

We Can Supply Seasonable Kinds Throughout the Year. Price, 6d. per Bundle; 2/- per 100. Freight Extra.

Telephone Nos.—
F 3645 F 3646

GILL & SEARLE

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C!

CAPER OF COMMERCE

CULTIVATION—Sow in the Spring. The flower buds are the parts used, forming the Capers of Commerce Seed 6d. packet

CAPE GOOSEBERRY

CULTIVATION—Sow the seed in September, October and November, and when large enough they should be planted in a warm sheltered situation, and should stand 3 or 4 feet apart. The plants will last several years Seed 6d. per packet
Plants, 1/6 dozen; 10/- per 100. Ready in October.

CAPSICUM OR PEPPER

CULTIVATION—The varieties of Capsicum or Chili require light, rich soil and a warm situation. For the earliest crop, sow in the beginning of September in heat. When the plants are large enough to handle, put into pots or boxes, and after they have become well established and hardened off, plant out in October, when the weather is fine. Seed should be sown in the open ground in the beginning of October.

CHINESE GIANT—Mild red pepper . . . 6d. pkt.
LONG RED—The true cayenne pepper. The fruits are narrow, being about 1/4 inch thick and 3 inches long 6d. pkt.



Cauliflower, Eclipse.

CARROT

1 oz. will sow a row about 100 feet.

CULTIVATION—The most suitable soil for the Carrot is a deep, rich, light, loamy or sandy soil, which has been enriched at the previous cropping; but should the soil be poor, a dressing of well-decomposed manure should be given, and thoroughly mixed with the soil. The seed should be sown in shallow drills, which may be a foot apart, for the Early Horn, and fifteen inches for James' Intermediate and similar varieties, and from eighteen inches to two feet for Field Carrots.

"PERFECT" INTERMEDIATE—The best of all the long varieties 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

CHANTENAY—One of the Early Horn type, large in size. A first-class variety of excellent flavor 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

EARLY SHORT HORN—Especially tender and of first-class quality 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

GUERANDE, OX-HEART—A stump-rooted variety of good size. Especially recommended for hot districts 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

ST. VALERY—A beautiful Carrot. An intermediate variety of good flavor and free from core 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

FIELD CARROTS—See Field Root Crops.

CAULIFLOWER

1 oz. will sow about 6 square yards for transplanting.

CULTIVATION—Cauliflowers may be obtained in this climate during at least half the year under ordinary treatment, and in cool situations, or where water is plentiful nearly the whole year round. For the first time, or Autumn crop, the seed must be sown from December to February, and for later crops a little may be sown every month; but heads can rarely be obtained during the hottest months, except in cool districts by abundant watering.

TESTIMONIAL.

Quirindi, N.S.W., 4/2/29.
"The Early Green Leaf Cauliflower seed I got from you in November, 1927, gave a very fine crop of heads last year, some weighing up to 6 lbs., without leaves.

Mr. J. A. U.

EARLY VARIETIES.

EARLY GREEN OR GLAZED LEAVED—An early variety with glossy green foliage, producing snow-white heads. Resists Aphis more than any other variety 1/- pkt.

EARLY LONDON—A well-known early maturing variety; heads of good flavor . . . 6d. pkt. 2/- oz.

SENSATION—This new early Cauliflower is a great improvement on Early London and similar sorts. The heads are large, snowy white, and of excellent flavor 1/6 pkt.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT—A reliable standard sort. Early maturing 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

"EXTRA EARLY ECLIPSE"—The best of all the early varieties of Cauliflower. Produces large, firm, snowy-white heads, excellent flavor. Sow the seed during November and December 6d. and 1/- pkt.; 2/6 oz.

MAIN CROP VARIETIES.

LATE ECLIPSE—One of the best of the main crop varieties 1/- pkt.; 2/- oz.

LATE METROPOLE — Produces enormous, solid white heads 1/- pkt.; 3/6 oz.

PLANTS OF CAULIFLOWER.

Late Eclipse, 6d. bundle; 2/- 100. Obtainable November to March. Freight Extra.

CELERIAC

TURNIP-ROOTED CELERY—A delicious vegetable. Those who appreciate Celery stewed or cooked in any other manner, will find the Turnip-rooted variety very acceptable. Celeriac may be cooked similarly to Red Beet and used in salads 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

CELERY

1 oz. will sow about 8 square yards for transplanting.

CULTIVATION—Celery requires very rich, deep soil, and a moist situation is the best to select, but not where the soil is saturated with water. Seeds may be sown in August for the earliest crop, and at that season require artificial heat to cause them to germinate. They may be sown in a seed pan or shallow box in light, rich soil, and placed in a hot-bed frame or some other warm place. October will be early enough for sowing in the open air, and two more sowings may be made in November and December. Manure to the depth of 5 or 6 inches should be dug into the bottom of the trench, and as much liquid as can be spared may be given while the plants are growing. The trench should be 16 or 18 inches in width, and the plants set at 6 to 12 inches apart.

IMPROVED WHITE PLUME—A crisp, solid and fine flavored variety. Fairly self-blanching, requiring very little earthing up . . . 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

LEICESTER RED—A very large, quick-growing variety; solid, crisp and very hardy 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

WHITE SOLID PASCHAL—The stalks are large, thick, solid and quite stringless. When fully grown, the stalks are very large . . . 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

Plants of Celery, 6d. bundle of 25 plants;

2/- per 100.

Obtainable October to March. Freight Extra.

See Pages 1 and 2 for Complete List of Seedlings.

Telephone Nos.-
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

CELERY FOR RHEUMATISM

A teaspoonful of seed infused in a cup of boiling water, and allowed to stand for about half-an-hour, may be taken freely. The same seed can be used a second time.

6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.; 2/6 ½ lb.; 4/- ½ lb.; 7/6 lb.

SOUP CELERY

Used for flavoring soups, stews, etc. This seed is not suitable for growing the plants. 6d. per oz.; ½ lb. for 1/6; ½ lb., 2/6; 1 lb., 5/-.

CRESS

Curled Cress may be grown in Winter on a patch of ground at the foot of a fence or other warm spot by drawing shallow drills as close as possible with the finger or small stick; the seed sown quite thick, and the surface beaten with the back of a spade, barely covering the seeds.

EXTRA FINE CURLED—A distinct, compact kind, with the leaves deeply cut and curled at the edges 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

CORN, SWEET, OR TABLE

CULTIVATION—Seed may be sown in September and three following months for succession, in drills three feet apart, and the plants a foot apart. The cobs should be taken as soon as the silk dies.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN—Good for main planting, cobs large and white 6d. pkt.; 2/- lb.

GOLDEN BANTAM—The "Ideal" Sweet Corn. The grains are of a rich creamy yellow as it ripens, hence the name . . 6d. pkt.; 2/- lb.; Postage Extra.

CUCUMBER

CULTIVATION—For the earliest crops out of door plants may be raised on a hot-bed, well hardened off, and planted out in September as soon as the weather has become warm. The plants must be protected with hand-glasses or some other covering, and shaded when necessary until established. For a late crop, plants may be raised in a cool frame, and planted out in October, always providing duplicates to replace failures. Seeds may be sown at the same time, and again in the course of a month, where they are to remain.

APPLE-SHAPED—The fruit is round in shape, being somewhat like an orange in appearance, the outer skin being of a brownish shade, mottled with golden yellow 6d. pkt.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH—A splendid variety, and a most prolific yielder, fruit from 20 to 35 inches in length. An excellent variety for growing under glass 1/- per pkt. of 12 seeds

EARLY WHITE SPINE—An excellent Cucumber. The flesh is crisp and of fine flavor . . 6d. pkt.

ENGLISH GHERKIN—The best of this type. Of delicious flavor 6d. pkt.

LONG GREEN SMOOTH ATHENS—A splendid smooth fruited variety, bearing long dark green Cucumbers, of excellent quality . . . 6d. pkt.

LONG PRICKLY—The Standard variety. Very hardy and prolific 6d. pkt.

SHORT PRICKLY—This is the true small Paris Gherkin, and bears small fruits which are picked when about as thick as the finger and used for pickling 6d. pkt.

Our Selection of 6 Choice Varieties of Cucumber, 2/- Post Free.

ENDIVE

1 oz. will sow about 100 feet in drills.

CULTIVATION—This is a good useful salad for Winter use, becoming now of more repute than hitherto. To grow it well, the culture recommended for Lettuce is exactly suitable. The heads require to be blanched, which may be effected either by tying the leaves close together or covering each plant with a flower pot, saucer, or piece of slate, a few at a time. The seeds should be sown in January, February and March.

TRIPLE MOSS CURLED—A beautifully curled variety, bearing an abundance of crisp well flavored leaves 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

Should you already have a copy of this Catalog, please hand duplicate to some friend or relative interested in Gardening.

All Vegetable Seeds Post Free, Excepting Peas, Beans and Sweet Corn.

EGG PLANT

CULTIVATION—The Egg Plant may be treated in exactly the same manner as the Capsicum, the earliest raised in heat and transplanted, and the later crop sown in a warm situation, where they have to remain; the plants may stand 1½ to 2 feet apart. The fruit must be thinned if a fine sample is required. They may be easily grown in pots, and trained to stakes like Tomatoes.

NEW YORK IMPROVED PURPLE SPINELESS—

The best variety of all 6d. pkt.

Plants ready in October, 1/6 per dozen.

Freight Extra.



Sweet Corn, "Golden Bantam."

KITCHEN HERBS

CARRAWAY, ROSEMARY, MARJORUM, MINT, MERCURY, THYME, LAVENDER, SAGE.

Price, 6d. per packet.

HERB PLANTS

CHIVES, HORSERADISH, THYME, SAGE, MARJORUM, MINT. Price, 6d. each, Freight Extra.

KOHL RABI

1 oz. will sow a row about 150 feet.

Kohl Rabi seed may be sown from January to April, and again in August and September, in an outdoor seed bed. Set out in rows 18 inches apart, and allow from 6 to 8 inches between the plants in the rows.

LARGE GREEN—A green variety; very delicious vegetable, if cooked when young 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

LARGE PURPLE 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

LEEK

1 oz. will sow a row of about 50 feet.

CULTIVATION—The first sowings may be made in June or July, and subsequent sowings once a month till October. When the young plants are about the thickness of a goose-quill they may be transplanted into deep holes made with a dibble or stake, nine to twelve inches apart.

LONDON FLAG—An early maturing variety, with long broad stems of good flavor . 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

THE LYON—Immense size and most agreeable mild flavor 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

Plants of Leeks, 6d. bundle; 2/- 100. Obtainable September to February. Freight Extra.

LETTUCE

1 oz. will sow a row of about 120 feet.

CULTIVATION—This popular salad plant may be had all the year round by frequent sowings and plantings. For Summer culture, sowings may be made where the plants are to remain—as they cannot be safely transplanted in dry weather—once a month from August onwards, in rows 18 inches apart, and thinned to 12 inches. For a Winter crop, sowings may be made in March and April, and the plants transplanted in rows.

ALL THE YEAR ROUND—Useful for growing at all seasons of the year 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

"ICEBERG"—The best of all the Summer varieties, "Iceberg" is a very quick grower, and in Summer the heads are ready for cutting in about ten weeks from the time of sowing the seed 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

NEW YORK—A first-class Summer Lettuce. Fine large solid heads. An excellent hot weather variety on account of the long time it stands before running to seed 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.



Lettuce, Gill & Searle's "Iceberg."

CONTINUITY—The heads are of a good size, firm reddish-brown on the outside, but a fine creamy white within 6d. pkt.; 2/6 oz.

DRUMHEAD or MALTA—The heads are very large crisp, tender and of excellent flavor. Best adapted for late Spring and Autumn use 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

NEAPOLITAN—An excellent Summer Lettuce, producing large, solid heads with good flavored crisp leaves beautifully curled 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

THE PIGMY—Excellent small variety 6d. pkt.

NEW SEEDLESS LETTUCE.

For full description, see Novelty and Specialty pages.

COS. LETTUCE, PARIS WHITE—The head is tall, blunt at top and very thick. The leaves are light green in color, crisp, and of excellent flavor when blanched 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

Plants of Lettuce, Iceberg and New York, 6d. per bundle; 2/- 200. Freight Extra.
Obtainable September to March.

MUSKMELON, CASSABA OR WINTER

CULTIVATION—The soil for the Cassaba and Rock Melon should be a good, rather strong loam, without manure, except a little to give the plants a start. Sow in September and October in the open ground. The seeds should be sown in spaces from 5 to 6 feet apart, placing ten or twelve seeds in each, and when the plants have two or three rough leaves thin out to three or four plants.

The Cassaba is quite distinct from the ordinary

MUSK MELON—Continued.

Rock Melon in flavor, and owing to its long keeping qualities the Cassaba may either be used for fruit salads or eaten like Rock Melon.

The fruit may be picked from the vines as soon as they lose the green lustre, but must be kept some little time before being eaten. The best way to keep Cassabas late in the Autumn is not to pick them, but to gather the fruit together on the hill, covering it completely with the vines.

EMERALD ISLE—A most profitable sort, both early and late. The fruits are green skinned and of delicious flavor 9d. pkt.

GOLDEN DAWN—In quality and delicious flavor "Golden Dawn" Cassaba is equally as good as "Emerald Isle," with the additional advantage that it has less tendency to crack open 9d. pkt.

HONEY DEW—The sweetest Melon of all. The fruit is light emerald green in color 9d. pkt.

MELON, MUSK OR ROCK

DELICIOUS—A main crop variety. The flesh is light green with a salmon tint throughout, and of excellent flavor 6d. pkt.

ROCKY FORD or NETTED GEM—One of the best varieties yet introduced. It is only of medium size (1½ lbs.), but is extremely prolific, very early, green flesh, slightly oblong and beautifully netted, and has a most delicious melting flavor 6d. pkt.

DICKSON'S EXQUISITE—A frame variety. The flesh is a beautiful green 1/- pkt. (12 seeds)

EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK—One of the most popular of the very early maturing green fleshed varieties 6d. pkt.

EMERALD GEM—A small fruited, smooth-skinned variety with pink flesh, which is very sweet and luscious 6d. pkt.

LACEBY JEWELL—An early round, heavily netted variety of the "Rocky Ford" type, which when ripe has a lace-like silver colored netting. The skin is green, turning to peculiar grey when the Melon reaches maturity. The flesh is green and so sweet and luscious that it may be eaten close to the rind 1/- pkt.

LARGE YELLOW CANTALOUPE—An improved type of the old Cantaloupe Melon. A large and very long Melon, heavily netted and prominently ribbed. Flesh salmon-pink 6d. pkt.

LONG ISLAND BEAUTY—Very early maturing with green flesh of delicious flavor 6d. pkt.

SWEET LADY—A particularly attractive, medium-late variety, and new splendid type and of the green-fleshed "Rocky Ford" type 9d. pkt.

PRESERVING MELON

CITRON, GREEN-SEEDED—Fruit round, striped alternately light and dark green 6d. pkt.

CITRON, RED-SEEDED—Excellent for jam and preserves 6d. pkt.

WATER MELON

CULTIVATION—The Water Melon requires a richer soil than the Rock Melon, and if well grown will afford abundance of fruit without stopping the shoots or any other manipulation being required. Every effort should be made to get the fruit ripened early, for it is little valued except in hot weather. A warm situation should therefore be chosen. The seeds should be sown in spaces about 8 feet apart, placing 10 or 12 seeds in each, and when the plants have three leaves thin out to 3 or 4 plants. Do not sow in the open ground before October.

All Varieties of Water Melon, 6d. per pkt.

BLACK SPANISH—The fruits are nearly round. The flesh is dark red. The Melons run from 18 to 20 lbs. each.

COLE'S EARLY—One of the earliest. The flesh is bright red, crisp and of delicious flavor.

CUBAN QUEEN—An extremely prolific red fleshed variety and a good keeper. Medium late in maturing. The Melons average from 28 to 30 lbs. each.

DIXIE—One of the best keeping varieties. The fruits are dark green, with lighter green stripes. The flesh is a bright red, and of delicious flavor. Medium early sort. The fruits average about 24 lbs. each.

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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
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WATER MELON—Continued.

FORDHOOK EARLY—This Melon is very early. The flesh is bright red and very sweet.

ICE CREAM — A white seeded, early maturing variety of great merit. The fruits are light green in color.

KLECKLEY SWEETS — The fruits are long and symmetrical. The skin is dark green, and the flesh is a dark red, very tender and melting. Medium early in maturity.

KLONDYKE—Wonderfully prolific, comes in early, and is a long and continuous bearer. Well adapted to dry districts. The flesh is brittle, and the fruit oblong.

TOM WATSON—One of the best Water Melons for Market. Very prolific, and attains a very large size, frequently growing from 50 to 60 lbs. in weight. The rind is thin, but tough; the flesh is bright pink, tender, firm and sweet.

MUSHROOM SPAWN

CULTIVATION—The Mushroom can be successfully cultivated in pots, boxes or beds, either out of doors or in a shed or cellar, during the Autumn and Winter months. The beds are made of fresh horse dung (which must be dried and fermented until the violent heat is gone) before being used. When ready the material should be made into a bed four feet wide and a foot deep, beaten extremely hard with a rammer or mallet, and left until the heat is steady at 60 or 70 degrees, when pieces of spawn, about the size of walnuts, should be inserted an inch deep and 8 or nine inches apart, all over the bed, which must then be covered to a depth of three inches with soil such as the Mushroom naturally grows in, well beaten with the back of a spade, and, if out of doors, should be covered with a good thickness of hay. The soil should not be allowed to become dry, nor ever very wet; therefore something should be at hand to ward off heavy rains if out of doors. Mushrooms may be expected in six or seven weeks from the time of spawning, and a good bed will last for two or three months. In gathering the crop, the stalks should be pulled completely out, otherwise they rot and destroy the young brood. Before the month of April, while the weather is warm the bed may be made into a trench, dug six inches deep, in dry and well drained ground.

ENGLISH MUSHROOM SPAWN—The best and most productive variety. The bricks are composed of healthy vigorous spawn, and can be relied on for a good crop of this delicious esculent. In 1 lb. bricks. Price, 1/6 each. Postage extra (see Page 40).

MUSTARD

1 oz. will sow 1 square yard.

WHITE—The well-known salading variety. Especially useful for garnishing. Can be sown at any time, and is ready for use in a few weeks. If being grown for use with Curled Cress, sow the latter about five days before the Mustard so as to have both ready for cutting together 6d. pkt.

WHITE PICKLING MUSTARD— $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 9d.; 1 lb., 1/6.

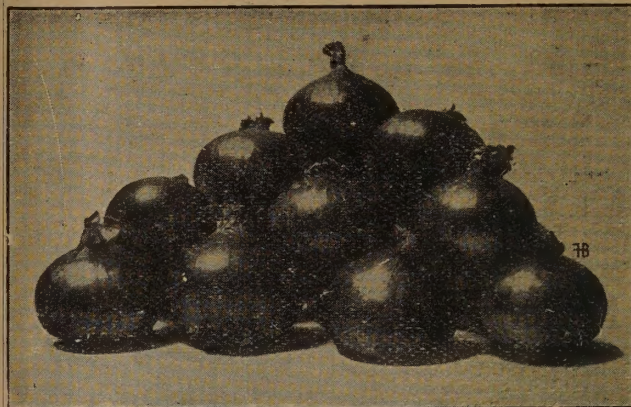
OKRA OR COMBO

CULTIVATION—This plant is not so much grown in this country as its merits deserve. The pods, which are used while green and tender, form an excellent ingredient in soups, stews and pickles. They can also be cut in slices and dried for Winter use. For an early crop, the plants may be raised in heat in July, like Tomatoes, and planted out; the ordinary crop may be sown in September and October for succession, in drills two feet apart, and the plants thinned to the same distance. The soil should be rich and well cultivated.

DWARF GREEN DENSITY—One of the best varieties, long green pods 6d. pkt.

WHITE VELVET—The best of the white-podded sorts. In this variety, the pods are round and smooth (hence the name) 6d. pkt.

For Novelties and Specialties in Flower and Vegetable Seeds, see Colored Pages.



Onion, Selected Brown Spanish.

ONION

1 oz. will sow about 50 feet in drills.

CULTIVATION — To produce good crops of Onions, ground of a deep loamy nature should be selected; it requires to be well worked and manured. Onions may be transplanted or the seed may be sown where the plants have to remain. When required early, the seed may be sown in April, but a risk is taken of their running to seed. June is considered the best month to sow for transplanting. For that purpose the seed should be sown in wide drills or beds, and kept free from weeds until fit to transplant. For bulbing on the ground where sown, the months of July and August are recommended. Sow the seeds in drills a foot apart, and thin to six inches. As some of those transplanted are likely to start from seed, the flower-heads must be pinched off as soon as they appear. For pickling Onions, seed of the silver-skinned varieties should be sown in August, rather thickly in drills, and left unthinned. For salad the seed may be sown whenever required, providing the soil is watered should the weather be dry.

EARLY SILVER SKINNED VARIETIES.

EARLY QUEEN—The Early Queen Onion seed now offered is our own strain of Victorian-grown seed, specially grown to contract under our own personal supervision, and can be highly recommended for quality and flavor . 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

SILVERSKIN—An early white variety, producing small bulbs. Particularly suitable for pickling . 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

SECOND EARLY VARIETIES.

BROWN GLOBE—Well-known and very popular variety . 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

EXTRA EARLY GOLDEN GLOBE—Similar to the Early Brown Globe except in color of the bulbs, which are of a golden color. Comes in about 14 days earlier than the Brown Globe, and is an excellent keeper 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

ODOURLESS—The bulbs are very similar in appearance to large Brown Globe that used to be grown some years ago, while the skin is a pale straw. The flavor of this Onion is delicious and extraordinarily mild. Highly recommended for salads . 1/- pkt.; 5/- oz.

WHITE SPANISH—Attains a large size; very even and of good flavor; skin pale straw color 6d. pkt.; 2/6 oz.

MAIN CROP SORTS.

AILSA CRAIG—One of the largest and most handsome Onions in cultivation. Skin, a pale brown. Good keeper and of excellent flavor 6d. pkt.; 2/- oz.

BROWN SPANISH—The Principal Main Crop Keeping Onion. The seed offered is: Gill & Searle's Specially Picked and Selected strain, grown to contract 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

Plants of Onion, Early White Queen and Early Brown Globe are obtainable from April to September, and Brown Spanish from July to September. 6d. bundle; 1/- 100. Freight Extra.

To have success with your Garden, procure a Copy of the "Australian Gardener."

ONION AND GARLIC BULBS

Obtainable March to August.

TREE ONIONS—This variety not only has bulbs at the roots, but also a cluster of bulblets at the top of what would be the flower stem in the ordinary way. Excellent for pickling .. 1/6 lb.

POTATO ONIONS—Multiplies itself by offsets from the parent bulb underneath the soil. Plant in rows 6 inches apart and 15 inches between the rows, just burying the bulbs beneath the surface .. 1/6 lb.

SHALLOTS—Mainly grown for pickling purposes, also for flavoring soups, etc. 1/- lb.

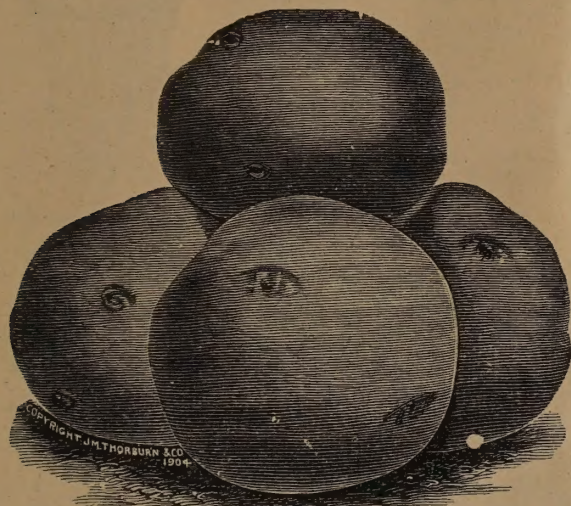
GARLIC BULBS .. 9d. lb.

PARSLEY

1 oz. will sow a row about 70 feet.

CULTIVATION—Though Parsley repays for good soil as well as any other crop, it does not always obtain the best kind of treatment, being generally used as an edging to the walks in the kitchen garden, or sown in some out-of-the-way place in poor soil, and insufficiently thinned. The seeds should be sown in drills 15 inches apart, and the plants thinned to twelve inches. Sowings should be made in August and September in a low shady border for Summer and Autumn supply, and again in March or April for Winter use.

TRIPLE CURLED—A beautifully curled, dwarf-growing variety of fine appearance 6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.



Potatoes.

PARSNIP

1 oz. will sow a row of about 150 feet.

CULTIVATION—Treat in the same manner as recommended for the Carrot. On dry, early soils, sowings may be made in Autumn, on the occurrence of the first rain, to furnish roots for use in Spring. The produce of these sowings should be used early, otherwise the plants would run to seed. October is the best month in which to sow the main crop, and for Winter use a sowing may be made about the beginning of December. The rows should be eighteen inches apart, and the plants thinned to six or eight inches, according to the size of the roots required.

IMPROVED HOLLOW CROWN SHORT TOP—A Selected and improved strain of the old type, and one which can be relied upon to give every satisfaction .. 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

PEAS

1 lb. will sow a row of about 50 feet.

CULTIVATION—Soil that has been manured for a previous crop will suffice for Winter-sown crops, but for Summer an additional dressing should be given, and the ground well worked. For dwarf varieties the rows should be two and a half to three feet apart, for taller sorts four to six feet,

PEAS—Continued.

and the seed of the former should be placed about one inch apart, and the latter three to four inches apart. The sowing of Peas may commence in April, and be continued till January. The Autumn sowing should consist of the earliest varieties. Early kinds may be sown again in June; second earliest and main crops in July and August; main crops again in September, October, November and December; afterwards early varieties again. To maintain a continuous succession, it is a good rule to sow whenever the previous crop is fairly above ground.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES.

AMERICAN WONDER (Height, 18 inches)—A very early dwarf wrinkled Marrow-fat Pea and an abundant bearer .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

"ENGLISH WONDER" (Height 18 inches) — For flavor and as a prolific yielder this variety is unequalled. It is also the "earliest" of the Peas, and is so adaptable that it may be sown every month from March to August .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

LITTLE GEM (Height 15 to 18 inches)—A fine dwarf, curved-podded, early marrow-fat variety .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

RICHARD SEDDON (Height 15 to 18 inches)—Very similar to English Wonder, on which it is said to be an improvement .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

WILLIAM HURST (Height 15 inches) — A first-class early marrow-fat variety, bearing an abundance of well-filled pods .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

SECOND EARLY VARIETIES.

DAISY (Height 18 to 21 inches)—A profuse bearer, producing large handsome pale colored blunt-ended pods of fine large size and well filled with Peas of first-class quality. Quite distinct from other sorts, and highly recommended .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

DAY'S EARLY SUNRISE (Height 30 inches)—A very hardy round-seeded variety suitable for early crops in very cold districts where marrow-fat Peas cannot be sown till late in the season .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

GREATCROP (Height 21 to 24 inches)—A second early Pea of strong and vigorous growth, each pod carrying 5 or 6 Peas of large size and of first-class marrow-fat flavor .. 9d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

GREENFEAST (Height 24 to 30 inches)—A very hardy variety of robust growth and fine flavor. Highly esteemed by market gardeners on account of its all-round qualities .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

STRATAGEM (Height 24 to 27 inches)—One of the best known and most popular second early sorts. A wrinkled Pea, with long dark green pods .. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb.

MAIN CROP VARIETY.

YORKSHIRE HERO (Height 27 to 30 inches)—The best of all the main crop varieties. A very prolific yielder, producing pods well filled with Peas .. 6d. pkt.; 1/- lb.

SUGAR OR EDIBLE PODDED PEAS

DWARF, EARLY (Height 1 ft.)—A splendid variety. It is very hardy and prolific. Must be used when young .. 6d. pkt.; 2/6 lb.

POTATOES

CULTIVATION—The soil should be in good condition, and, if requiring manure, stable dung or superphosphate of lime should be used. The first crop, for which a dry soil and warm situation should be chosen, may be planted in July in favorable localities, using the earliest varieties; a successive crop of the same and also of the second earliest and late varieties in August and the latest up in November. Then in January, early varieties may be again planted for an Autumn crop. The sets may be planted 2 feet by 12 inches apart. With regard to sets, large kinds with few eyes, if cut into pieces of good size, will yield as much produce as whole tubers of equal weight, though, in general, whole tubers, say 4 ozs. in weight, are preferable. The after culture consists in drawing soil to the stems, and frequent digging or hoeing of the spaces between the rows. 7 to 8 cwt. required to plant an acre.

CARMAN (Early), **CARMAN No. 2** (Late), **EARLY ROSE**, **EARLY MANISTEE**, **KIDNEY**, **EARLY VERMONT**, **SCOTTISH TRIUMPH**, **UP-TO-DATE**.
Price on Application.

Telephone Nos.—
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

PUMPKIN

CULTIVATION—Sow from September to December in well manured soil. The seeds should be sown in spaces 8ft. to 12ft. apart. Place 10 or 12 seeds in each space, but do not allow more than two of the strongest plants to run.

All varieties of Pumpkins, 6d. packet. Collection of 6 varieties for 2/-.

BEAUDESERT—A new table Pumpkin, true Queensland blue, good quality, sweet and dry. Flesh, orange color 6d. pkt.

CROWN—An excellent sort, both for feeding stock and for table use.

IRONBARK—One of the best known sorts, and an excellent keeper. The Pumpkins are of good size, and are suitable both for feeding stock and for table use.

KING OF THE MAMMOTHS OR POT-IRON (Cattle Variety)—The largest of all the Pumpkins and sometimes on account of its enormous size is known as the "Hundredweight."

TURK'S CAP—This variety is perhaps the very best known of all the table Pumpkins. The outer skin is deep orange striped and flaked with pale yellow, the fruit being in the shape of a turban.

TRIANGLE—A very popular line of Pumpkin, better adapted for table than for cattle purposes. Triangle is rather peculiar in shape.

TROMBONE (Jonathan)—A crookneck variety; very prolific. The flesh is fine, clear and sweet. First-class table variety.

RADISH

1 oz. will sow a bed of 4 square yards.

CULTIVATION—The seeds may be sown in drills in the cool months, when the plants take longer to grow, to enable the weeds to be kept down easily; but in Summer it may be sown thinly broadcast or very thinly in the rows with Carrots or other root crops, or with Lettuces, to be drawn out as required. It may be sown every third or fourth week throughout the year. In Winter a dry situation and in Summer a moist one should be chosen.

All varieties of Radish, 6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

EARLY WHITE TURNIP—An extra early quick maturing small round white Radish.

EARLY RED TURNIP—Similar to the above except in color.

GIANT CRIMSON FORCING—This variety produces roots 6 to 7 inches in circumference, of the mildest flavor, firm and crisp.

LONG SCARLET—Produces fine long Radishes of a rich scarlet color.

"TICICLE"—A splendid early, long white variety. A most adaptable sort and suitable for planting at all seasons of the year.

FRENCH BREAKFAST—A very quick maturing, oval-shaped variety of good flavor. The Radishes are scarlet, tipped with white.

RHUBARB

CULTIVATION—The seed may be sown in the beginning of September where the plants are to remain, or in drills for transplanting. The drills may be made in light, rich soil, two feet apart, and an inch deep; the seeds should be sown very thinly.

WILSON'S RUBY—The best of all the Rhubarbs. An everbearing variety of delicious flavor Seed, 6d. pkt.; 1/6 per oz.

TOPP'S WINTER—A splendid variety, being in greatest perfection during the Winter months Seed, 6d. pkt.; 1/6 per oz.

RHUBARB ROOTS

(Obtainable from late May to early September.)

EARLY ALBERT—A splendid Summer bearing variety 1/- each; 10/- doz.

EARLY GIANT—Long stalks, of good color, fine flavor 1/- each; 10/- doz.

GIANT CRIMSON—An extremely prolific long-stalked variety, of delicious flavor . . 3/- each

TOPP'S WINTER—A good all-round sort, especially valuable, as it is in its greatest perfection during the Winter months 1/- each; 10/- doz.

WILSON'S RUBY—The best of all the Rhubarbs. Produces large stalks of most delicate flavor. Suitable for cutting practically the whole year round 1/- each; 10/- doz.

Freight charged Extra on Rhubarb Roots.

SALSIFY OR OYSTER PLANT

CULTIVATION—Salsify succeeds well under the same treatment required for Carrots and other root crops it may be sown in August, and for the general crop in October. Sow the seed in drills about 15in. apart, and thin the plants to 6in. The young leaves, when blanched, may be used as a vegetable. The roots are boiled or stewed like Carrots and Parsnips, or half boiled and grated fine, made into small balls and then dipped into batter and fried like oysters, which they somewhat resemble.

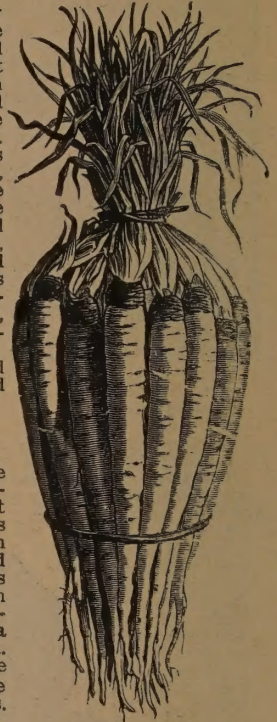
MAMMOTH—Produces good roots of large size and good flavor.

6d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.

SEA KALE

CULTIVATION—Sow the seed in August and September in drills 2 feet apart, and thin the plants to a foot apart. When blanching, the plants should be covered with pots, boxes or casks or the like with fresh dung in such quantities as will produce a gentle and prolonged heat. They are ready for use when they have grown the length of a few inches.

6d. pkt.



Salsify, Mammoth.

SPINACH

1 oz. will sow a row about 60 feet.

CULTIVATION—The seed should be sown thinly, in drills, which in Winter should be 18 inches or more apart, and the plants thinned to 12 inches; the Spring and Summer crops need not stand further apart than half that distance.

PRICKLY—The best variety for Winter and Spring use 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

ROUND—An improved strain with dark green leaves. For Summer and Autumn use 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

NEW ZEALAND (Tetragonia Expansa)—A trailing variety, especially recommended for growing in districts where only a limited water supply is available 6d. pkt.

SQUASH

CULTIVATION—The Squash is closely related to the Pumpkin and Vegetable Marrow, except the Bush Varieties, which do not run or require so much room.

All varieties of Squash, 6d. per packet.

RUNNING VARIETIES.

BLUE HUBBARD—Flesh sweet, dry, and thick, of excellent flavor. Good keeper.

GOLDEN HUBBARD—Excellent quality, medium size fruit, good keeper.

GREEN HUBBARD—The most popular variety in America. The fruits are moderately warted, pointed at both ends, and average about 10 lbs. in weight.

BUSH OR TREE SORTS.

CUSTARD—This variety is synonymous with the Early White Scalloped Bush Squash. This variety can be recommended for the small family, as the fruits are just large enough to provide for two or three persons.

BUSH FORDHOOK—For quality and delicious sweetness, this variety can be thoroughly recommended.

All Prices in this Catalog are Subject to Alteration Without Notice.

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GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I



RANUNCULUS

GILL & SEARLE'S EXHIBITION STRAIN.

Mixed Double Type. Seed, 1/- Packet.

For Seedlings, see page 2. For full description, see Novelty Section, page III.

Telephone Nos.-
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GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I



AQUILEGIA

GILL & SEARLE'S SPECIAL
STRAIN OF LONG SPURRED
HYBRIDS.

Seed, 1/6 Packet.

For Seedlings, see page 1. For full
description, see Novelty Section,
page VII.

TURNIP

1 oz. will sow a row about 150 feet.

CULTIVATION—The seed may be sown broadcast on a bed or in drills, the latter being the preferable mode. The drills for early sorts should be at least 15 inches apart, and the plants thinned to six or nine inches, but for Swedes the drills should be eighteen inches and the plants twelve inches apart. The first sowings should be made in the beginning of February or earlier if a good rainfall happens to occur. Successional sowings may be made of white sorts in Autumn and early Spring, choosing the yellow-fleshed varieties for Summer growth, as they withstand the heat better than the others. The seed should be sown extremely thin, and the plants thinned early, and the surface of the soil around them kept in a loose state.

All variety of Turnip Seed, 6d. per pkt.; 1/- oz. Turnip, "White Stone."

EARLY PURPLE-TOP MUNICH—Very early; handsome snow-white flesh, delicious flavor.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE PURPLE-TOP MILAN—The earliest maturing of all the Turnips. The roots are of medium size and quite flat.

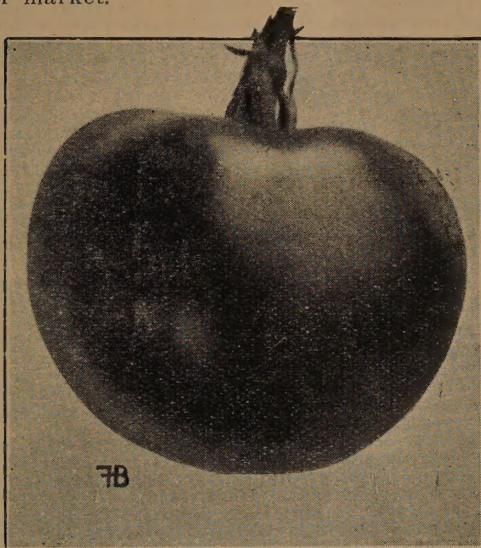
EARLY WHITE STONE—An early maturing and hardy variety.

LAING'S GARDEN SWEDE—An excellent variety of Table Swede. The flesh is yellow, tender and of good flavor.

NON-SEEDING WHITE—Stands longer than other Turnips without running to seed.

ORANGE JELLY (Robertson's Golden Ball)—Excellent for Summer use.

EARLY PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE—A standard globe-shaped variety, which gives wonderful returns, and is the standard sort for growing for market.



Tomato, "Kondine Red."

TOMATO

CULTIVATION—To have Tomatoes early, seed must be sown in May or June in heat, and the young plants grown in pots until ready to plant out when the weather has become warm in September. For later crops, the seeds may be sown in a warm border out of doors towards the end of August. The Tomato requires rich soil, and succeeds best in that which is sandy. The earliest plants should be planted and trained against the north wall or fence; later crops may be planted against other fences, or in the open quarters, allowing a space of three feet to each plant, but in all situations they ought to be supported off the ground by stakes or trellises. The plants, as they grow, should be kept thin of shoots, weak laterals being pinched off, and those that are to remain stopped at the flower.

"ABUNDANCE"—A very abundant yielder. The fruit is of a splendid bright scarlet, round, uniform in size and of first-class quality 9d. pkt.

TOMATO—Continued.

KONDINE RED—An excellent variety, producing medium sized smooth fruit in great abundance 9d. pkt.

BURBANK—An extra early variety, producing fine quality, smooth flesh fruit. Very prolific 6d. pkt.

BURWOOD PRIZE—A first-class early variety, handsome fruit of good size 6d. pkt.

MARKET KING—The continued and increasing demand and enthusiastic remarks of our many customers confirm our opinion that this Tomato is still one of the very best. Excellent for indoor or outdoor growing. "Market King" still thoroughly merits the name it bears 1/- pkt.

EARLIANA—One of the earliest. The fruit is large and of a beautiful red color 6d. pkt.

EARLY DWARF RED (Selected)—Bearing large bright red fruit 6d. pkt.

IMPROVED TROPHY—Fruit very large, smooth, solid, and of fine flavor 6d. pkt.

ORANGE PROLIFIC—Bears medium-sized fruit of uniform size and excellent flavor 6d. pkt.

PONDEROSA—A very large, smooth, handsome variety, of a rich dark crimson color 6d. pkt.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN DWARF RED (South Australian grown) — A well-known early, large-fruited dwarf Tomato, with solid flesh, perfect shape and excellent flavor 1/- pkt.

AUSTRALIAN LARGE RED is strongly recommended to market gardeners and others as the most prolific variety known, and has proved itself to be an exceptionally heavy cropper, producing large bright red fruits of fine flavor. The fruits are almost smooth, very firm and fleshy 6d. pkt.

WILDING'S PROLIFIC (Burwood Wonder)—One of earliest, and at the same time, one of the most prolific variety known, and has proved itself to be an exceptionally heavy cropper 6d. pkt.

PERENNIAL TREE TOMATO (Cythomandra betacea)—This fast-growing Perennial reaches a height of 10 to 12 feet. This fruit, which is orange-colored, and about the size of a bantam's egg, is very delicious 6d. pkt.

FANCY VARIETIES, 6d. per packet.

The small-fruited or fancy varieties of Tomato make a particularly ornamental garnish for salads.

RED CHERRY, RED PEAR-SHAPED, RED PEACH, YELLOW CHERRY, YELLOW PEACH, YELLOW PEAR-SHAPED.

TOMATO PLANTS

(Obtainable from early August to November.)

Plants of Burbank, Chalk's Early Jewel, Earliana, Burwood Wonder, Orange Prolific, Australian Large Red, and other varieties of Tomato are available from early in August until the middle of November. Prices: 1/- per dozen, 5/- per 100, and per 1000 price on application. Write for special "TOMATO" leaflet, published annually at the end of July.

Tomato Plants are only supplied subject to the following conditions:—

"The Victorian Railways will not accept Tomato Plants at 'Commissioner's Risk,' but will only carry same at Consignee's full liability. Tomato Plants are therefore only sold on the strict understanding that our liability ceases when the Plants have been delivered to the Railways in good order and condition and a clean receipt obtained for same. We cannot accept any responsibility for damage done, breakages incurred or pilferage during transit." Freight charged extra on Tomato Plants.

VEGETABLE MARROW

CULTIVATION—The instructions given for the Cucumber are applicable to the growth of the Vegetable Marrow, with the difference of only having one plant instead of two in every space, and the distance eight feet apart instead of six, and little or no stopping, further than thinning where the vines are too thick.

RUNNING OR TRAILING SORTS.

EARLY LONG GREEN—Excellent flavor and productive bearer 6d. pkt.

EARLY LONG WHITE—Very early and prolific 6d. pkt.

FELTHAM PROLIFIC—Early small white Marrows 9d. pkt.

LONG GREEN BUSH—This variety is early maturing and extremely productive 6d. pkt.

LONG WHITE BUSH—Very prolific and of excellent flavor 6d. pkt.

We Can Thoroughly Recommend Tomato, "Market King" Seed. 1/- Pkt., Post Free.

Telephone Nos.-
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GILL & SEARLE PTY. LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

LAWN GRASSES

SPECIALLY MACHINE-CLEANED.

OWING TO THE FLUCTUATIONS OF THE MARKET, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO AFFIX PRICES TO SEVERAL ARTICLES, BUT SAMPLES AND QUOTATIONS WILL BE SENT POST FREE ON APPLICATION. 20 LB. REPRESENTS A BUSHEL OF GRASS SEEDS.

A portion of every garden should be laid down in lawn. A well-made and well-kept lawn is not only a pleasure to the eye, but enhances the beauty of the surrounding garden and increases the value of any property. It may therefore be regarded not merely as a necessity for filling up the garden space, but as a desirable and valuable asset to any home.

To maintain a good lawn means careful and regular attention to the necessary routine work of mowing, watering, rolling, top-dressing, etc.

VARIETIES OF GRASSES USED FOR LAWNS.

(Specially Machine-cleaned).

CHEWING'S FESCUE	PERENNIAL RYE-
COUCH GRASS	GRASS
CREeping BENT	RED FESCUE
CRESTED DOGSTAIL	ROUGH-STALKED
KENTUCKY BLUE	MEADOW GRASS
GRASS	WAIPU BROWNTOP
	WOOD MEADOW GRASS

Price on Application.



The Grasses shown below are those most generally used for Lawns, either sown alone or in mixture. A mixture of Lawn Grasses suitable to the particular conditions will generally give much better results than any one particular grass sown alone. We shall always be pleased to advise our clients in this respect, and happy to submit recommendations whenever required. It is false economy to use anything but the best seed, as weeds very soon spread and spoil a lawn.

WRITE FOR SPECIAL LAWN LEAFLET—
"HOW TO GROW A LAWN." Post Free.

GILL & SEARLE'S SPECIAL BOWLING GREEN, TENNIS COURT AND CROQUET LAWN MIXTURE.

AS SUPPLIED TO MOST OF THE LEADING BOWLING, TENNIS AND CRICKET CLUBS IN AND AROUND MELBOURNE.

This mixture is composed of all the finer grasses, will make a firm and lasting turf. It contains no Rye Grass or Clovers.

3/- lb.; 45/- bushel.

Write for a copy of our PLANT AND FRUIT TREE CATALOG. Post Free on Application.

GILL & SEARLE'S SPECIAL LAWN MIXTURE.

A scientifically prepared mixture of Grasses suitable for Gardens, Lawns, etc. Free from foreign matter, and contains no Clover. Unexcelled for lawns.

½ lb. 1/3; 1 lb., 2/-; 10 lbs., 15/-; 30/- per bushel of 20 lbs.

SPECIAL MACHINE-DRESSED IRISH RYE GRASS FOR LAWNS.

This is a splendid quality, free from all foreign matter, specially saved from old pastures and thoroughly Perennial.

7d. per ½ lb.; 1/- per lb.; 15/- per bushel of 20 lbs.

BUFFALO GRASS (Roots only).

Makes an excellent lawn, particularly in dry districts. Grows well on any soil, and produces a good sward, even on pure sand. The roots should be planted in the Spring.

Price: 6/- per half-sack; 11/- per sack.

—PERFECT LAWNS—

To maintain a Lawn, Putting Green, Tennis Court, Bowling Green or Croquet Lawn in the highest state of efficiency and perfection, frequent cutting, regular rolling, ample moisture during dry weather, together with an annual dressing of Velvas Lawn Sand each season, are all essential. The Velvas is applied, not only as a nutriment, but to destroy the trefoils and other weeds which take up the moisture and rob the grasses of the plant food in the ground. With some Lawns and Greens, the use of Vermerad Worm Killer is a necessary adjunct to this treatment to kill the worms and to avoid the surface becoming dank, muddy and untrue, thus preserving that close, well-knit, verdant turf so pleasing to the eye, and so essential for such games as Golf, Tennis, Bowls, Croquet, etc.

THE ESSENTIALS OF MAKING AND MAINTAINING A LAWN IN GOOD ORDER.

1. Thorough and proper soil preparation, including adequate provision for drainage.
2. Allowing the weeds to develop, and destroying them before attempting to sow seed or plant roots.
3. Levelling and fining the ground thoroughly before sowing or planting.
4. Sowing seed or planting roots at the right time of the year.
5. Firming the ground well after sowing seed and affording protection from birds.
6. Abundance of moisture during dry weather.
7. Frequent cutting, regular watering, and regular rolling.
8. Top dressing at least every two years.

VELVAS LAWN SAND.

A Weed Destroyer and a First-Class Grass Food. Transforms weedy and impoverished Lawns into beautiful green, healthy sward.

One good dressing of Velvas Lawn Sand at the rate of one ounce to the square yard will do all that is necessary. Apply, if possible, just before rain, but should rain not fall within 48 hours of using, give the lawn a good watering. For very neglected and impoverished lawns, it is advisable to increase the quantity to two or even three ounces per square yard. For top-dressing Bowling Greens, Croquet Lawns, etc., this preparation cannot be excelled.

PRICES:

1 lb. pkgs.	1/-	28 lb. bags	11/6
2 lb. pkgs.	1/6	56 lb. bags	18/-
4 lb. pkgs.	2/6	112 lb. bags	35/-
14 lb. pkgs.	6/-		

Freight Extra.

For Perfect Lawns, Sow Gill & Searle's Lawn Mixture.

AGRICULTURAL SEEDS

Grasses and Clovers for Permanent Pastures

ALL SPECIALLY MACHINE CLEANED.

Owing to the fluctuations of the market we are unable to state prices. We will be pleased to quote at lowest market rates. When enquiring for samples and prices, kindly state approximately quantities required. 20 lb. represents a bushel of grass seeds.

COCKSFOOT (*Dactylis glomerata*).

A valuable Perennial grass, and very largely grown in Victoria. Sow from 30 to 40 lbs. to the acre. Best New Zealand Seed. Height 3 to 6 ft.

COUCH (*Cynodon dactylon*).

Exceedingly valuable for sowing on embankments for binding. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. to the acre.

CRESTED DOGSTAIL (*Cynosurus cristatus*).

Sow with other grasses from 2 to 5 lbs. to the acre.

CREeping BENT OR RED TOP

(*Agrostis stolonifera*).

Sow, if alone, 20 to 30 lbs. to the acre.

CHEWING'S FESCUE

(*Festuca duriuscula* var. *Chewing's*).

A Perennial variety of Hard Fescue. Sow, if alone, 20 lbs. to the acre.

HARD FESCUE (*Festuca Duriuscula*).

Hardy and robust variety. Sow, if alone, 40 lbs. to the acre. Hardy Perennial.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (*Poa Pratensis*).

Specially adapted for dry light soils. Sow, if alone, 30 lbs. to the acre or 2 or 4 lbs., if mixed with other grasses and clovers.

PASPALUM DILATATUM (Golden Crown Grass)

Withstands drought and is not affected by frosts. It should be sown during the Spring and early Autumn months, at the rate of from 6 to 8 lbs. per acre. Prime Hand-shaken Seed.

PHALARIS BULBOSA.

("The King of all Winter Grasses.") This is without doubt one of the most valuable Winter Grass yet introduced. Sow 2 lbs. to the acre, 4 lbs. broadcast.

PRAIRIE GRASS (*Bromus unioloides*).

Sow 40 lbs., if alone, to the acre.

RED OR CREEPING FESCUE (*Festuca rubra*).

Excellent for enduring severe droughts. Sow, if alone, 30 to 40 lbs. to the acre.

RHODES GRASS (*Chloris Virgata*).

One of the Greatest Drought-resisting Grasses ever introduced. A valuable grass for hot climates. Sow 2 to 4 lbs. to the acre after all danger of frosts is over.

RIB GRASS (*Plantago lanceolata*).

Specially adapted for sowing on sheep runs. Sow with other grasses, 2 lbs to the acre, or if alone sow 20 lbs.

ROUGH-STALKED MEADOW GRASS

(*Poa trivialis*).

Sow, if alone, 30 to 40 lbs. to the acre.

IRISH RYE GRASS (*Lolium perenne*).

Too well-known to need description. Hardy Perennial. Sow 30 to 40 lbs. to the acre.

RYE GRASS, WESTERN WOLTHS

(*Lolium Western Woldicum*).

A most productive forage and pasture grass. Of wonderful vitality, making strong growth during severe frosts, and will grow on sodden soil. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

RYE GRASS, ITALIAN (*Lolium Italicum*).

Too well-known to need description. Sow, if alone, 40 lbs. to the acre.

RYE GRASS, WIMMERA (*Lolium Subulatum*).

It has a very vigorous root system, and seeds very freely, and grows well in the Wimmera, Mallee and other warm districts. Sow, if alone, 40 lbs. to the acre.



Kentucky Blue Grass.

RYE GRASS. VICTORIAN OR WESTERN DISTRICT.

The Victorian Ryegrass which is saved in the Western District of this State. It is one of the best permanent fattening grasses, acclimatised and exceedingly hardy. Sow, if alone, 40 lbs. to the acre.

TIMOTHY GRASS (*Phleum pratense*).

Too well-known to need any description. Sow, if alone, 30 lbs. to the acre.

WALLABY GRASS (*Danthonia Semi-annularis*).

A splendid pasture grass, readily eaten by stock. Sow in the Spring and Autumn months after rain. Sow 15 to 20 lbs. to the acre.

WAIPU BROWNTOP (*Agrostis tenuis vulgaris*).

This grass has special qualities, especially for Bowling Greens, Golf Putting Greens, and Croquet Lawns. Sow, if alone, 20 lbs. to the acre.

WOOD MEADOW GRASS (*Poa nemoralis*).

Most useful in the formation of Pastures, Lawns, etc. Does well in shady positions. Sow, if alone, 30 lbs. to the acre.

YORKSHIRE FOG (*Holcus lanatus*).

Perennial. Height 1½ to 2 ft. Sow, if alone, 20 lbs. to the acre.

FODDER CROPS FOR AUSTRALIA.

(By Leslie H. Brunning.)

This book will be found a valuable reference work, as it contains full details of Cultural Information, Utility, etc., of the very best of the Fodder Plants suitable for Australian conditions.

Price. 2/6 per copy. Postage, 2d. extra.

Freight Charged Extra on Agricultural Seeds.

Telephone Nos.-
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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I.

Clover Seeds

Samples and Prices Post Free on Application.
Kindly State Approximate Quantity Required.

ALSYKE (*Trifolium hybridum*).

A Perennial variety. It produces enormous crops of good fodder. Sow, if alone, 10 to 12 lbs. to the acre, or 2 lb. if mixed with other grasses.

BURR CLOVER (*Medicago denticulata*).

A hardy Clover, producing good fodder. Specially suited for growing on dry land or hillsides. Sow, if alone, 10 to 12 lbs. to the acre.

BERSEEM OR EGYPTIAN CLOVER

(*Trifolium Alexandrinum*).

This is a very productive Clover, growing two feet high or more. It is very succulent, and much relished by stock. Recorded as an Annual. Sow in the Spring or early Autumn at the rate of 8 to 10 lbs. in drills, or 15 to 20 lbs. broadcast to the acre.

BOKHARA CLOVER (*Melilotus leucantha*).

Also called Sweet Clover. A Perennial which grows well on poor soil and yields abundantly. Sow 10 lbs. to the acre.

CLUSTER CLOVER (*Trifolium Glomeratum*).

This Clover spreads rapidly, and yields an abundance of good pasture. It is purely an Annual, which seeds freely, and so maintains itself, even on dry sandy soil. Mixed with other Grasses, sow 2 to 4 lbs. to the acre.

COW GRASS OR PERENNIAL RED CLOVER

(*Trifolium pratense perenne*).

This is distinct from the Common Red Clover. It is of quicker growth than the other varieties, and yields an immense crop, which is highly nutritious. 20 lbs. required to sow an acre by itself, or 3 to 5 lbs. if mixed with other grasses.

GIANT COW GRASS CLOVER (Extra Prime).

It is considered a better soil improver than the ordinary Cow Grass. It is slower in arriving at maturity, but is possessed of more lasting character. If alone, sow 20 lbs. to the acre; if mixed with other grasses, sow 3 to 5 lbs. to the acre.

ITALIAN SCARLET CLOVER

(*Trifolium incarnatum*).

An Annual Clover, with hairy stems. Generally grown as a catch crop, the seed being sown in the Autumn, and the crop fed off the next Summer. Excellent for an early crop. 12 to 15 lbs. required to sow an acre by itself, or 4 lbs. if mixed with other grasses.

KING ISLAND MELILOT (*Melilotus Indica*).

One of the most valuable Clovers for pasturing. Suitable for poor quality land and sandy wastes, near the sea shore. 15 lbs. of seed required to sow an acre.

RED OR BROAD CLOVER (*Trifolium pratense*).

This variety yields an immense crop. 20 lbs. required to sow an acre by itself, or 4 lbs. if mixed with other grasses.

LOTUS MAJOR (The Greater Birdsfoot Trefoil).

A deep-rooting Perennial Clover, producing an enormous amount of fodder. It is highly nutritious, and is eaten with avidity by cattle and sheep. It does particularly well in bushy and moist localities, or on wet meadows. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. if alone, or 3 to 4 lbs. when sown with other grasses.

STRAWBERRY CLOVER (Clean Shelled Seed).

A very valuable variety for damp lands, producing immense quantities of fattening herbage. It is quite distinct in appearance, being of a trailing habit. Sow 2 to 3 lbs. to the acre.

SUCKLING CLOVER (*Trifolium minus*).

A small yellow-flowering Annual plant. Forms a close herbage on strong land, seeding itself every year. Does well on sandy soils. Mixed with other grasses, sow 2 to 3 lbs. per acre.

TREFOIL, OR HOP CLOVER

(*Medicago lupulina*).

This Clover is very distinct, bearing a yellow flower. It is erect and branching, and yields a large crop. It should be sown sparingly, otherwise it will smother the other Clovers. If sown alone it may be cut for hay. Stock of all kind like it. Sow with other grasses, at the rate of 2 to 3 lbs. per acre.

SUBTERRANEAN CLOVER

(*Trifolium Subterraneum*).

This Clover, which is one of the most nutritious plants known to agriculture, is found growing on dry, sandy and gravelly soil. The stems grow over each other to a depth of 6 or 7 inches, the lower ones being as healthy as those above. Sow, if alone, 5 to 7 lbs. to the acre, or 2 lbs. if mixed with other grasses.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER (*Trifolium Repens*).

One of the most valuable Perennial fodder plants we possess. It forms a thick mat of sweet and very nutritious herbage. In any cool, moist district this Clover, if once introduced, will soon spread, as the cattle carry it everywhere. Sow 12 to 14 lbs. to the acre by itself, or 2 lbs. if mixed with other grasses.

Lucerne

The King of Fodder Plants. Excellent for Cattle, Horses, Sheep, &c. Should be grown by every farmer. Triple Machine Cleaned by Up-to-date Machinery.

HUNTER RIVER.

Genuine broad-leaved, upright, dodder-free
Lucerne.

Withstands drought excellently, and with only a shower or two of rain produces an abundance of fodder, which is eaten by horses, cattle, and sheep with great relish. It can be depastured on during the Summer, without destroying its permanence. It excels all other fodder plants for the purpose of hay, our climate and rich deep soil being especially adapted to its growth. In a very favorable season it will produce six to eight cuttings from the beginning of August to the latter end of March, each cutting producing from one to two tons per acre, according to the character of the soil. This seed should be sown in good, deep, rich land, as the roots penetrate to a great depth. The more the land is worked the better the chance there will be of producing a crop. It should be subsoiled during the Summer to as great a depth as possible. After this, cross plough, harrow, and roll, until staple is as well pulverised and the surface as smooth as it is possible to get it. Care should be taken to eradicate all couch grass from the land before the seed is sown, as it is very injurious to a Lucerne crop. The thicker the crop, the finer and better will be the quality of the hay. The seed should be sown in Autumn or Spring. 8 lbs. in drills, or 20 lbs. broadcast required to sow an acre.

Samples and Prices of Hunter River Lucerne
Post Free on Application.

TESTIMONIAL.

P.O. Box 1, Kyabram.
21/5/29.

"I also wish to thank you for the beautiful sample of Hunter River Lucerne seed you forwarded me last year. Six months after sowing it grew a crop over 4 feet high, and my new stand has great prospects of overtaking my three-year-old stand, which won 1st Prize in the Tongala Agricultural Society's Competition 1928-29 for best crop of 3 acres of Lucerne, which was awarded 283 points out of total 300."

Mr. G. E. B.

Samples and Prices of Grass and Clover Seeds Post Free.

Permanent Pastures

Grass Seed Mixtures

For the laying down of land to Permanent Pasture, we strongly recommend the following tables as a guide to our customers. Prices on Application.

SUITABLE FOR WARM DISTRICTS.

Alsyke Clover	1
Birds-foot Trefoil	1
Cocksfoot Grass	15
Paspalum dilatatum	1
Perennial Rye Grass	10
Prairie Grass	5
Rib Grass	2
Subterranean Clover	1
Timothy	2
Wallaby Grass	2
White Clover	1

Sufficient for 1 acre 41 lbs.

SUITABLE FOR COOL DISTRICTS.

Alsyke Clover	1
Cocksfoot	10
Crested Dogstail	1
Paspalum dilatatum	1
Perennial Rye Grass	15
Prairie Grass	5
Red Clover	2
Subterranean Clover	1
Timothy	4
White Clover	1

Sufficient for 1 acre 41 lbs.

SUITABLE FOR COOL DISTRICTS.

Birdsfoot Trefoil	2
Bokhara Clover	1
Cocksfoot	5
Cowgrass	1
Crested Dogstail	1
Italian Rye Grass	5
Chewing's Fescue	1
Perennial Rye Grass	10
Subterranean Clover	1
White Dutch Clover	1

Sufficient for 1 acre 28 lbs.

SUITABLE FOR HOT DISTRICTS.

Alsyke Clover	1
Birds-foot Trefoil	1
Cocksfoot	12
Hard Fescue	1
Paspalum dilatatum	1
Perennial Rye Grass	5
Prairie Grass	14
Rib Grass	4
Subterranean Clover	1
Wallaby Grass	2
White Clover	1

Sufficient for 1 acre 44 lbs.

SUITABLE FOR COLD DISTRICTS.

Alsyke Clover	1
Cocksfoot	1
Cocksfoot	10
Crested Dogstail	2
Paspalum dilatatum	1
Perennial Rye Grass	20
Red Clover	2
Subterranean Clover	1
Timothy	4
White Dutch Clover	1

Sufficient for 1 acre 42 lbs.

Forage Crops

WHEN ENQUIRING FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES, KINDLY STATE APPROXIMATELY QUANTITIES REQUIRED.

RAPE

DWARF ESSEX (The Great Feed for Sheep).
True Broad-leaved Dwarf Essex.

Rape is without doubt one of the most useful plants for fattening sheep. Sow in Autumn or Spring, from 4 to 6 lbs. to the acre.

WHITE MUSTARD.

WHITE MUSTARD is especially valuable for growing with Rape seed, as a preventative of bloat and scouring. Sown in mixture with Rape, from ½ to ¾ lb. per acre is ample.

Sorghums and Millets

FOR GREEN FODDER PURPOSES.

SORGHUMS.

Sorghums are valuable Fodder Plants for hot and dry districts, and yield an immense quantity of forage. They can be sown from September to end of January. Sow 8 lbs. in drills, and 12 lbs. per acre broadcast.

SUDAN GRASS (Andropogon Sorghum).

SWEET SORGHUM HAY GRASS.

A tall Annual Grass, which under average conditions reaches a height of five feet. Sow in the Spring, when the ground is warm. It may be sown either in drills or broadcast; if sown indrills, sow 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre. Broadcast, 15 to 20 lbs. to the acre.

SORGHUM SACCHARATUM.

A very nutritious Summer Fodder Plant, excellent for cows.

AMBER SUGAR CANE (Var. Sorghum).

Greatly relished by horses, cattle, sheep and pigs. If fed green, it should not be used until the seed head has shot out, as before it reaches that stage it has a bitter flavor.

BROOM CORN.

Although a non-saccharine variety, it is nevertheless largely grown as fodder for feeding stock.

IMPHEE, OR PLANTER'S FRIEND

(Var. Sorghum).

A variety of Sorghum requiring the same treatment in the cultivation.

JOHNSON GRASS, OR EVERGREEN MILLET

(Sorghum halapense).

A valuable Perennial Variety.

JAPANESE MILLET.

This Millet is an Annual of exceedingly rapid growth, standing 6 to 8 feet high, and yields 10 to 12 tons per acre of green fodder, which, when cured, makes an excellent quality of hay. Sow 8 to 10 lbs. in drills; 15 lbs. broadcast.

SEED MAIZE.

We carry stocks of all the leading varieties of Maize, and shall be pleased to quote for quantities on application.

Telephone Nos.-
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

Field Root Crops

Many clients, in addition to requiring Garden seeds, are often needing some Field Seeds for growing for horses or cattle, and on that account we append herewith particulars of varieties available. The sorts listed represent the best obtainable, and can be relied on for trueness to strain, growth and quality. Prices will gladly be submitted on application.

SWEDES.

(Sow October to January, 2 to 3 lbs. per acre.)
CHAMPION PURPLE TOP, ELEPHANT PURPLE TOP, SKIRVING'S PURPLE TOP, DEFIANCE PURPLE TOP.

MANGELS.

(Sow September to December, 4 lbs. per acre.)
MAMMOTH LONG RED, CHAMPION YELLOW GLOBE.

GIANT HALF SUGAR MANGELS.

(Sow September to December, 8 lbs. per acre.)
WHITE TOP, ROSE TOP.

FIELD TURNIPS.

(Sow October to December, 2 to 3 lbs. per acre.)
PURPLE TOP YELLOW ABERDEEN, WHITE GLOBE, PURPLE TOP MAMMOTH.

FIELD CARROTS.

(Sow September to February, 4 lbs. per acre.)
YELLOW BELGIAN, WHITE BELGIAN, SINCLAIR'S CHAMPION.

SUGAR BEET.

(Sow September to November, 8 lbs. per acre.)
VILMORIN'S IMPROVED.

GIANT SILVER BEET.

"A Wonderful Fodder Crop."

(Sow September to November, 4 to 6 lbs. per acre.)

Four Purpose Crops

For Green Manuring, Winter Feed, Cleaning the Land, etc. The following mixtures are made up by ourselves, and are mixed in proportion to meet the different requirements:—

No. 1.

$\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Ryecorn.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Dun Peas.
7 lb. Golden Tares.

No. 2.

$\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Ryecorn.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Dun Peas.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Cape Barley.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ bus. Algerian Oats.
7 lb. Golden Tares.

Prices on Application. Special Quotations given for large areas.

Seed Grain

It must be distinctly understood that all Seed Grain is sold for NETT PROMPT CASH ONLY. Exchange must be added to Cheques.

RYE (60 lbs. Bushel); **CAPE BARLEY** (50 lbs. Bushel); **MAIZE** (56 lbs. Bushel); **WHEAT** (60 lbs. Bushel); **OATS, WHITE TARTARIAN** (40 lbs. Bushel); **OATS, BLACK TARTARIAN** (50 lbs. Bushel); **OATS, ALGERIAN** (40 lbs. Bushel).

Various Agricultural Seeds

NOTE.—Nothing less than Half-Bushels will be charged at the Bushel rate. When writing for Samples and Prices, please state approximate quantity required.

BUCKWHEAT (Japanese).

Sow 1 bushel to the acre.

FIELD CABBAGE (Giant Drumhead).

A late variety, growing to an immense size; very solid. Largely cultivated.

VARIOUS AGRICULTURAL SEEDS—Continued.

CABBAGE OR KALE (Thousand-headed).

Invaluable as a fodder for sheep. Sow 2 to 3 lb. to the acre.

CHOU MOELLIER.

A valuable new fodder plant, belonging to the Kale family, of rapid and vigorous growth. Sow 2 lb. to the acre in drills.

COW PEAS.

A valuable fodder plant, sheep being very fond of them when in flower, when they will eat the entire plant. Sow 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels to the acre; 60 lb. to the bushel.

CATTLE PUMPKIN.

Seed should be sown in Spring. Plant three or four seeds in a patch, 12 ft. apart each way. Sow 2 lb. to the acre.

BUTTON, CONNECTICUT FIELD, CROWN, KING OF THE MAMMOTHS, IRONBARK, MAMMOTH.

HEMP.

Sow 60 lb. to the acre broadcast.

LINSEED OR FLAX.

(56 lb. to the bushel.)

Sow early in the Spring or Autumn at the rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels to the acre.

FIELD PEAS.

(60 lb. to the bushel.)

Sow broadcast at the rate of 2 to 3 bushels to the acre.

GREY or PARTRIDGE. DUN PEAS.

SUNFLOWER.

Extensively grown for poultry feeding, also for its oil-yielding properties. Sow 8 to 10 lbs to the acre.

LARGE RUSSIAN BLACK

LARGE or GREY STRIPED

SOY BEAN (Soja hispida).

In the Soy Bean we have a food and a fertilizer combined. Sow in September and October for best results, planting about 30 lbs. to 60 lbs. per acre, according to distance the rows are formed apart.

TOBACCO.

The soil best adapted for Tobacco culture is a deep chocolate or rich, sandy loam. 2 oz. of seed is sufficient to plant an acre. . . . 6d. pkt.; 5/- oz.

List of Varieties Submitted on Application.

TARES OR VETCHES.

(60 lb. to the bushel.)

The Tare or Vetch is a most valuable forage plant, and also makes excellent green feed. The crop should be sown in Autumn as early as the seed is able to germinate. Sow 2 bushels to the acre. Special price sent for quantities.

TICK OR HORSE BEANS.

(60 lb. to the bushel.)

The Tick or Horse Bean thrives best on stiff, rich soil, and will succeed on any soil suitable for wheat. Sow 2 bushels to the acre.

Should you already have a copy of this Catalog, please hand duplicate to some friend or relative interested in Gardening.

please hand duplicate to some friend or relative

CAHOON HAND SEED SOWER.

The Best, Simplest and Easiest Running Hand Seed Sower on the market. Sow evenly and uniformly any desired quantity at the rate of from 4 to 6 acres per hour. Easily and quickly adjusted. Can be used for broadcasting fine and large seeds, including Kentucky Blue Grass, Ryegrass, Cocksfoot, Lucerne, Clovers, Millets, Sudan Grass, Oats, Barley, Wheat, Ryecorn, etc. Weight when empty, only $5\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.

Price, 30/- each (Freight Extra).

"SICKLE" BRAND COMMERCIAL FERTILISERS.

FLORIDA SUPER 9/- cwt.
SUPER and BONE DUST, MIXED 10/6 cwt.
MARKET GARDEN MANURE—An especially valuable combined artificial fertiliser
. 5 lb., 1/-; 14 lb., 2/3; 56 lb., 7/-; 1 cwt., 12/6

Attention is drawn to Condition of Sale and Non-Warranty Clause. See inside Front Cover of Catalog.

Sundries and General Requisites

Spray Compounds and Insecticides.

BLACK LEAF 40 OR NICOTINE SULPHATE

A concentrated solution of Nicotine Sulphate guaranteed to contain not less than 40 per cent. of actual Nicotine by weight. A safe and certain insecticide for Aphis, Thrips, Leaf Hoppers, Apple Bug and similar insect pests in the orchard and garden. A little soft soap or Sunlight soap dissolved in the spray helps it to adhere to the foliage, thus materially assisting more effective results.

1 oz. bottles (Making 6 gallons)	1/6
2 oz. bottles (Making 12 gallons)	2/9
4 oz. bottles (Making 24 gallons)	4/6
8 oz. bottles (Making 48 gallons)	7/6
16 oz. bottles (Making 96 gallons)	12/6
2 lb. tins	21/- each
10 lb. tins	70/- each

LIME SULPHUR WASH

Lime Sulphur Wash is both a fungicide and a scalecide. It destroys Black Spot, San Jose Scale, Mussel Scale, Red Spider, Shot Hole, Curl Leaf, Aphis, Scab and Oidium. It is also a first-class remedy for all kinds of fungus growth and scale.

For Winter spraying, use 1 gallon to 9 gallons of water, applying soon after the leaves have fallen. For Summer treatment, use at the rate of 1 gallon of Lime Sulphur Wash to 32 gallons of water.

1 pint tins .. 1/3 each	1 gall. tins .. 3/3 each
1 quart tins .. 2/- each	4 gall. tins, 1/11 per gall.
1/2 gall. tins .. 2/3 each	8 gall. case, 1/10 per gall.
40/43 gall. barrels .. . 1/7 per gall.	

ARSENATE OF CALCIUM

For killing Garden Snails, Slugs, Wood Lice and all Leaf-eating Insects. Make a mash of One Heaping Tablespoonful of the Powder to 1 lb. of Bran, and distribute in the form of Baits in Snail infested places .. 1/2 lb. Tins, 1/6; 1 lb. Tins, 2/-

"GARGOYLE" PREPARED RED SPRAYING OIL

For Destroying Scale, Wooly Aphis, Red Spider, etc.

DECIDUOUS TREES (Apples, Pears, Plums, etc.)—

Spray after the blossoms are open, using a mixture at the rate of 1 gallon of oil to 20 gallons of water.

CITRUS TREES, PALMS AND EVERGREENS.—

Spray from January to May or when the trees are not making any growth, using at the rate of 1 gallon of oil to 40 gallons of water.

1 pint tins	1/3 each
1 gall. tins	5/6 each
1/2 gall. tins	3/- each
4 gall. tins	4/- per gall.
40/43 gall. barrels	3/9 per gall.

PESTEND

A valuable insect powder containing a large proportion of tobacco. Most effective for the destruction of insect life, as well as for the protection of flower and vegetable seedlings against slugs and snails, and seed beds from the attacks of birds.

1 lb. pkgs.	4d.	28 lb. pkgs.	3/6
2 lb. pkgs.	6d.	56 lb. pkgs.	6/6
7 lb. pkgs.	1/6	112 lb. pkgs.	11/6

G. & S. SLUG AND SNAIL DESTROYER

NON-INJURIOUS TO PLANTS OR SOIL.
KILLS SNAILS, SLUGS, PEAMITE, Etc.

Sprinkle G. & S. Slug and Snail Destroyer freely on and around plants, seedlings, etc. Is impervious to rain and hosing for at least a fortnight.

3 1/2 lb. pkgs.	1/3	28 lb. bags	7/6
7 " "	2/3	56 " "	14/-
14 " "	4/-	112 " "	25/-

Freight or Carriage Charged Extra.

VOLCK
The
Scientific
Orchard
and
Garden
Insecticide



VOLCK
is
Effective,
Safe, and
Easy to
Use

NON-POISONOUS

VOLCK is a white oil emulsion and is unique in the fact that it can be used on the most delicate plants with perfect safety.

It controls mildew, aphid, scale, red spider, rust and other garden pests.

Roses, Chrysanthemums, Carnations, Asters, Begonias, Snap-dragons, Evergreens, Ferns, Palms, etc., are all improved by using VOLCK.

Not only does VOLCK give effective control of pests but it also prevents re-infestation for a considerable period.

Plants are a deep, glistening green after using VOLCK.

PRICES:

1/2 Pint Tins	2/-	1 Pint Tins	3/6
1 Quart Tins			6/6

Freight Extra. Prices Quoted Subject to Alterations.

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS FOR LARGER QUANTITIES.

Telephone Nos.-
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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

"XL" ALL FUMIGATING TABLETS

For the destruction of insect life in greenhouses.

Cakes, 1/3 each; 12/- doz.

"XL" FUMIGATORS—Small size, for 2,000 cubic feet.

"XL" FUMIGATORS—Large size, for 5,000 cubic feet. Complete with lamps.

Prices on Application.

FORMALIN

Specially valuable as a destroyer of flies and for use in offices, warehouses and the home generally

2/6 bottle

ARSENATE OF LEAD PASTE

The principal spray compound for Codlin Moth, Hairy Slug, Cherry Slug, Pumpkin Beetles, Caterpillars, and all leaf-eating and sucking insects. For all general purposes, use the PASTE at the rate of 3 lbs. to 50 gallons of water.

1 lb. pkgs. . . .	1/3 each	14 lb. tins . .	1/3 per lb.
1 lb. pkgs. . . .	2/- each	28 lb. tins . .	11d. per lb.
2 lb. pkgs. . . .	1/9 per lb.	60 lb. tins . .	93d. per lb.
7 lb. pkgs. . . .	1/5 per lb.	112 lb. tins . .	9d. per lb.

BENZOLE EMULSION

The recognised specific for Rutherglen Bug or Fly. Also most effective for Thrips, Bean Butter-fly, Grasshoppers, Harequin Bug, and Red Spider. One lb. Jar, when diluted, makes 5 gallons.

1 lb. Jars	1/6 each	4 1/2 lb. tins . .	1/3 per lb.
9 lb. tins	1/- per lb.		

GISHURST COMPOUND

For preventing and destroying Red Spider, Scale, Mealy Bug, Thrips, Green Fly, American Blight, etc.

1 lb. boxes, 2/- each.

CLENSEL

A perfect non-poisonous insecticide. Destroys all insect pests and does not injure the most delicate foliage or flowers.

1/2 pint, 1/6; 1 pint, 2/9; 1 quart, 5/-.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE

(Copper Sulphate and Lime Mixture.)

The recognised fungicide for curing and preventing Mildew, Blight, Black Spot, Leaf Curl on Peach Trees, Scab and other Fungoid diseases. 1 lb. will make 5 gallons of spray.

1/2 lb. pkgs. . . .	1/3 each	7 lb. pkgs. . . .	at 1/4 lb.
1 lb. pkgs. . . .	1/6 each	14 lb. pkgs. . . .	at 1/2 lb.
2 lb. pkgs. . . .	at 1/5 lb.	20 lb. pkgs. . . .	at 1/1 lb.

FLOWERS OF SULPHUR

A reliable specific for dusting on Roses, Vines, etc., for Mildew.

4d. per lb.; 7 lbs. for 2/-; 28 lb. pkgs. for 7/-.

MACCLESFIELD BLUESTONE

(Sulphate of Copper.)

One of the principal ingredients for making Bordeaux Mixture. Especially valuable for Irish Blight and Leaf Spot in Potatoes and Tomatoes. Best quality for spraying purposes.

6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. for 5/6; 46/8 per cwt.

"RELIABLE" 265 SNAIL AND SLUG EXTERMINATOR

The New and Effective Method of Destroying Slugs and Snails.

This preparation is easy to use, non-injurious to the hands or the most delicate plants, and is ready for immediate use. Scatter freely where Slugs and Snails are troublesome. It does not kill by contact, and is most effective in its action.

Prices:—1 1/2 lb. tin, 1/6; 2 1/2 lb. tin, 2/6; 5 lb. tin, 4/6; 24 lb. tin, 20/-.

CARMONA FERTILISER

The Guaranteed Fertiliser and the Most Nutritious of All Plant Foods.

Easy to use, clean to handle, practically odourless, quick and effective in action and thoroughly reliable, Carmona can be confidently recommended as

the BEST FERTILISER FOR ALL GENERAL PURPOSES FOR THE HOME GARDEN. Carmona is a natural plant food, and PERFECTLY SAFE TO USE 1/3 per tin

CHESHUNT COMPOUND

WILT PREVENTATIVE.

The proved preventative of Tomato-plant wilt. First tried out at Cheshunt Experiment Station by Dr. Bewley and now recommended by the Department of Agriculture of Victoria.

DIRECTIONS.

One ounce dissolved in two gallons of water and the soil watered with solution any time before seeds sown, before transplanting, after transplanting and while plants are growing, if necessary.

Any plants showing affection should be rooted out and burnt, the remaining plants watered with Cheshunt Compound which is a preventative, not a cure.

A soil steriliser, also a plant stimulant which will save your Tomato plants and Flowering plants such as: Iceland Poppies, Cinerarias, Lupins, Wall-flowers, Asters, and Antirrhinums, etc.

1/2 lb. Bottles, 1/6 each; 6 lbs. at 1/7 lb;
28 lbs. at 1/3 lb.

CLIFT'S MANURIAL INSECTICIDE

A Powder for destroying Destructive Soil Insects and at the same time sterilising and cleansing the soil. Non-injurious to plant life and of fertilising value.

Clift's Manurial Insecticide is a reliable and effective Soil Fumigant, with a certain amount of manurial or fertilising value. When mixed with the soil, the powder, actuated by a natural dampness and heat of the earth, gives off heavy fumes, which penetrate through the soil, and destroy all insect life in contact.

The effects are lasting, not for a month or two, but for a lengthy period. Thoroughly recommended for destroying wireworms, cockchafer grubs, pea mites (especially effective), millipedes, potato moth grub, white ants, woolly aphids (on the roots of apple and pear trees), and all other underground insects. This preparation is specially recommended by Mr. Chas. French, Government Entomologist for pea mite, and has given very successful results in Western Australia in combating Red Spider.

Mix Clift's Manurial Insecticide thoroughly with the soil to a depth of three or four inches from the surface, about seven days before sowing seeds or transplanting seedlings. For most purposes, about 2 ounces of the Insecticide to the square yard will be found thoroughly effective. This preparation is non-injurious to plant life if used as directed above. In Market Gardens, use 1 cwt. per acre in drills, 2 cwt. per acre broadcast.

PRICES:

1 lb. pkgs.	1/-	14 lb. bags	7/-
2 lb. pkgs.	1/6	28 lb. bags	12/6
4 lb. pkgs.	2/9	Per cwt.	40/-
7 lb. bags	4/-		

(Carriage or Railway Freight, Extra.)

VERMERAD WORM KILLER

A Reliable and Efficient Means of destroying Worms in Lawns, Putting Greens, etc. The best results are not obtained from applications during mild weather, but when the ground is moist as during this time, the worms are most active. The best time to kill worms is during breeding seasons, which are approximately from early March to the end of June, and again from September to the middle or end of November.

PRICES:

1 lb. pkg.	1/-	14 lb. bags	7/-
2 lb. pkg.	1/6	28 lb. bags	12/6
4 lb. pkg.	2/9	56 lb. bags	22/6
7 lb. pkg.	4/-	112 lb. bags	40/-

(Carriage or Railway Freight is Extra on these

Prices.)

Postage, Carriage, or Railway Freight Charged Extra on all Sundries.

Telephone Nos.-
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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I



CICADA NATURAL MANURE.

Containing Three of the Soil Essentials:
HUMUS, NITROGEN, LIME.

"Cicada" is produced under the direction of P. Rankin Scott, late Chemist for Agriculture in the State of Victoria.

AVERAGE ANALYSIS OF "CICADA" NATURAL MANURE.

Humus 45 per cent.
Mild Lime 48 per cent.
Phosphoric Acid, Potash, Magnesia and other Minerals 7 per cent.

The Humus of "Cicada" contains more than 3 per cent. NITROGEN.

"Cicada" is a natural manure, of vegetable and animal origin, in combination with lime. You can build up your soil to any degree of permanent richness with the aid of "Cicada." Agricultural experts say: "Build up the first nine inches of the soil and you will have perfect conditions for real fertility." "Cicada" is best applied when the soil is moist.

Prices on Application.

VELVAS LAWN SAND

A Weed Destroyer and a First-Class Grass Food.
Transforms weedy and impoverished lawns into beautiful green, healthy sward.

Velvas Lawn Sand, which acts in a dual capacity, provides the most effective, simplest, and quickest method of destroying weeds in lawns, and at the same time nourishes and improves the grasses. It has two special features:—

(1) Destroying weeds, moss, daisies, thistles, dandelions, trefoil and similar undesirable growths in lawns, tennis courts, bowling greens, putting greens, etc.

(2) Acting as a stimulant and nutriment to the grasses, it encourages the growth of the right kind of grass, those beautiful fine grasses which form the healthy vigorous, verdant, well-knit turf so delightful to the eye in color and texture, and so hardy and resistant to wear.

One good dressing of Velvas Lawn Sand at the rate of one ounce to the square yard will do all that is necessary. Apply, if possible, just before rain, but should rain not fall within 48 hours of using, give the lawn a good watering. For very neglected and impoverished lawns, it is advisable to increase the quantity to two or even three ounces per square yard. For top-dressing Bowling Greens, Croquet Lawns, etc., this preparation cannot be excelled. Velvas Lawn Sand is clean, easy to apply, and most effective in its action.

PRICES.

1 lb. pkgs. 1/-	28 lb. bags 11/6
2 lb. pkgs. 1/6	56 lb. bags 18/-
4 lb. pkgs. 2/6	112 lb. bags 35/-
14 lb. pkgs. 6/-	

After Using Velvas Lawn Sand, "Grass is Fed, Weeds are Dead." Freight Extra.

All Manures are sold for Net Cash only.
Delivered on Rail or Wharf, Melbourne.
Carriage Extra to any of the Suburbs.

Manures and Fertilisers

SULPHATE OF AMMONIA

Nitrogen is a leaf-builder and one of the three essential elements necessary for the growing of plants. Sulphate of Ammonia contains about 20 per cent. of Nitrogen.

Sulphate of Ammonia may be used dry at the rate of 1 oz. to the square yard, or as a liquid fertiliser applied separately at the rate of 1 oz. to the gallon of water. The best results as a liquid manure will be obtained if applied just before a rain or watering.

Price: 6d. per lb.; 5 lb. pkgs. for 1/6; 28 lb. bags for 7/-; 56 lb. bags for 12/6; 22/6 per full cwt.

NITRATE OF SODA

Especially valuable for quick and effective action. Very necessary for plants grown for their leaves or stems.

Price: 6d. per lb.; 14 lb. lots for 4/6; 28 lb. lots, 7/-; 56 lb. lots, 12/6; Full cwt. bags, 22/6.

SULPHATE OF POTASH

Potash is the Fibre or Skeleton Builder. Most soils are deficient in Potash, which is very necessary, especially for such crops as Mangel, Beet, Carrot, Sunflower, Parsnip, Turnips, etc.

Price: 6d. per lb.; 14 lb. lots for 4/6; 28 lb. lots, 7/-; 56 lb. lots, 12/6; Full cwt. bags, 22/6.

SULPHATE OF IRON

(Specially screened.)

Has considerable fertilising value, but is most valuable for intensifying and improving color in flowers. Specially screened to facilitate using.

Price: 6d. per lb.; 7 lb. lots, 2/-; 14 lb. lots, 3/6; 56 lb. lots, 11/6; 20/- Full cwt.

LIMIL

Agricultural Lime. Specially prepared Lilydale Lime.

Price. 5/- per sack; small packets, 1/- each. Special quotations for ton lots and over.

GARDEN SALT

For Cleaning Weeds off Garden Paths. Also excellent for dressing Asparagus beds.

Price, 5/6 per cwt.; 10/- per sack.

BLOOD MANURE

The well-known M.C.C. Brand, very high in Nitrogen content. Highly recommended.

Price, 15/- per sack.

FLORAPHOS

New Fertiliser for Making Liquid Manure.

This wonderful new concentrated soluble garden fertiliser is all pure plant food, and no surplus waste material. It is derived from nitrogen in the air by a modern electrical synthetic process, and combined with soluble phosphates, providing the highest Analysis of all Fertilisers.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

A dessertspoonful dissolved in a 2-gallon can of water makes rich liquid manure, odourless and without trouble to prepare. Water this freely, during growth, on your favourite garden plants, pot plants and vegetables. At this strength it will not injure even delicate plants or leaves, and "Floraphos" is strongly recommended on this account.

Dry, sprinkle it on beds at any time—a dessertspoonful (half-ounce) to each square yard, and water into the soil.

Trial Packets, 6d. each. Postage, 4d.

2 lb. cartons 2/-	28 lb. bags 19/9
7 lb. bags 5/9	56 lb. bags 37/6
14 lb. bags 10/6	

"SICKLE" BRAND COMMERCIAL FERTILISERS

FLORIDA SUPER 9/- cwt.
SUPER and BONE DUST, MIXED 10/6 cwt.
MARKET GARDEN MANURE. An especially valuable combined artificial fertiliser, especially useful for the home gardener.

5 lb., 1/-; 14 lb., 2/3; 56 lb., 7/-; 1 cwt., 12/6.

Postage, Carriage, or Railway Freight Charged Extra on all Sundries.

Telephone Nos.-
F3645 F3646

GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I.

General Sundries

"ERADIWEED" WEED KILLER

(Poison.)



The Guaranteed Cent. per Cent. British-made Weed Eradicator.

Clean your garden paths, motor drives, and roads, and keep them clean for twelve months or more with one application of ERADIWEED. Professional men in the Horticultural world testify to the fact that Eradiweed is the best and most effective weed destroying preparation they have used. It must not be confused with Velvas Lawn Sand, which is used as a weed killer for a totally different purpose.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING ERADIWEED.

One pint tin of this preparation diluted with 100 parts of water will destroy all weeds over an area of 34 square yards. The best results will be obtained by using while the ground is moist, or just after a rain, as when the ground is dry owing to absorption, a much larger quantity will be required. In dry weather give the ground a good soaking before applying.

1 pint tins (making 12½ gals.) 3/6 each
½ gal. tins (making 50 gals.) 12/6 each
1 gal. tins (making 100 gals.) 20/- each
4 gal. tins (making 400 gals.) 70/- each

Should you already have a Copy of this Catalog, please hand duplicate to some friend or relative interested in Gardening.

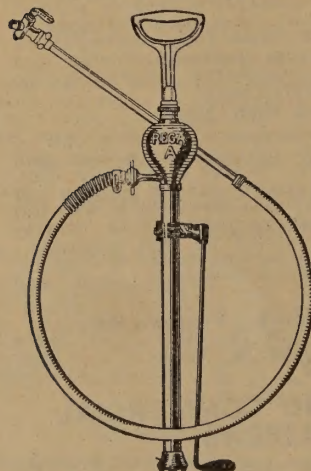
THE "REGA" BUCKET SPRAY PUMP

(MODEL "A")

Brass Pump. Heavy gauge, solid drawn Brass tubing. Has specially constructed Air Chamber and Engine-fitted Stuffing Box.

Fitted with 4 feet ½-inch hose and 12 inches of solid drawn brass director. Foot rest—Wrought Steel.

It is fitted with the "Rega" Patent Nozzle (combined Bordeaux and Cyclone). The only combined nozzle specially constructed for spraying under leaves and down in the hearts of plants, etc.



READ WHAT IT WILL DO

Spray Roses and Fruit Trees and other Plants. Whitewash Garage or Shed. Disinfect Poultry House or Kennel. Lime-wash Pig-sty or Hut. Creosote Gates and Fences. Wash down Car or Cycle. Limewash and Disinfect any Outbuildings, Stables, Dairies, etc. Spray Stagnant Water, preventing breeding Mosquitoes.

Price: 30/- Each.

(Freight Extra.)

MODEL "B"

This model has the same effective power and is similarly equipped as Rega "A," but is slightly smaller in size.

Price: 25/- each (Freight Extra.)

ALL-BRASS GARDEN SYRINGE

This Syringe will throw a fine mist spray.

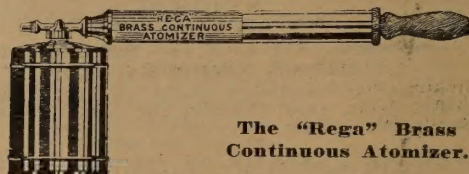
Price: 7/6 Each.

THE "REGA"

BRASS CONTINUOUS ATOMIZER

The Rega-Spray Atomiser has been so designed that excessive pressure generated on the down stroke of the plunger allows this sprayer to throw a continuous mist-like spray. The Rega-Spray can be used with almost all spraying solutions, and is suitable for use in the garden, in green-houses and for spraying disinfectants in the house.

Made in Brass, 8/6 each.



The "Rega" Brass Continuous Atomizer.

THE "REGA" TIN ATOMIZER

Invaluable to Horticulturists. Throws a spray as fine as mist.

Large Size, 3/6; Small Size, 2/6.

GRAFTING WAX

For Grafting and Budding.

1/6 Bottle.

FLEX-O-GLASS

The new, cheaper and more effective material for covering brooder house, schatch pens, hot beds, cold frames, etc.

In the garden, Flex-o-Glass is rapidly superseding glass in hot beds, glass frames, etc. The healthy ultra-violet rays, which readily filter through this fabric, works wonders on any plant. Growth is hastened, and plants become sturdy and healthy and do not perish when transplanted.

Flex-o-Glass cannot break like glass, and therefore never damages the plants. It does not chill like glass—but holds the heat, so that even in the coldest weather your plants are protected. It is weatherproof, water-tight and unbreakable. In short, it's an ideal fabric for all uses in the garden.

FLEX-O-GLASS — 2/6 per yard (36in. wide).

Minimum of 3 yards by post. Carriage Extra. Sample Post Free.

"KLIPS-ALL" HOSE SUPPORT

Strongly made, simple and effective. Holds the Hose in any position.

2/3 Each.

THE "ALWAY" HOSE SUPPORT

Can be thoroughly recommended for simplicity, effectiveness and ease of operation. Can be quickly adjusted at any angle, in any direction, and at any height, by simply turning a thumbscrew.

Price: 5/- Each.

GARDEN OR FRUIT TREE NETTING

For protecting Fruit Trees, Shrubs, etc., from the ravages of birds.

4 yds. x 4 yds. . .	6/6	12 yds. x 12 yds. . .	50/-
6 " x 6 " . . .	14/-	6 " x 18 " . . .	35/-
4 " x 8 " . . .	12/-	12 " x 18 " . . .	65/-
4 " x 17 " . . .	20/-	4 " x 34 " . . .	40/-
6 " x 12 " . . .	27/-	6 " x 37 " . . .	65/-
8 " x 12 " . . .	37/6	7 " x 37 " . . .	70/-
10 " x 12 " . . .	42/6	12 " x 37 " . . .	135/-

Postage, Carriage, or Railway Freight Charged Extra on all Sundries.

Telephone Nos.-
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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

73 ELIZABETH ST.
MELBOURNE C.I

HANGING WIRE BASKETS

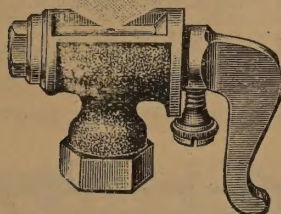
8 in. . . 1/- ea. 10 in. . . 1/3 ea. 12 in. . . 1/6 ea.



HARVESTING TWINE

Special quality for tying plants.
Special quotations for cwt. lots.

1 lb. balls . . 1/3 each 5 lb. balls . . 5/- each
Bordeaux Nozzle.



BORDEAUX NOZZLE

THE BEST NOZZLE FOR WHITEWASHING.

The Bordeaux Nozzle will throw a fine fan-shaped spray, a solid stream, or may be shut off altogether if desired.

Price: 3/6 Each.

GARDEN STAKES HARDWOOD STAKES.

1 ft. round	2/- per 100
1 1/2 ft. round	2/6 per 100
2 ft. round	3/- per 100
2 1/2 ft. round	3/6 per 100
3 ft. x 1/2 in. sq.	1/- doz.; 6/6 per 100
3 1/2 ft. x 1/2 in. sq.	1/3 doz.; 7/6 per 100
4 ft. x 5/8 in. sq.	1/6 doz.; 11/- per 100
4 ft. x 1 in. sq.	2/9 doz.; 20/- per 100
5 ft. x 1 in. sq.	3/6 doz.; 25/- per 100
6 ft. x 1 in. sq.	4/6 doz.; 30/- per 100

JARRAH STAKES.

3 ft. x 1/2 in.	1/3 doz.; 7/6 per 100
3 1/2 in. x 3/4 in.	1/6 doz.; 9/- per 100
4 ft. x 3/4 in.	2/- doz.; 15/- per 100
3 ft. x 1 in.	2/6 doz.; 18/- per 100
4 ft. x 1 in.	3/9 doz.; 27/6 per 100
5 ft. x 1 in.	4/6 doz.; 32/6 per 100
6 ft. x 1 in.	5/- doz.; 37/6 per 100

FLOWER POTS AND SAUCERS

Size	Pots.	Saucers.
4 inch.	1/9 doz.	1/9 doz.
5 inch.	2/6 doz.	2/6 doz.
6 inch.	3/6 doz.	3/6 doz.
7 inch.	6/- doz.	6/- doz.
8 inch.	8/- doz.	8/- doz.
9 inch.	10/6 doz.	10/6 doz.
10 inch.	1/9 ea.; 17/6 doz.	1/9 ea.; 17/6 doz.
12 inch.	2/6 ea.; 27/6 doz.	2/6 ea.; 27/6 doz.
14 inch.	7/6 each	7/6 each
15 inch.	8/6 each	8/6 each
18 inch.	20/- each	20/- each

WOODEN POT LABELS

4 inch . . . 2/- per 100	8 inch . . . 3/6 per 100
5 inch . . . 2/6 per 100	9 inch . . . 4/- per 100
6 inch . . . 3/- per 100	10 inch . . 4/6 per 100
7 inch . . . 3/3 per 100	12 inch . . 6/- per 100

"NORCROSS" CULTIVATOR

The handy and useful tool "par excellence" for the Home Gardener. Can be used as a Cultivator for keeping the ground stirred and open. Should be included in every Gardening equipment. Highly recommended.

3-Prong Cultivator, fitted with 4ft. handle, 5/- each.
5-Prong Cultivator, fitted with 5ft. handle, 6/- each.



"Norcross" Cultivator.

SAYNOR, COOK & RIDAL'S PRUNING, BUDDING AND GRAFTING KNIVES

(BEST ENGLISH MAKE.)

No. 325 1/2	8/6 each	No. 187	7/- each
No. 326	7/6 each	No. 311	6/- each
No. 322	8/6 each	No. 312	6/- each
No. 5NB	6/6 each	No. 196	7/6 each

KUNDE PATTERN, Budding and Pruning Knives
(not made by Saynor's) 5/- each

Postage, 3d. Extra charged on Knives.

STANDARD ROSE CLIPS

Made of Aluminium, which does not tarnish, these Clips are designed and formed so as to hold the Rose securely to the stake without injury to the rose stem.

4d. each; 3/- dozen (posted 3/3.)

STRAWBERRY PUNNETS

1/6 Dozen; 7/6 per 100.

BAMBOO RAKES

For gathering leaves or grass on lawns, paths, etc. Extra strong and durable 2/9 each

LAWN MOWERS

"REGINA"—12 in. and 14 in.
GENUINE "PHILADELPHIA"—Style K, 14 in.
and 16 in.; Style A, 15 in. and 17 in.
"PENNSYLVANIA"—12 in., 14 in. and 16 in.
"DELTA" BALL BEARING—12 in., 14 in. and 17 in.
LAWN MOWER OIL 1/- bottle

GRASS CATCHERS

To Fit All Makes.

Prices on Application.

Postage, Carriage, or Railway Freight Charged Extra on all Sundries.

Telephone Nos.-
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GILL & SEARLE LTD.

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MELBOURNE C.I



GARDEN HOSE

"WATERSHED" (BEST QUALITY.)

A special high-grade Garden Hose. Strong, flexible, durable and non-kinking. Made to withstand the highest water pressure. Will give long and consistent service without deterioration under the most severe climatic conditions. Made in 60 ft. coils, in $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch and $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch internal diameter. Three-ply and four-ply:—

Best Quality.				Medium Quality.			
RED "WATERSHED."				BLACK PROSPECT.			
Guaranteed 3 years.							
$\frac{1}{2}$ in. x 3-ply ..	9d.	per	foot ..	7d.	per	foot	
$\frac{3}{4}$ in. x 4-ply ..	1/-	per	foot ..				
$\frac{1}{2}$ in. x 3-ply ..	11d.	per	foot ..	8d.	per	foot	
$\frac{3}{4}$ in. x 4-ply ..	1/3	per	foot ..				
Cut lengths charged 3d. per foot on above prices.							

Cut lengths charged $\frac{1}{4}$ d. per foot on above prices.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

PATHFINDER GARDEN HOSE

BEST AMERICAN NON-KINKING.

Obtainable in any lengths, from 1 ft. to 500 ft.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ Inch at 8d. per Foot.

2-WHEEL SPRINKLER STAND

A simple, portable device, suitable for use with any style of sprinkler. It will not cut up the lawn, and can be moved without shutting off water Price, 4/3
Complete with Globe Sprinkler 6/9



THE "BRUNNING" LAWN SPRINKLER

Solid Brass.—Waters — (1) Half circle; (2) Full circle; (3) Long Narrow Beds; (4) Quarter circle. The handiest sprinkler made. All parts interchangeable. See illustration.

Price, 9/- Each.

Suitable Washers must be used with all hose fittings otherwise they will leak. The hose is often blamed for this leakage when a washer is all that is required.

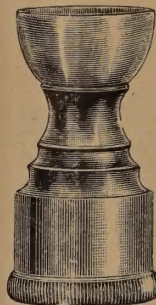
THE "APEX" ADJUSTABLE SPRINKLER

The "Apex" works splendidly on a low pressure of water, where other sprinklers fail.

$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch, 3/9 each. $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch, 5/6 each.

NICKEL-PLATED GLOBE SPRINKLER

This Sprinkler throws a splendid spray. It also has the special feature that it spreads evenly from Sprinkler to extreme edge of circle. Simple and reliable. No working parts to wear out .. . 2/6



"NEW PERFECTION" SPRINKLER

These Sprinklers have no working parts, are practically everlasting, and are very effective. There are thousands in use in the various Public and Private Gardens in Victoria and other States. Screwed, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. Pipe Thread .. . 1/6

"DAISY" LAWN SPRINKLER

Made of heavy brass and practically indestructible. Can be fitted to any type of connection. Especially adaptable to double wheel carriage supports.

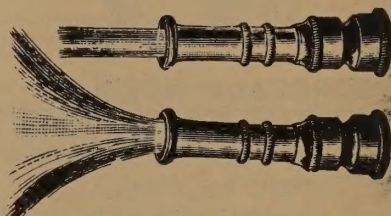
"Daisy" Sprinklers, $\frac{1}{2}$ in., $\frac{3}{4}$ in., .. . 5/- each



CONTROLLING NOZZLE

This nozzle can be converted into a single jet, fine or coarse spray, by turning the nozzle and without turning off the water. To fit $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or $\frac{3}{4}$ in. Hose Director.

Price, 2/9 each (Postage Extra).

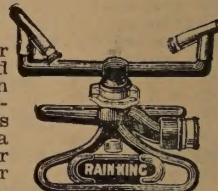


Controlling Nozzle.

RAIN KING SPRINKLER

Waters the largest lawns or the smallest corners, strips, and odd-shaped places. Sprinkles in two directions at once, or concentrates wherever water is wanted. Any spray. Gives a gentle mist, a soaking downpour or light shower. Sets for either stationery or whirling spray.

Price: 17/6 Each.



GIANT RAIN KING

Most suitable for large Lawns, Parks, etc.

Price: 70/- Each.

THE "GAY" ROTARY SPRINKLER

Is an Excellent Rain Maker, for use on SPRAY IRRIGATION PLANTS, and BOWLING GREENS, CRICKET OVALS, GOLF LINKS, RACECOURSES, TENNIS COURTS, Etc.

No. 1.—"GAY" SPRINKLER, distributing an even shower over 30 feet in diameter. Price, 32/6 each.

No. 2.—"GAY" SPRINKLER, spraying an area of 50 feet in diameter, with an even distribution .. . Price, 50/- each

Postage, Carriage, or Railway Freight Charged Extra on all Sundries.

PERFECT CLINCH- ING HOSE MENDER

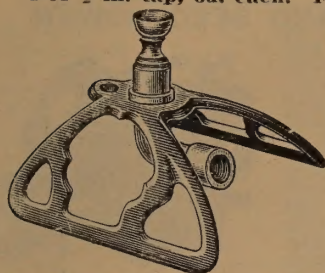
A one-piece article of solid steel, electric welded. Every clamp clinches the hose.

$\frac{1}{2}$ in., 6d.; $\frac{3}{4}$ in., 6d.



TAP UNION CLIP

Grips the Hose connection tightly to tap.
For $\frac{1}{2}$ in. tap, 6d. each. For $\frac{3}{4}$ in. tap, 7d. each.



CAST IRON MIDGET SPRINK- LER STAND

With Brass Elbow.

To suit "Butterfly," "Globe," "New Perfection," "Apex," or other Sprinklers.

Sizes: $\frac{1}{2}$ in., 2/-; $\frac{3}{4}$ in., 2/3.

Cast Iron Midget Stand. Sprinklers Charged Extra.

- "APEX" SPRINKLER and WHEEL STAND, complete $\frac{1}{2}$ in., 8/-; $\frac{3}{4}$ in., 9/6
"APEX" SPRINKLER and MIDGET STAND, complete $\frac{1}{2}$ in., 5/9
"DAISY" SPRINKLER and WHEEL STAND, complete $\frac{1}{2}$ in. and $\frac{3}{4}$ in., 9/-
"PERFECTION" SPRINKLER and WHEEL STAND, complete $\frac{1}{2}$ in. and $\frac{3}{4}$ in., 5/6
TWO-WHEEL SPRINKLER STAND, without spray $\frac{1}{2}$ in. and $\frac{3}{4}$ in., 4/3
"EVERON" HOSE TAP CONNECTION, $\frac{1}{2}$ & $\frac{3}{4}$ in., 2/6

HOSE FITTINGS

- | | |
|--|---|
| Royle's Tap Union, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. with Rubbers .. 1/3 | Hose Clips, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. .. 3d. |
| Royle's Tap Union, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. with Rubbers .. 1/9 | Director and Jet, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. 1/3 |
| Nut and Tail, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. .. 9d. | Director and Jet, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. 1/9 |
| Brass Roses, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. .. 1/- | Union Rubber, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. 2d. |
| Brass Roses, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. .. 1/3 | Union Rubber, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. 3d. |
| Hose Clips, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. .. 2d. | Jets only, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. .. 6d. |
| | Jets only, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. .. 8d. |

Freight Extra on Hose Fittings and Sprinklers.

GARDENING GLOVES

All sizes, both for ladies and gentlemen kept in stock, embracing a very wide range of colonial made and imported, heavy and light gloves.

- Ladies', Medium Leather .. 3/- pair
Ladies', Large Leather .. 3/- pair
Ladies', Fabric and Leather .. 2/6 and 3/6 pair
Men's, Medium, Leather .. 3/6 pair
Men's, Large, Leather .. 4/3 pair
Postage on Gardening Gloves, 4d. Extra per pair.

HAWS' WATERING CANS (ENGLISH MAKE.)

These Cans were invented and first patented in 1885 by J. HAWS, since when, with subsequent patented improvements and registered designs to present date, they have been in universal demand among Horticulturists, and are used in the principal Gardens and Nurseries, where, for durability and ease of watering, they hold deservedly the highest place.

The exclusive and salient features of the Cans are:—

CORRECT BALANCE.

Body and Handles in true proportion. This secures comfort in use. The carrying-handle follows the natural hang of the arm. With the old-style can the cross-over handle makes for fatigue.

PERFECT ROSE ACTION.

Controlled by the tipping handle, the spout provides suitable pressure to function the Roses, which are designed to produce the true effect of natural



rain. There is economy in the distribution of water, which goes just where desired, and the plants all receive an equal supply.

PATENT STRAINER.

This clears the Can and also serves to regulate the Roses. The Canister shape ensures freedom from splash, and the filling is equally satisfactory.

SPECIAL FINISH.

The Cans are substantially made and specially finished. All are tested before sending out. They may therefore be confidently relied upon for extreme hard wear. We are constantly receiving testimony to this effect.

PRICES:

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|
| No. 2 Galvan. (Capacity, 4 qts.) .. | 25/- |
| No. 3 " (Capacity, 6 qts.) .. | 30/- |
| No. 4 " (Capacity, 8 qts.) .. | 32/6 |
| No. 5 " (Capacity, 10 qts.) .. | 35/- |

Prices Subject to Alteration Without Notice.



SECATEURS

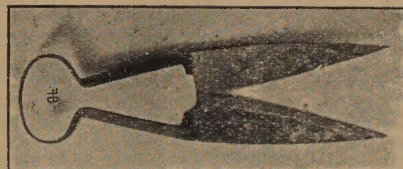
Excellent for pruning Roses, Shrubs, Fruit Trees, etc., as well as for gathering Flowers. A large selection of the leading makes always in stock, including the well-known Rieser and Mexieur brands. Write for full particulars.

- Secateurs, best makes .. from 2/- to 7/6 per pair
Genuine Mexieur Secateurs .. from 8/6 per pair
The Genuine Rieser Secateurs .. 15/- per pair
Rolcut .. 7/6 per pair

STEEL GARDEN OR SHEEP SHEARS

For trimming edges of small Lawns and for useful work in the garden generally.

Best Quality .. 4/6 per pair



Sheep Shears.

BORDER SHEARS (BEST ENGLISH MAKE.)

Useful for trimming borders and edges of Lawns. With 10in. blades and handles 36 inches long, 12/6. Anything not listed in these pages will gladly be procured to facilitate the convenience of our clients. Our aim is "Service and Satisfaction."

If you have a complaint to make, write us promptly, giving full details.

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QUINN'S BOOK ON PRUNING

The Book for the Orchardist. Deals fully with Trees. Profusely illustrated with informative diagrams, which materially aid the novice in gaining a good knowledge of the "Best and Most Successful methods of Pruning."

Price, 4/9 per copy. Postage, 3d. extra.

HEDGE SHEARS (BEST ENGLISH MAKE.)

6 in. Blades 4/6 9 in. Blades 6/-
8 in. Blades 5/- 10 in. Blades 6/6

"AERIAL" TREE PRUNER

An excellent tree pruner, which can be fixed on a pole to cut any desired height. Strongly made and thoroughly reliable. This pruner will cut a branch 1 to 1½ inches in diameter.

17/6 each. Postage or Freight Extra.

TROWELS, short handle 1/9
TROWELS, long handle 2/3
WEED FORKS, short handle 2/-
WEED FORKS, long handle 2/6
GARDEN SPADES (Ladies), Solid Steel, 9in. x 5½in. 7/6
GARDEN SPADES, All steel Turnover Thread 9/6
Forks, Digging 4-Prong, 7/-; 5-Prong, 9/-
FORKS, light. Solid Steel strapped. Square Prongs 3-Prong, 6/9; 4-Prong, 8/3
GARDEN RAKES, Steel, flat teeth, ash handle . . .
10 Tooth, 5/6; 12 Tooth, 5/9; 14 Tooth, 7/-;
16 Tooth, 8/6.
GARDEN RAKES, Bow teeth, ash handle, steel—
10 Tooth, 6/6; 12 Tooth, 7/-; 14 Tooth, 7/6;
16 Tooth, 8/6.
DUTCH HOES—
4in., 2/6; 5in., 2/9; 6in., 3/-; 7in., 3/3; 10in., 5/-.
DAISY GRUBBER or DOCK LIFTER 10in., 3/-; 24in., 3/6
EDGING or GRASS PLOT KNIVES 5/-
PRUNING SAWS, straight double edge 14in., 4/6; 16in., 4/9
MANILA LABELS (Fruit Tree Tags), Both Imported and Locally made . . 1/6 per 100; 10/6 per 1000
GREEN MOSS 2/6 per sugar bag; 7/6 per sack
WATERPROOF GARDEN PENCILS — Manufactured in Great Britain, with protecting cap 6d. ea.
INDELIBLE INK FOR MARKING MANILA AND ZINC LABELS—Thoroughly permanent 1/- bottle
GARDEN LINES from 1/9 each
ZINC LABELS (for either pot use or suspending) 25 for 2/-; 7/6 per 100

DRIED LAVENDER FLOWERS

Suitable for making Sachets, etc.
6d. oz.; 1/3 ½ lb.; 1/9 ½ lb.; 3/6 lb.

LAVENDER BAGS

Made of the best quality tulle, in various shades. Filled with fresh dried Lavender.

6d. each. Postage Extra.

RAFFIA

SUPER GRADE WHITE — A specially selected Fancy Quality, with extra long strands. Especially adapted for making Raffia baskets, hats, and other Raffia work 1/9 per lb.

GARDENERS' DEPARTMENT

We have no gardeners on our staff, nor do we undertake laying out gardens and lawns or attending to same. WE DO, however, MAINTAIN A DEPARTMENT for the purpose of assisting our clients in this respect, and any enquiries entrusted to us will be passed on to reputable men whose ability is well known to us. Clients, therefore, requiring permanent gardeners or casuals will please get in touch with us, when we will be pleased to give them the benefit of our experience and knowledge in making a selection. We make NO CHARGE for so doing, this being part of "OUR SERVICE."

Postage, Carriage or Railway Freight Charged Extra on all Sundries.

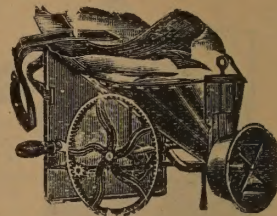
"FIREFLY" GARDEN PLOW

A most useful tool for small Home Gardens. Will throw a furrow four to 6 inches wide, and one to three inches deep, and deeper if necessary by going over each furrow a second time. Opens furrows for manure or seed and covers them and can be used to open up rows for setting out all kinds of plants. In cultivating, plough away lightly, leave for a few days for all weeds to die out and plough again; this will do the job thoroughly. Poultry breeders will find this plough of great advantage in ploughing up their scratching yards. Weight packed, 14 lbs. only.

Price, 25/- each.

CAHOON HAND SEED SOWER

The best, Simplest and Easiest Running Hand Seed Sower on the market. Will sow evenly and uniformly any desired quantity at the rate of from 4 to 6 acres per hour. Easily and quickly adjusted. Can be used for broadcasting fine and large seeds, including Kentucky Blue Grass, Ryegrass, Cocksfoot, Lucerne, Clovers, Millets, Sudan Grass, Oats, Barley, Wheat, Rye, corn, etc. Weight when empty only 5½ lbs.



Price: 30/- each (Freight Extra.)

POULTRY AND BIRD SUNDRIES

To keep your birds healthy it is necessary to give them
PURE, SWEET, CLEAN SEED

FINEST MIXED BIRD SEED.
(Summer and Winter Mixtures.)

FOR CANARIES, FINCHES, Etc.

In 1½ lb. Packets, 9d. each.

Price per cwt. on application.

PANNICUM SEED, 4d. lb.

CHILLIES, Small Red (dried)—2/6 lb.

PARROT FOOD MIXTURE.

For Parrots, Cockatoos, Galahs, &c.

A Splendid Mixture for keeping Birds Healthy and in Good Plumage.

In 2 lb. Packets, 8d. each.

Price per cwt. on application.

SUNFLOWER—6d. per lb. PEANUTS—1/3 per lb.

CANARY, RAPE, HEMP, LINSEED—Prices according to market in quantities.

SHELL GRIT, SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR CANARIES.

6d. per Bag.

TYZACK'S VICTORIAN CHICKEN MEAL.

Specially prepared for Chickens just out of shell.

In Bags, 4 lb., 1/-.

TYZACK'S GRAINOLINE.

A Combined Grain and Meat Food for Chickens.

In Bags, 5 lb., 1/-.

TYZACK'S DRIED BLOOD.

Increases the Egg Production.

In Bags, 5 lb., 1/-.

MANNING'S POULTRY SPICE.

Prevents and Cures Diseases in Poultry. Improves the Birds, and increases the Egg Supply. Recommended for Pigeons, Canaries and Domestic Birds. Full particulars in each packet.

Prices: In packets, 1/- and 2/- each.

GOLD FISH REQUISITES

FISH BOWLS—From 7/6 to 12/6 each.

AQUARIUMS—From 25/- to £2/10/-.

FISH FOOD—6d. and 1/- Pkt.

FISH BREAD—6d. Loaf.

AQUATIC PLANTS—Suitable for Fish Bowls and Ponds, 6d. each; 5/- doz.

GOLD FISH—From 5/- pair.

NOTE:—Delivery of Gold Fish only in Metropolitan area. Freight Extra.

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